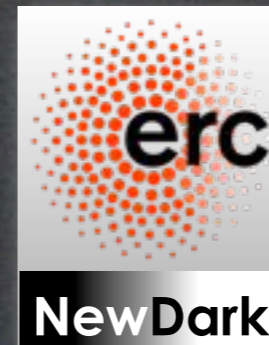


1 July 2014

2014 Higgs Symposium - 'New Horizons in Particle Cosmology'  
Edinburgh

# DM Indirect Detection: some anomalies and many constraints

Marco Cirelli  
(CNRS IPhT Saclay)

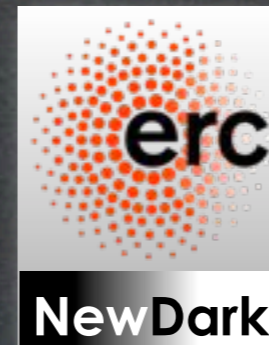


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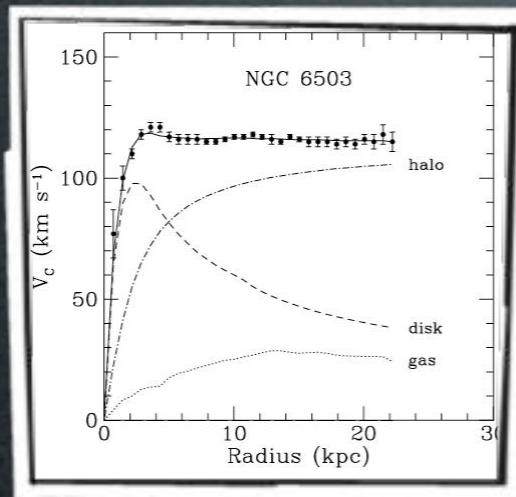


# Introduction

DM exists

# Introduction

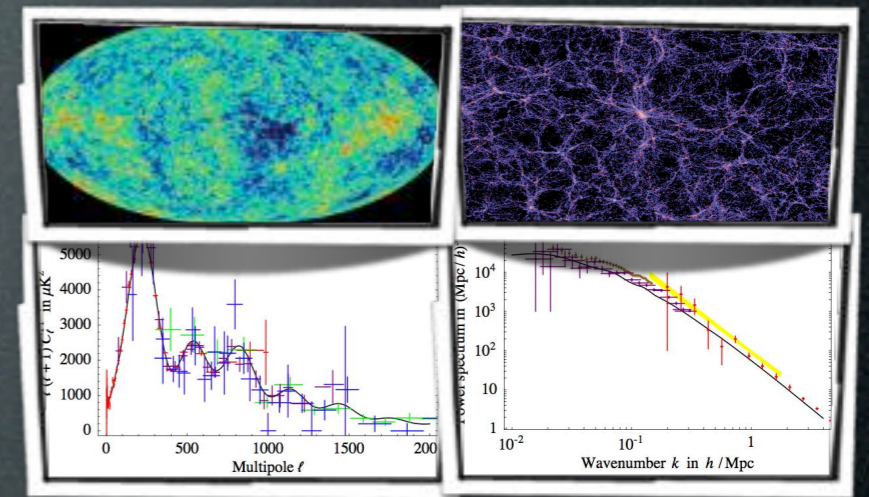
## DM exists



galactic rotation curves



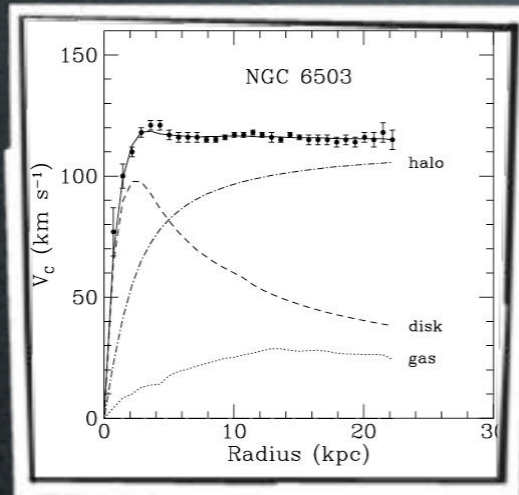
weak lensing (e.g. in clusters)



'precision cosmology' (CMB, LSS)

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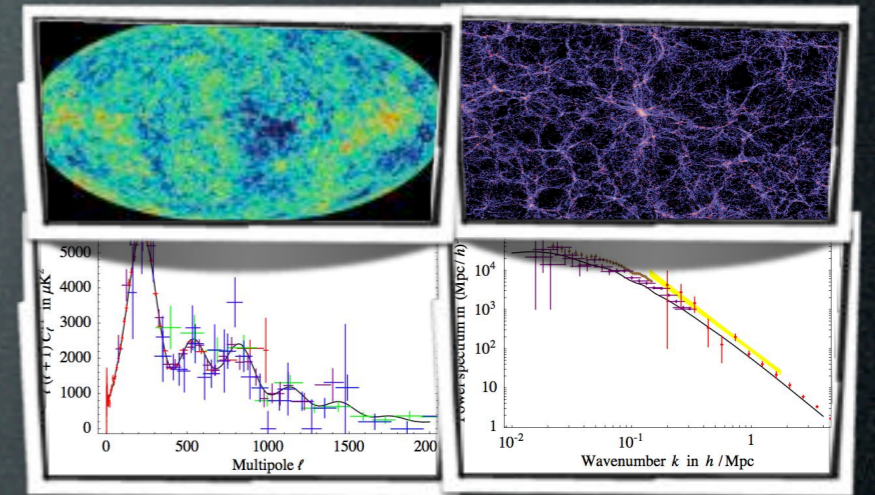
DM **exists**



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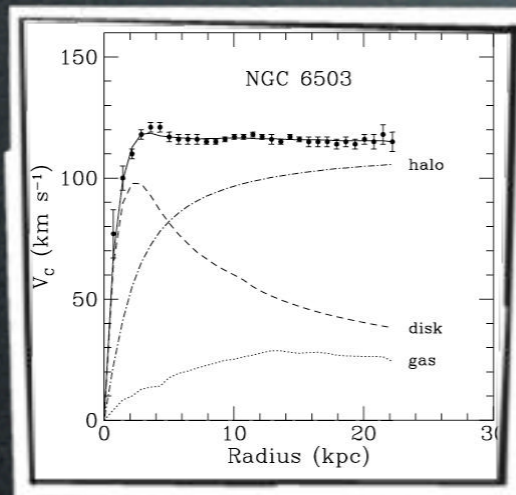


'precision cosmology' (CMB, LSS)

DM is a neutral, very long lived, feebly-interacting **corpuscle**.

# Introduction

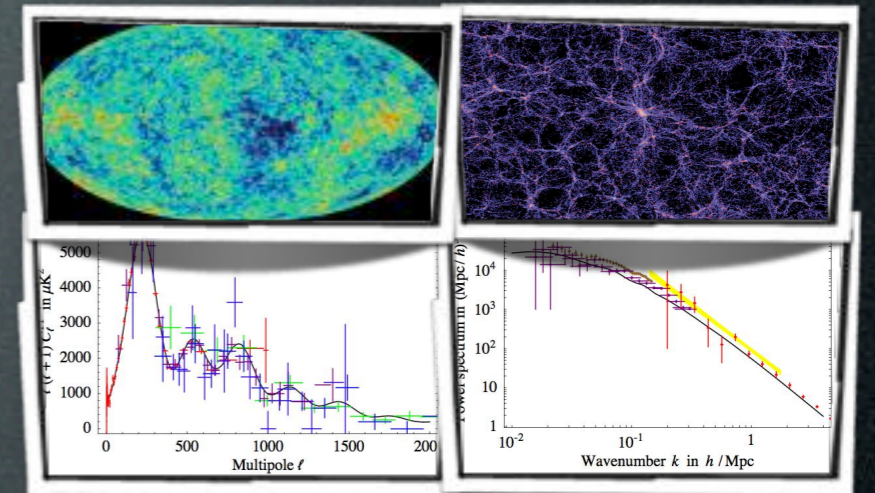
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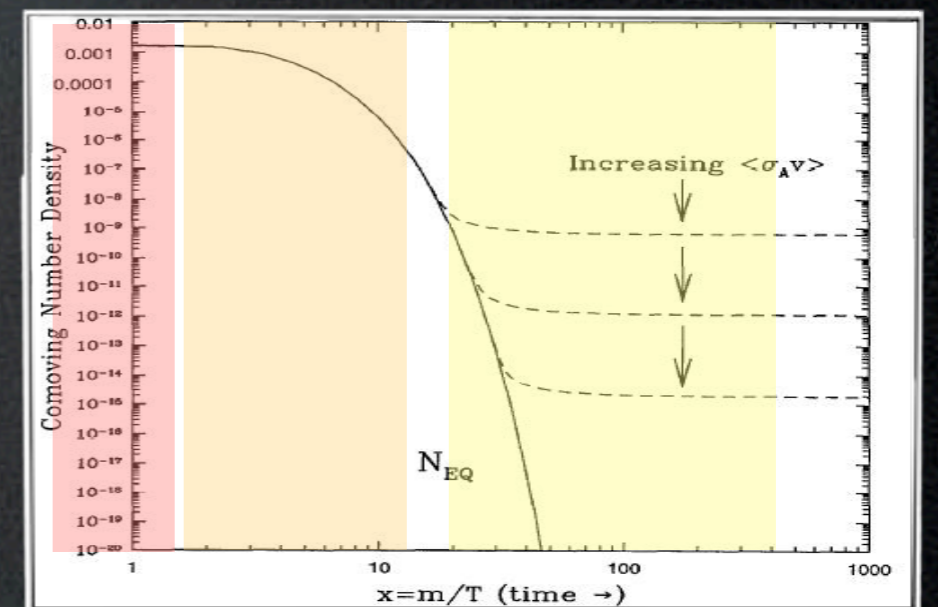


'precision cosmology' (CMB, LSS)

DM is a neutral, very long lived,  
**weakly** interacting **particle**.

Some of us believe in  
the **WIMP** miracle.

- **weak**-scale mass (10 GeV - 1 TeV)
- **weak** interactions  $\sigma v = 3 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{cm}^3/\text{sec}$
- give automatically correct abundance

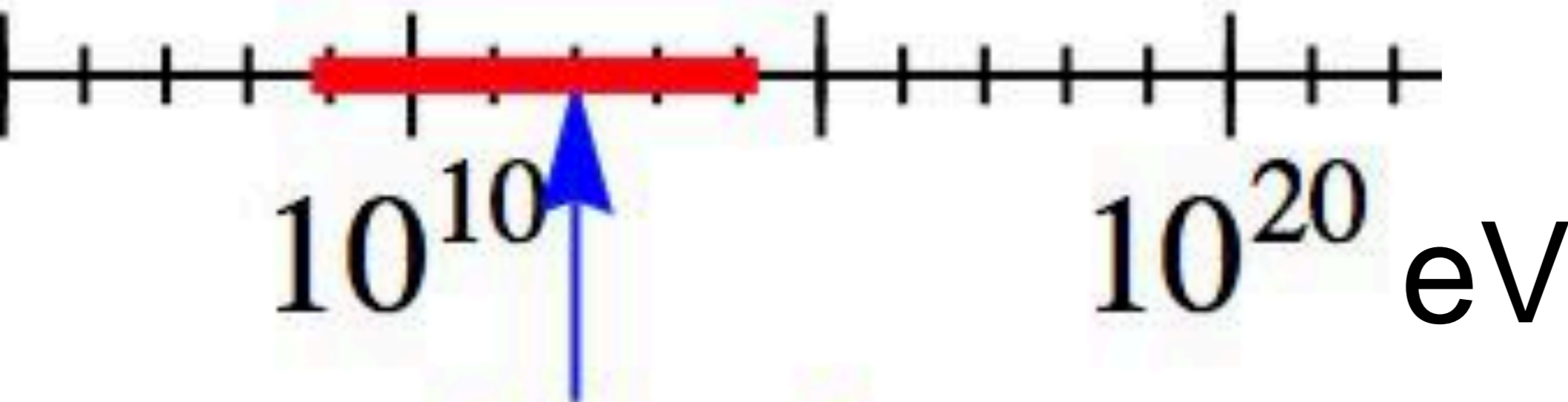


# Candidates

A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges

thermal

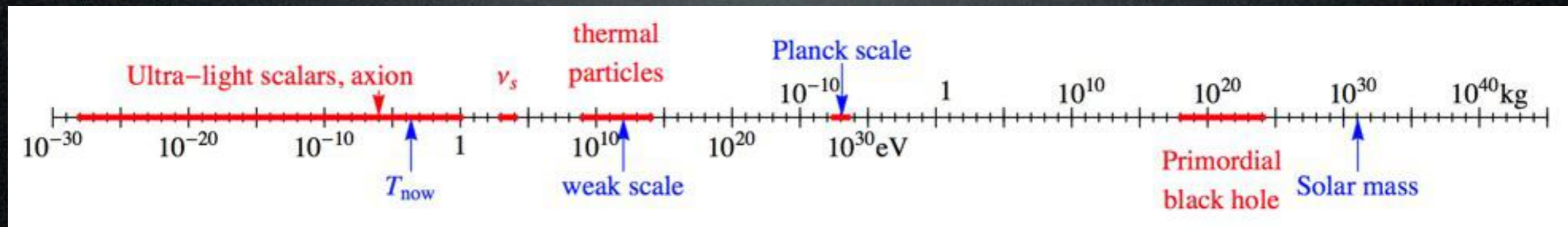
particles



weak scale (1 TeV)

# Candidates

A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges

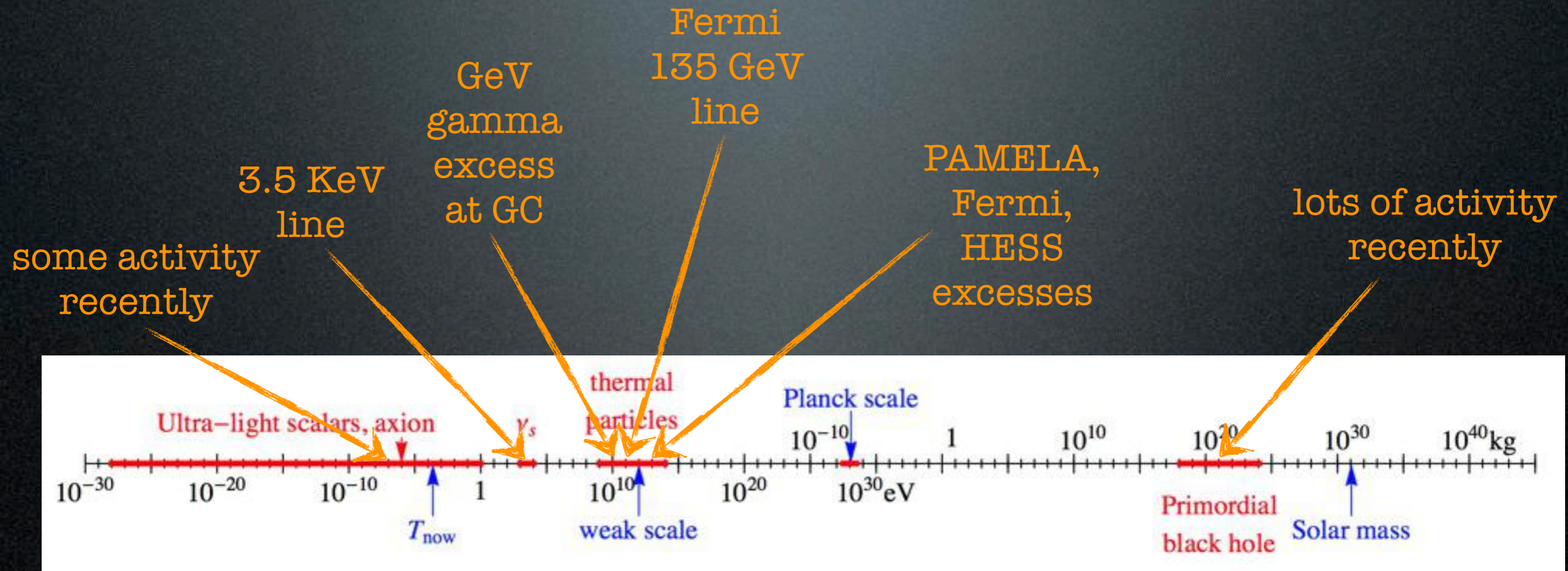


‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!



# Candidates

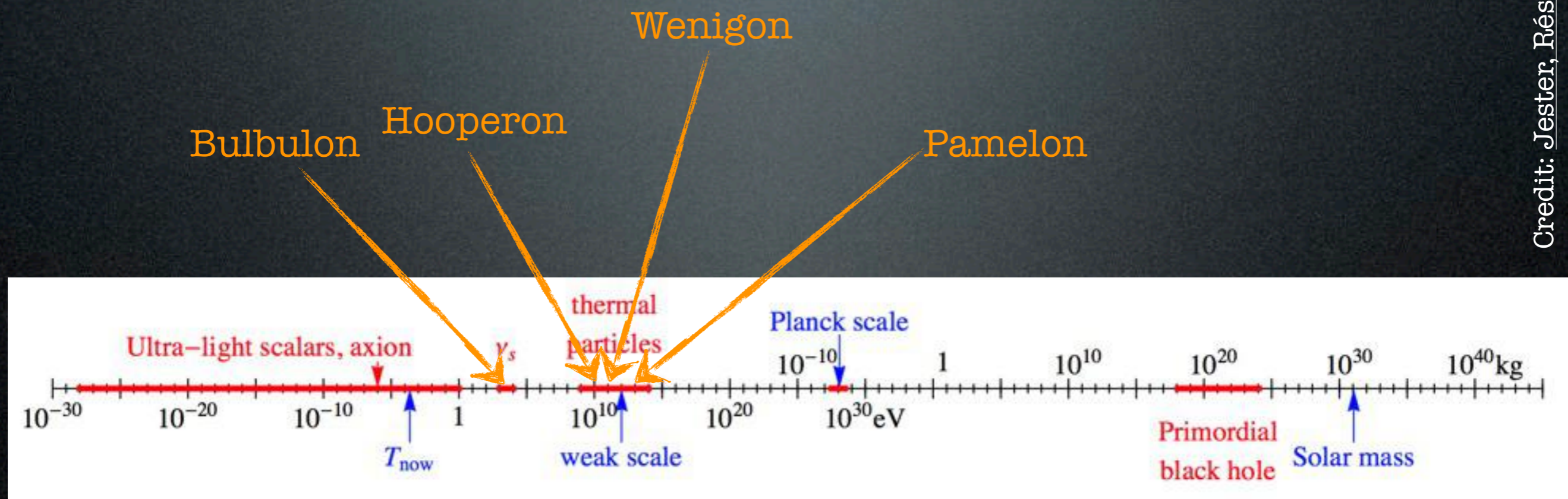
A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges



‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!

# Candidates

A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges



Credit: Jester, Résonances

‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!

# DM detection

## direct detection

Xenon, CDMS, Edelweiss... (CoGeNT, Dama/Libra...)

## production at colliders

LHC

## indirect

$\gamma$  from annihil in galactic center or halo  
and from synchrotron emission

Fermi, ICT, radio telescopes...

$e^+$  from annihil in galactic halo or center

PAMELA, Fermi, HESS, AMS, balloons...

$\bar{p}$  from annihil in galactic halo or center

$\bar{d}$  from annihil in galactic halo or center

GAPS

$\nu, \bar{\nu}$  from annihil in massive bodies

SK, Icecube, Km<sup>3</sup>Net

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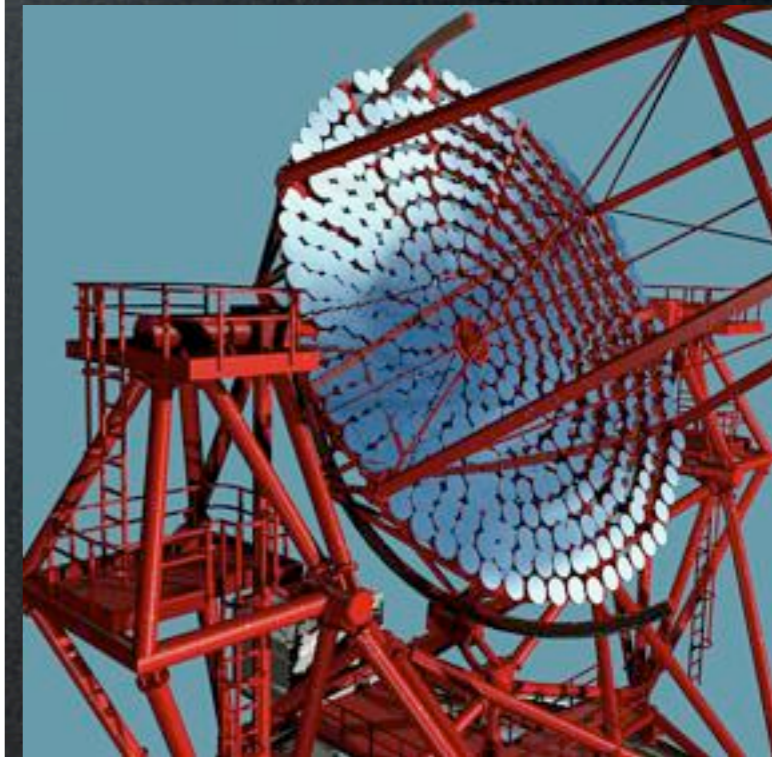
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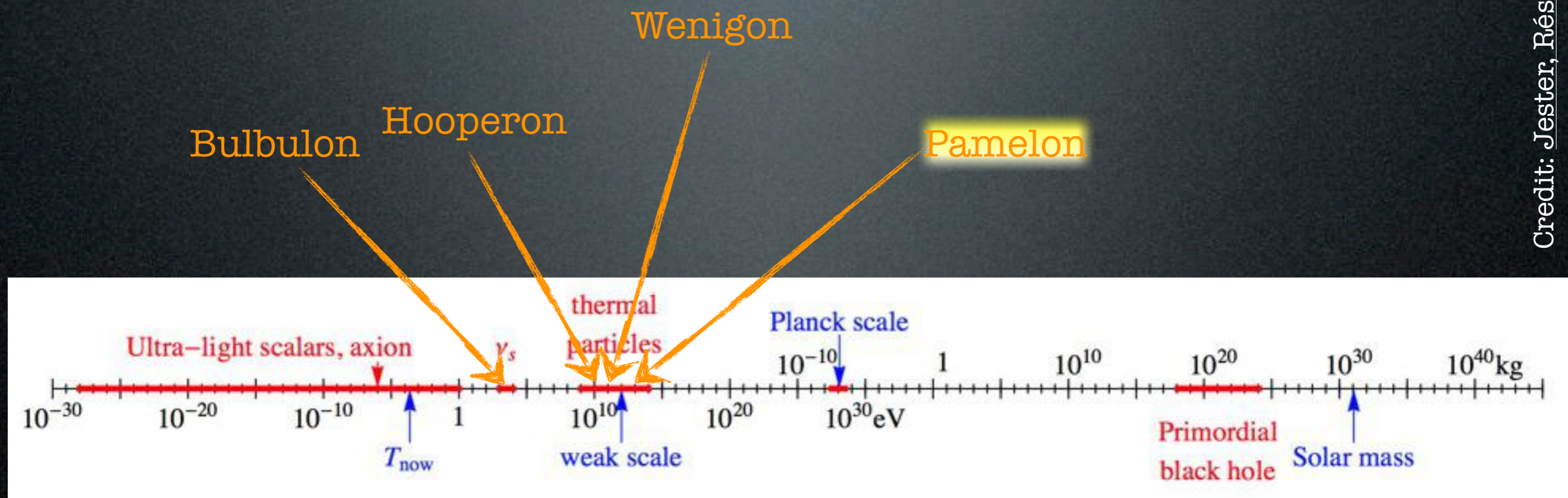
# Charged CRs



1. the PAMELA/Fermi/HESS 'excesses'

# DM Candidates

A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges

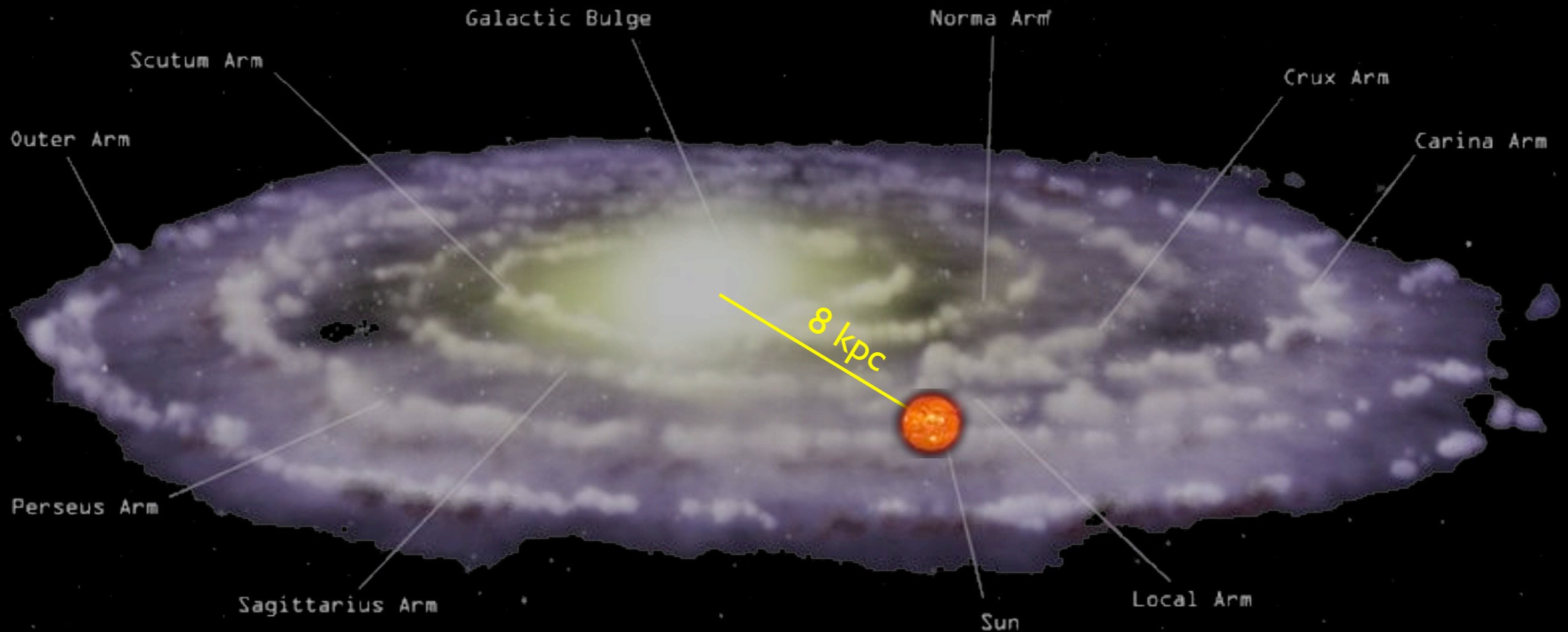


Credit: Jester, Résonances

‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!

# Indirect Detection: basics

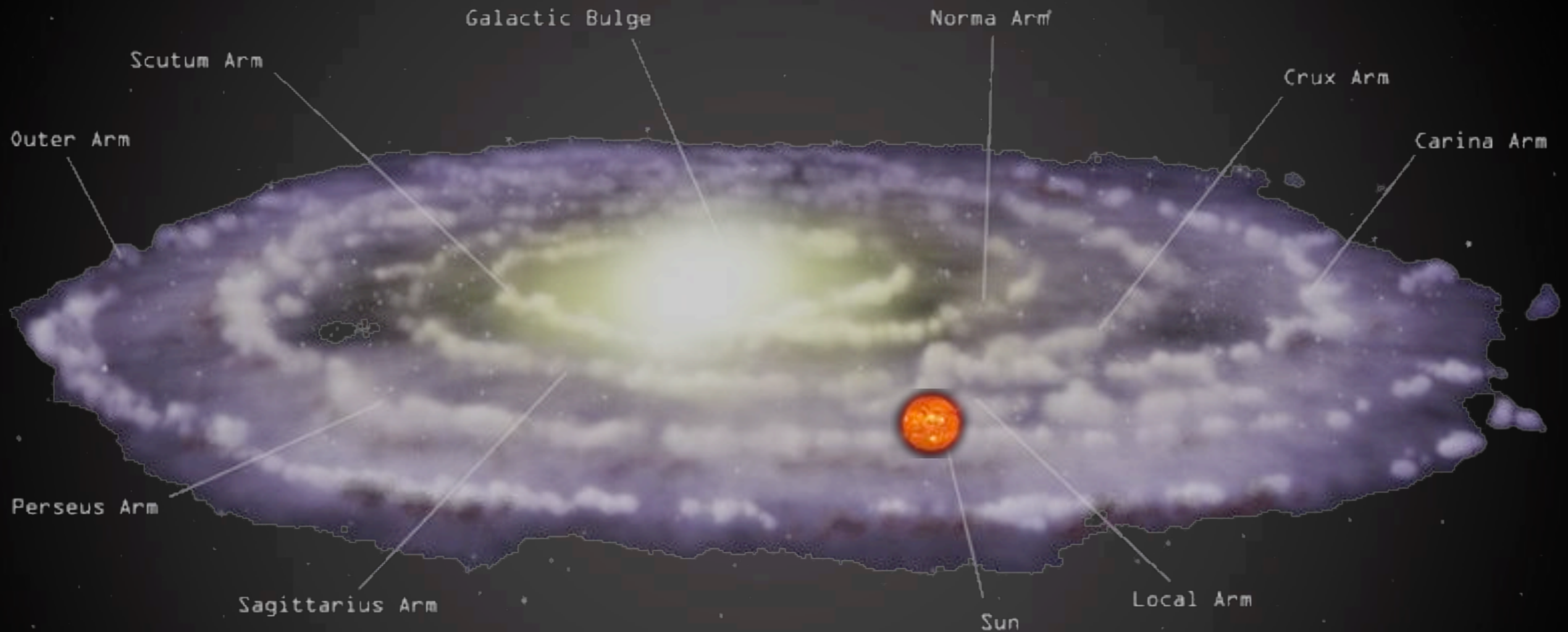
$\bar{p}$  and  $e^+$  from DM annihilations in halo





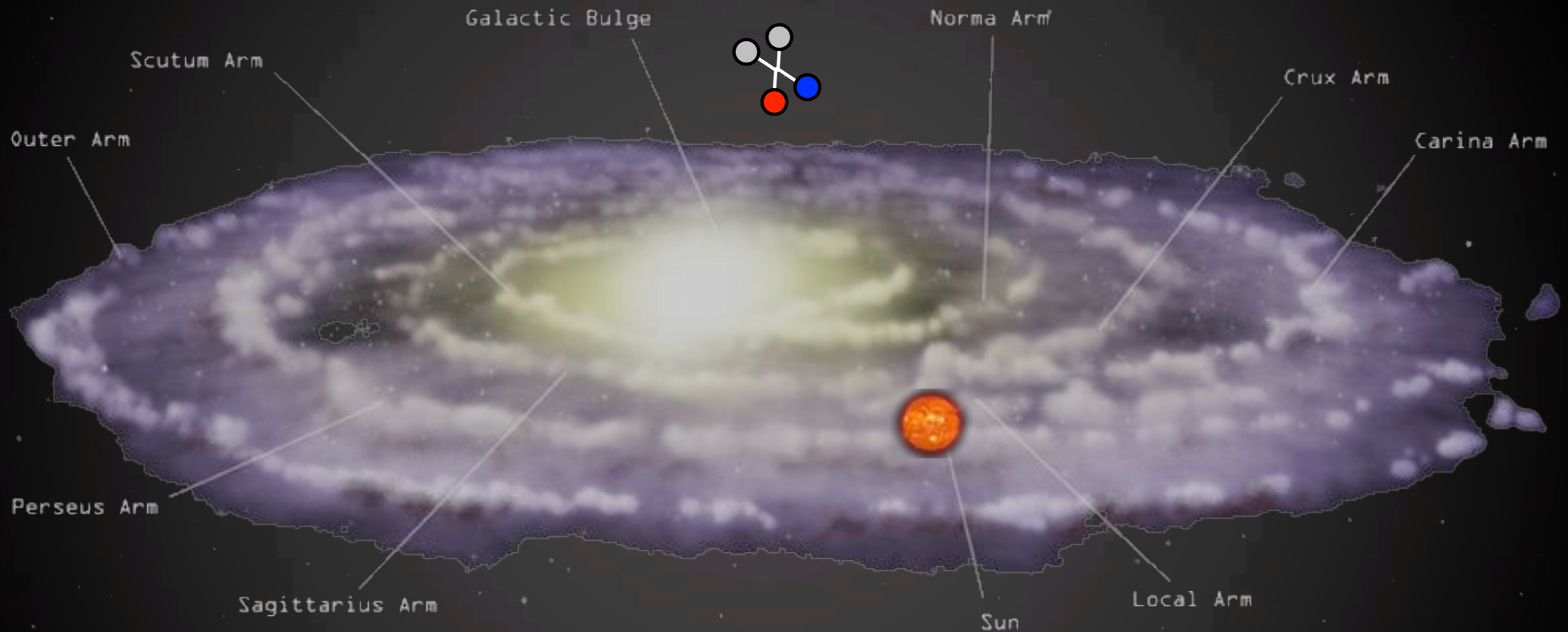
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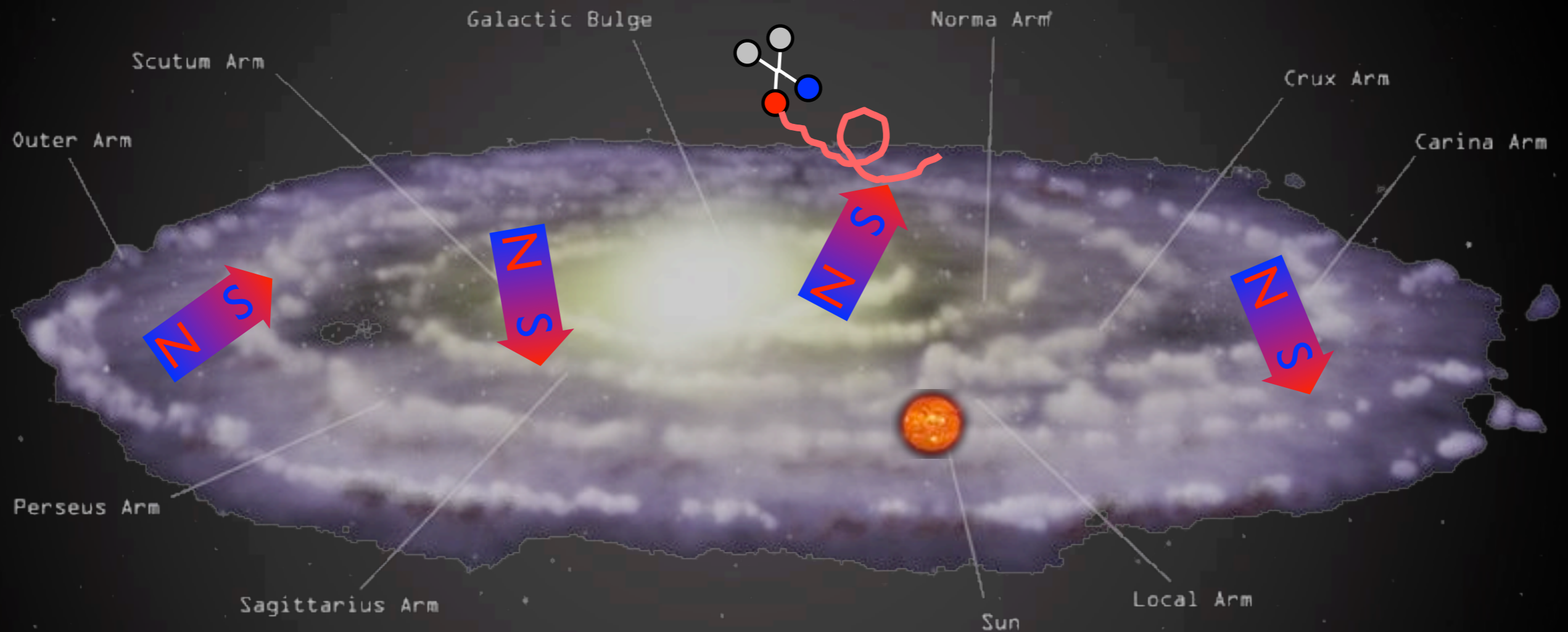
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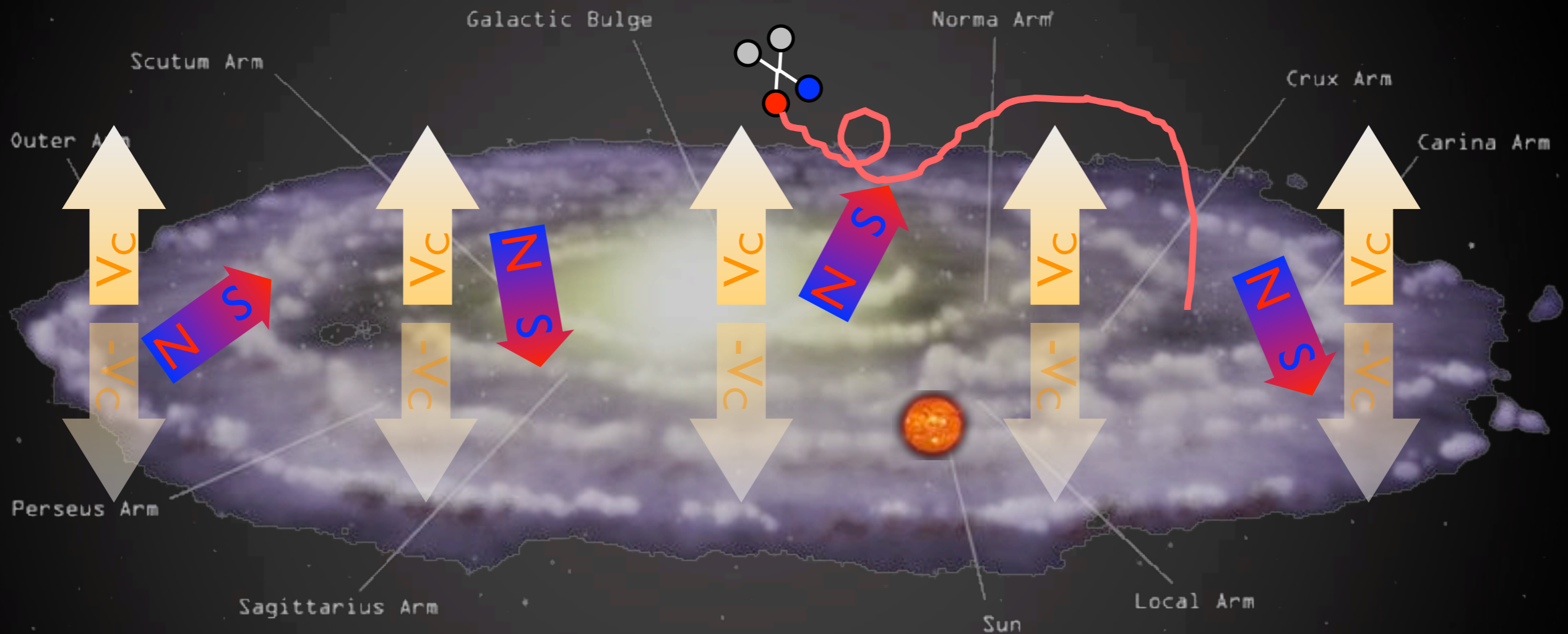
# Indirect Detection: basics

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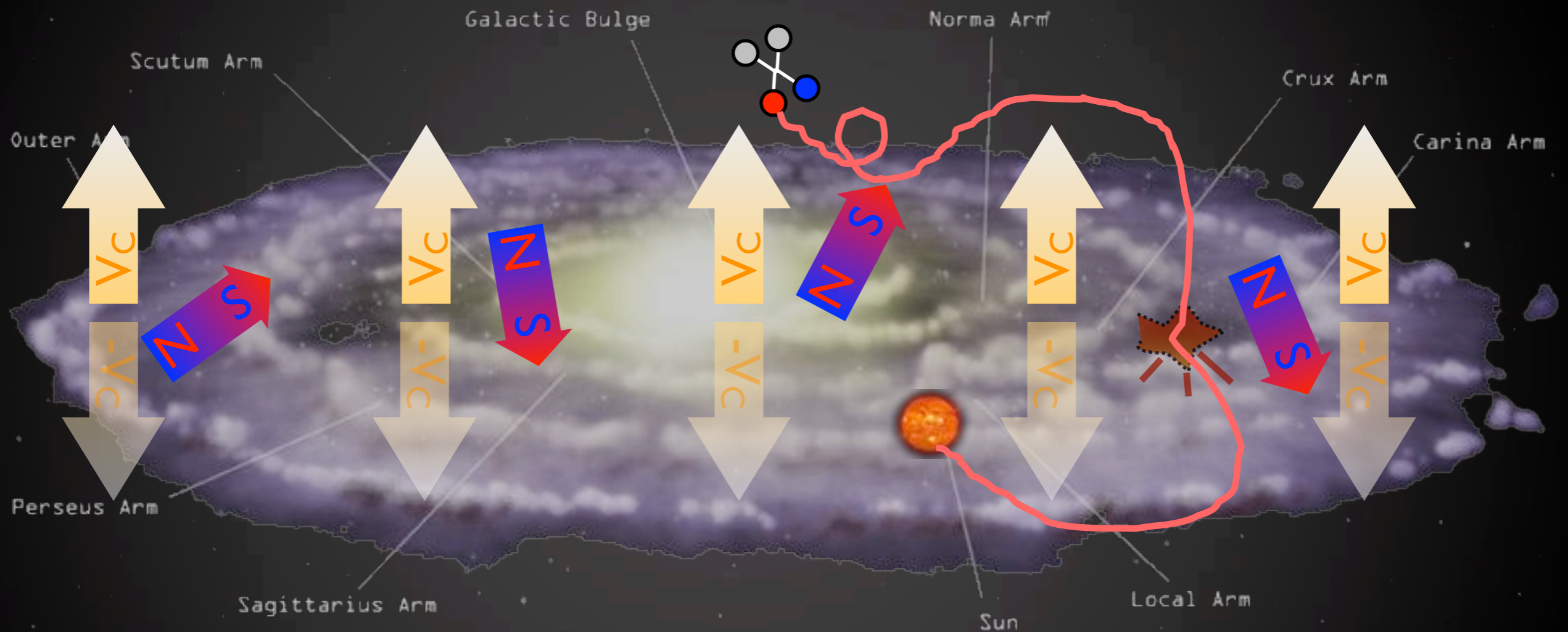
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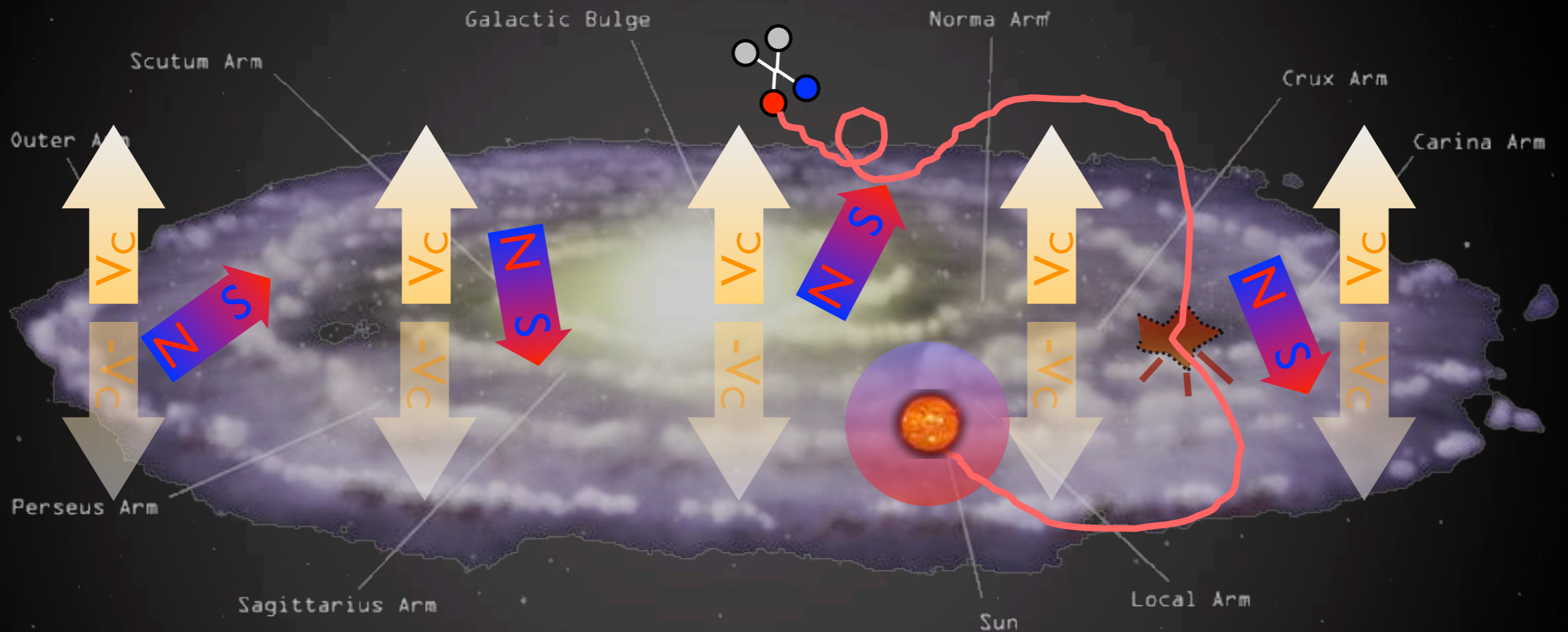
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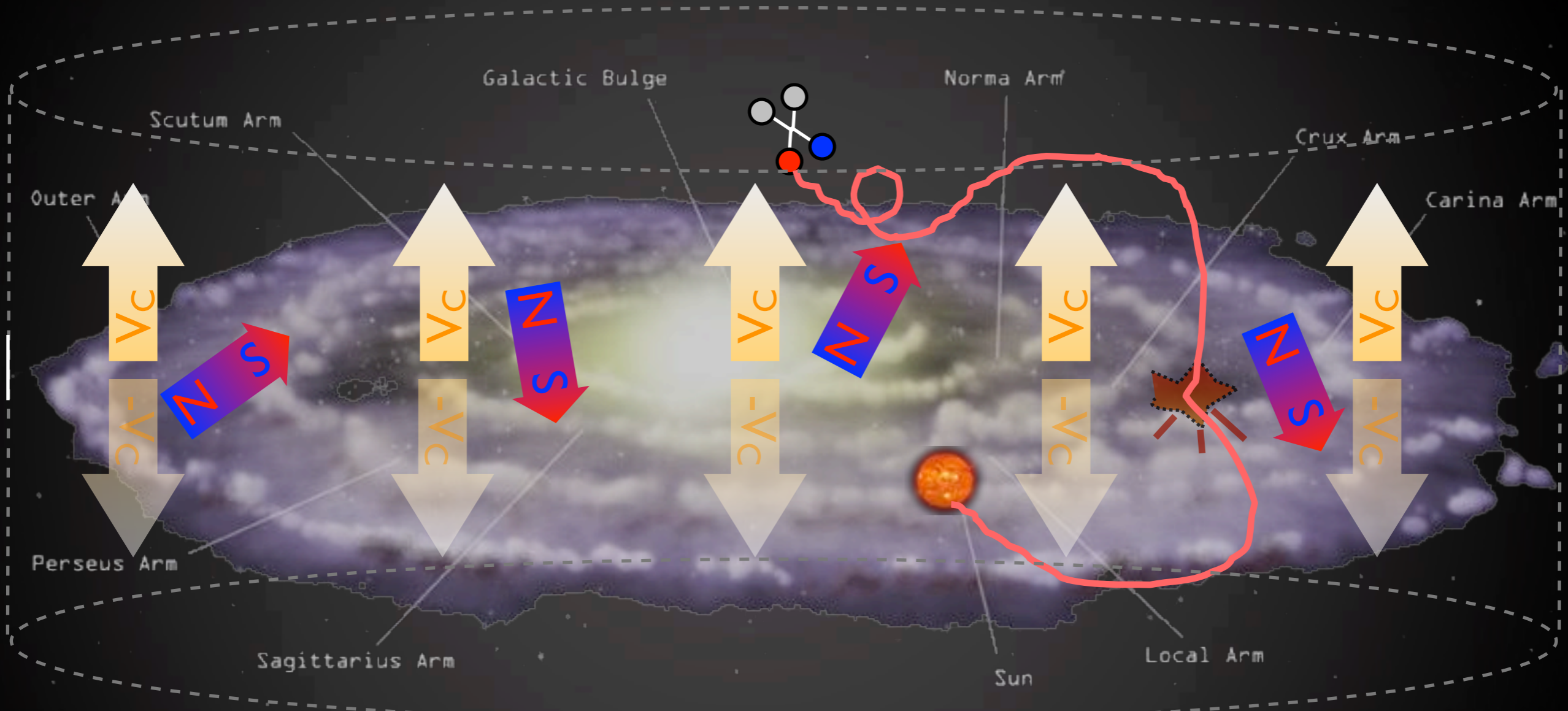
# Indirect Detection: basics

$\bar{p}$  and  $e^+$  from DM annihilations in halo



# Indirect Detection: basics

$\bar{p}$  and  $e^+$  from DM annihilations in halo



spectrum

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} - K(E) \cdot \nabla^2 f - \frac{\partial}{\partial E} (b(E)f) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (V_c f) = Q_{inj} - 2h\delta(z)\Gamma_{spall} f$$

diffusion

energy loss

convective wind

source

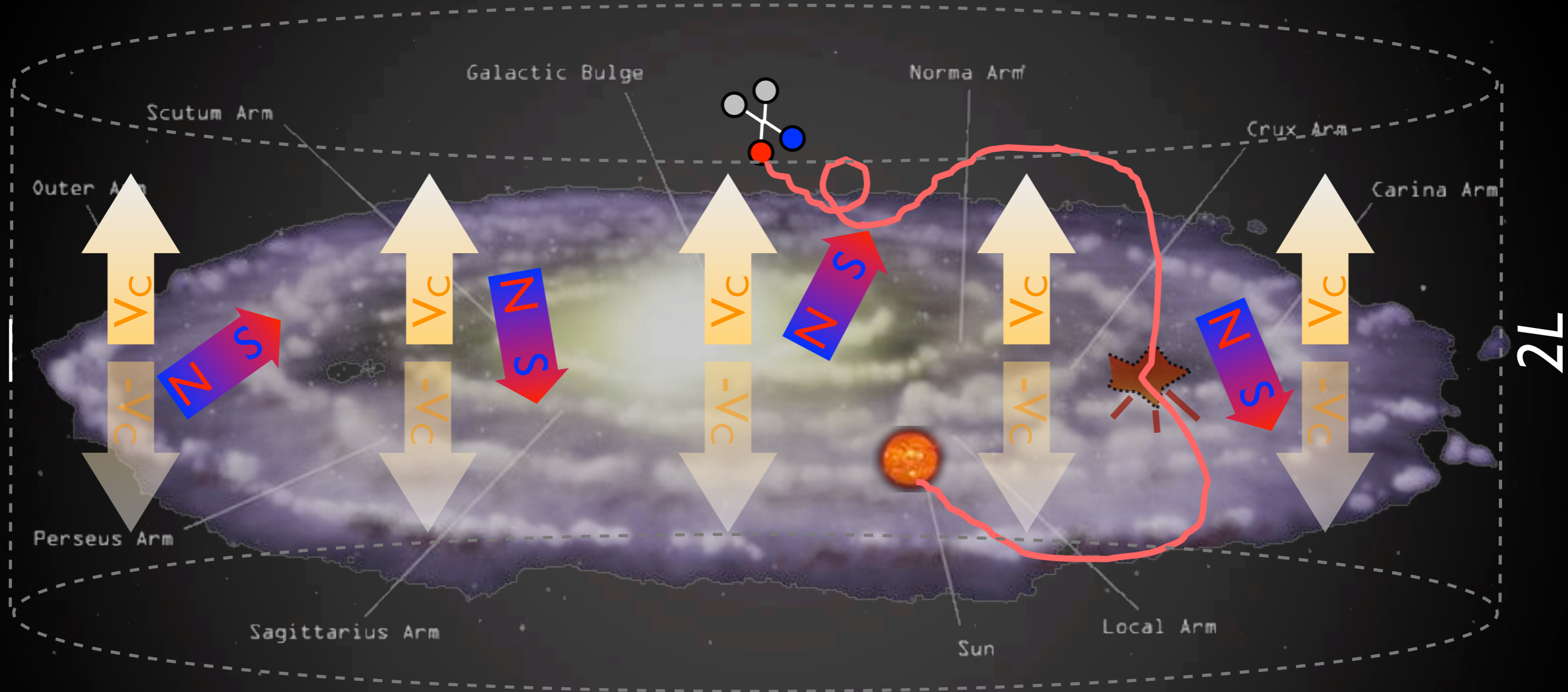
spallations

[uncert]

Salati, Chardonay, Barrau, Donato, Taillet, Fornengo, Maurin, Brun... '90s, '00s

# Indirect Detection: basics

$\bar{p}$  and  $e^+$  from DM annihilations in halo



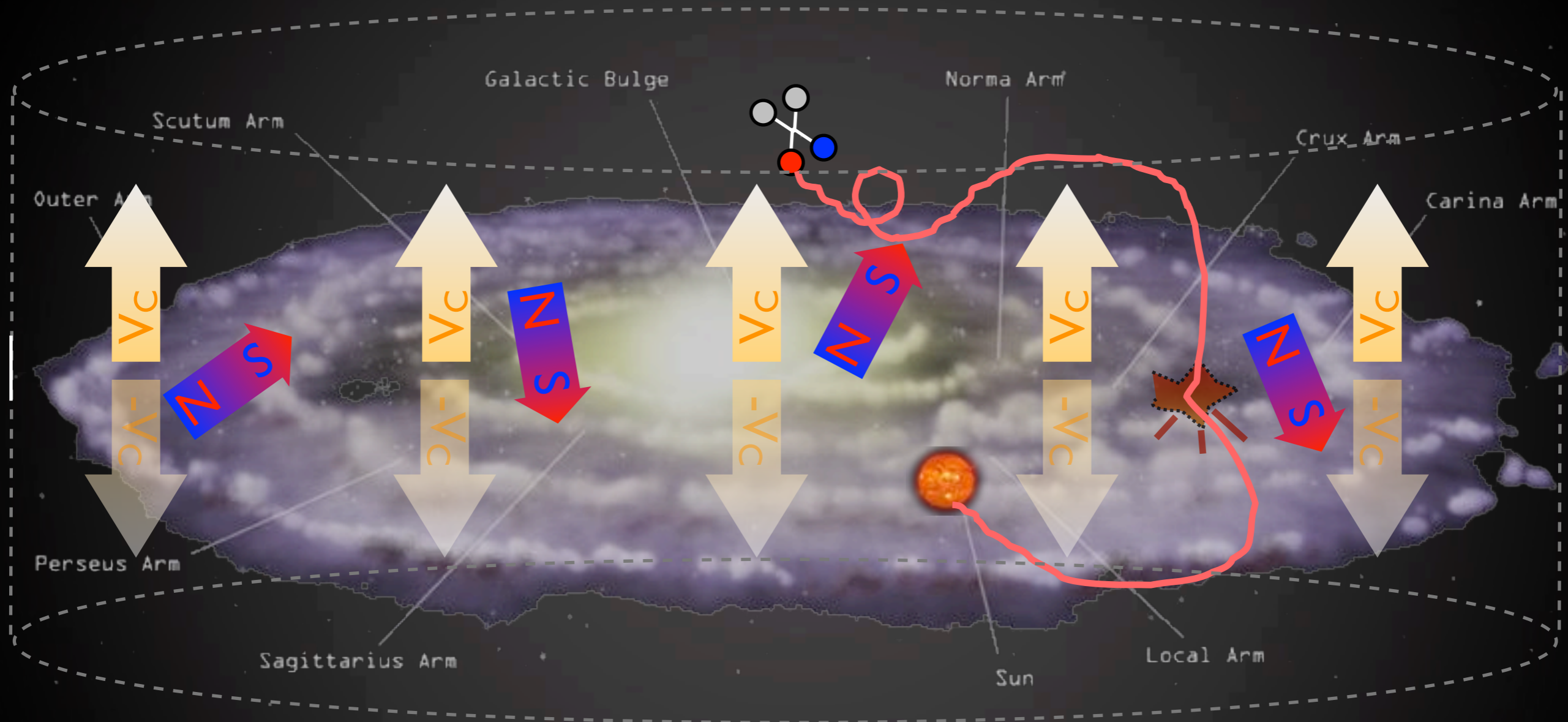
What sets the overall expected flux?

$$\text{flux} \propto n^2 \sigma_{\text{annihilation}}$$



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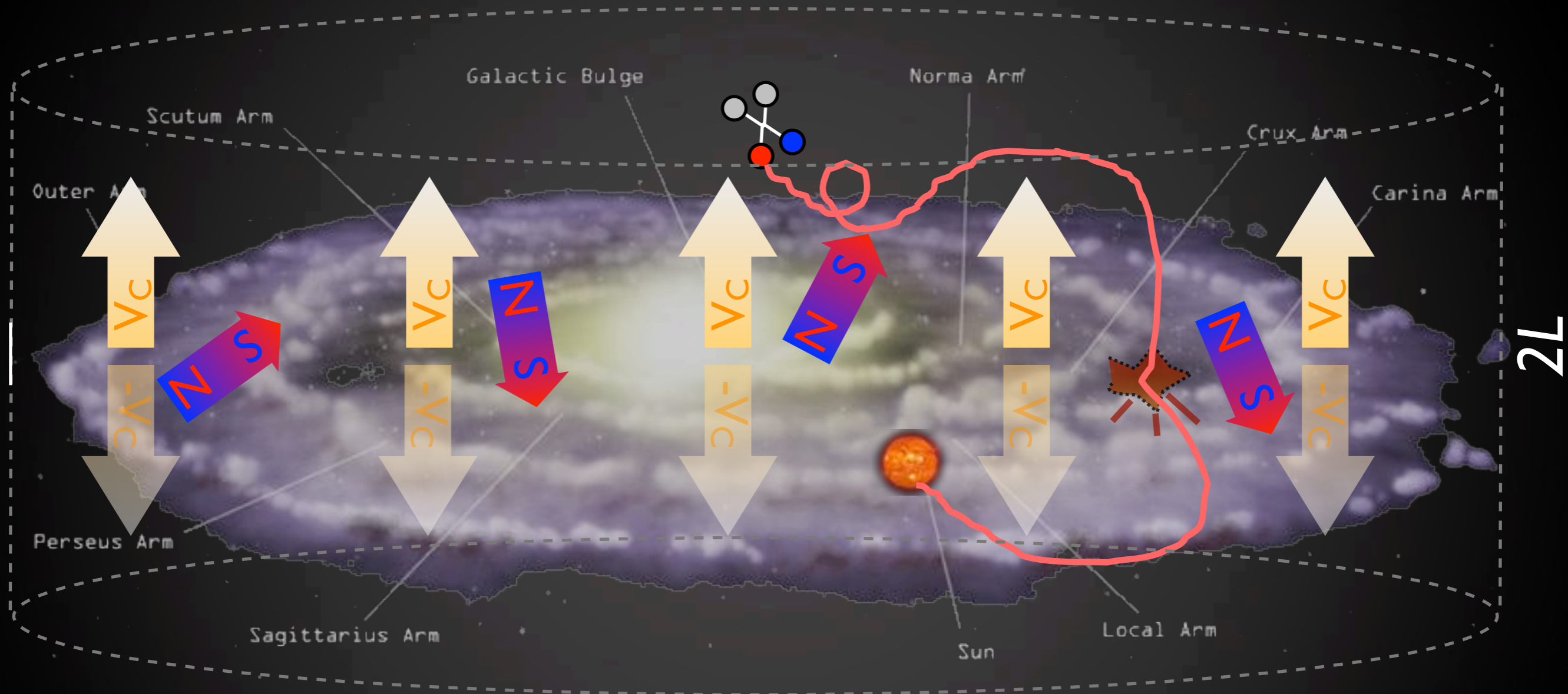
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astro&cosmo particle

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$\bar{p}$  and  $e^+$  from DM annihilations in halo



What sets the overall expected flux?

$$\text{flux} \propto n^2 \sigma_{\text{annihilation}}$$

astro&cosmo particle

reference cross section:  
 $\sigma v = 3 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3 / \text{sec}$

# DM halo profiles

From N-body numerical simulations:

$$\text{NFW : } \rho_{\text{NFW}}(r) = \rho_s \frac{r_s}{r} \left(1 + \frac{r}{r_s}\right)^{-2}$$

$$\text{Einasto : } \rho_{\text{Ein}}(r) = \rho_s \exp \left\{ -\frac{2}{\alpha} \left[ \left(\frac{r}{r_s}\right)^\alpha - 1 \right] \right\}$$

$$\text{Isothermal : } \rho_{\text{Iso}}(r) = \frac{\rho_s}{1 + (r/r_s)^2}$$

$$\text{Burkert : } \rho_{\text{Bur}}(r) = \frac{\rho_s}{(1 + r/r_s)(1 + (r/r_s)^2)}$$

$$\text{Moore : } \rho_{\text{Moo}}(r) = \rho_s \left(\frac{r_s}{r}\right)^{1.16} \left(1 + \frac{r}{r_s}\right)^{-1.84}$$

DM halo	$\alpha$	$r_s$ [kpc]	$\rho_s$ [GeV/cm <sup>3</sup> ]
NFW	—	24.42	0.184
Einasto	0.17	28.44	0.033
EinastoB	0.11	35.24	0.021
Isothermal	—	4.38	1.387
Burkert	—	12.67	0.712
Moore	—	30.28	0.105

At small r:  $\rho(r) \propto 1/r^\gamma$

6 profiles:

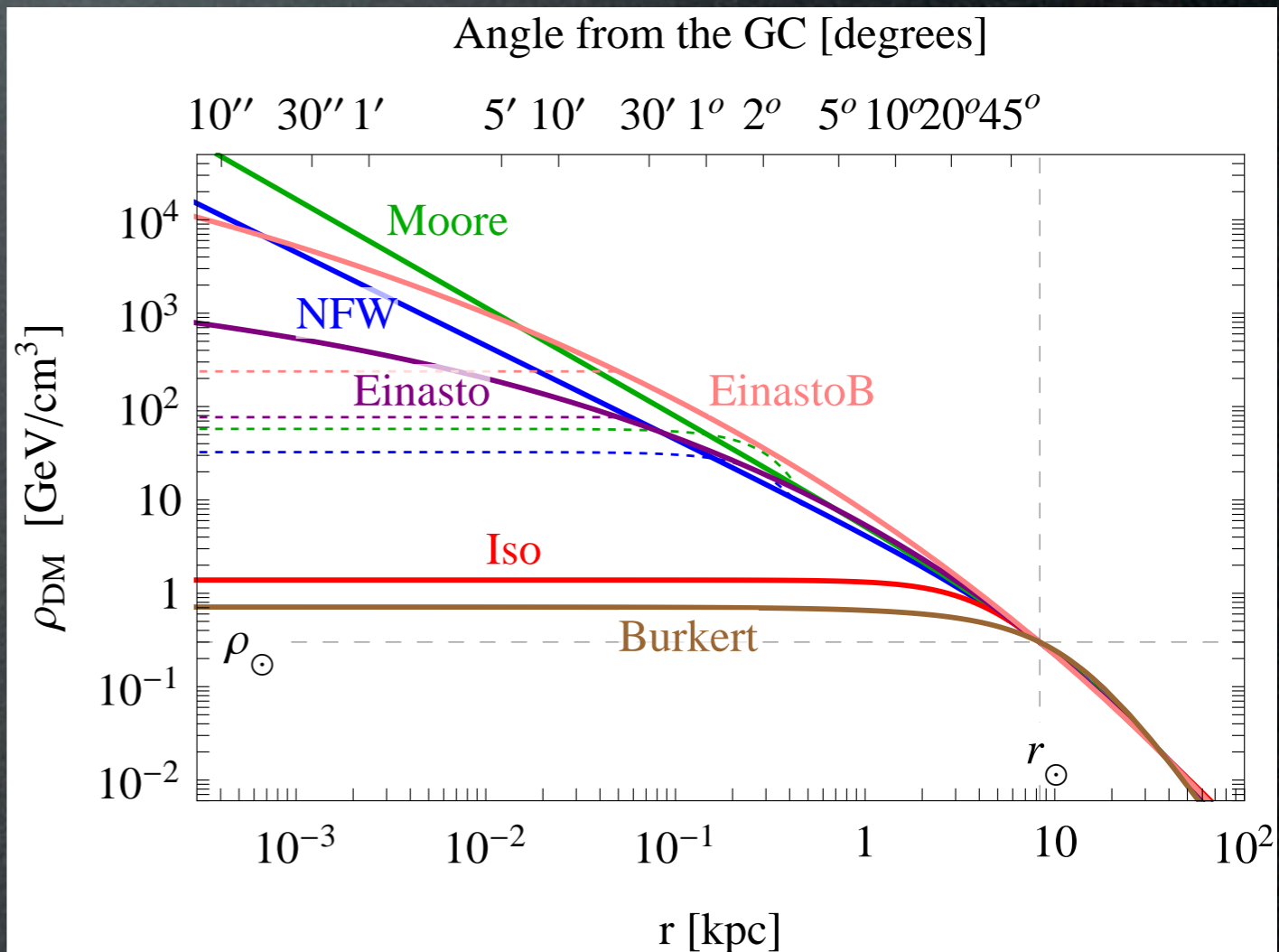
cuspy: **NFW**, **Moore**

mild: **Einasto**

smooth: **isothermal**, **Burkert**

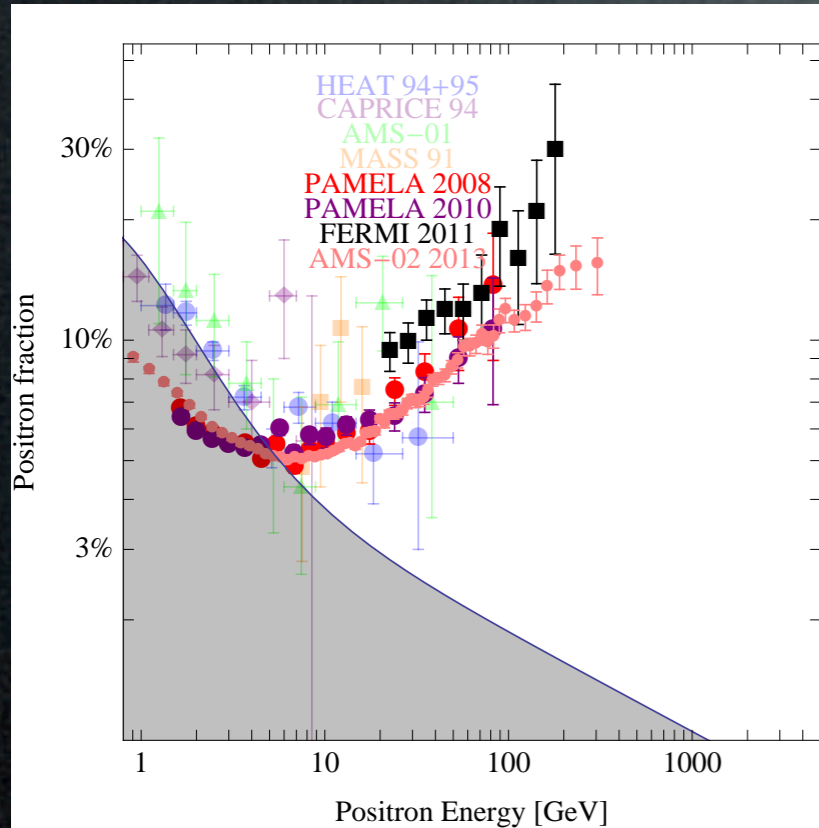
**EinastoB** = steepened Einasto

(effect of baryons?)

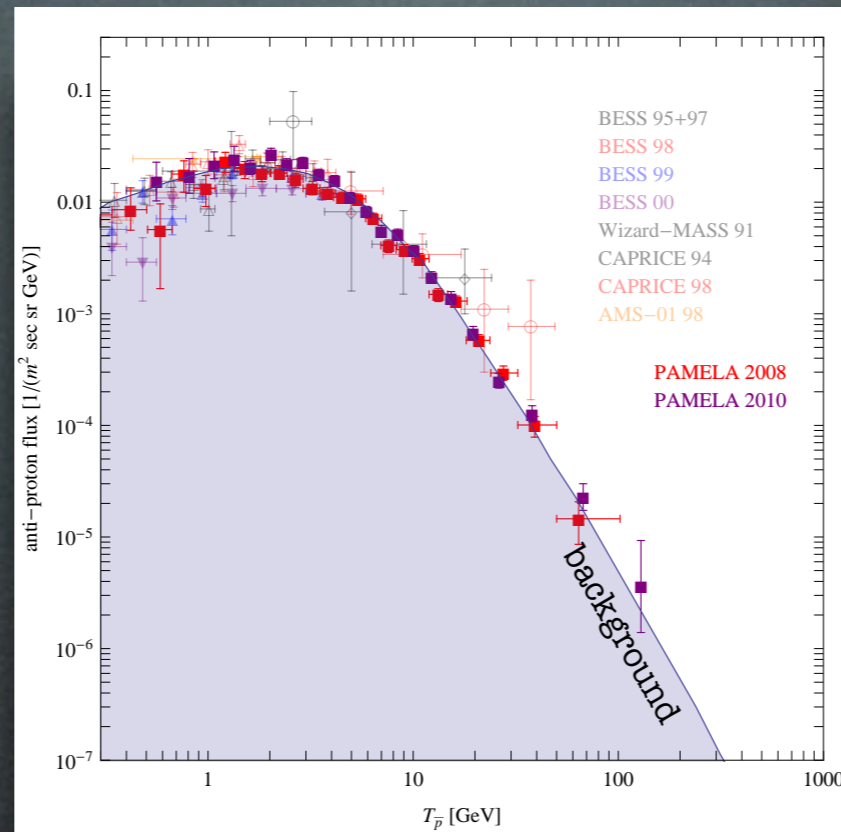


# Indirect Detection: hints

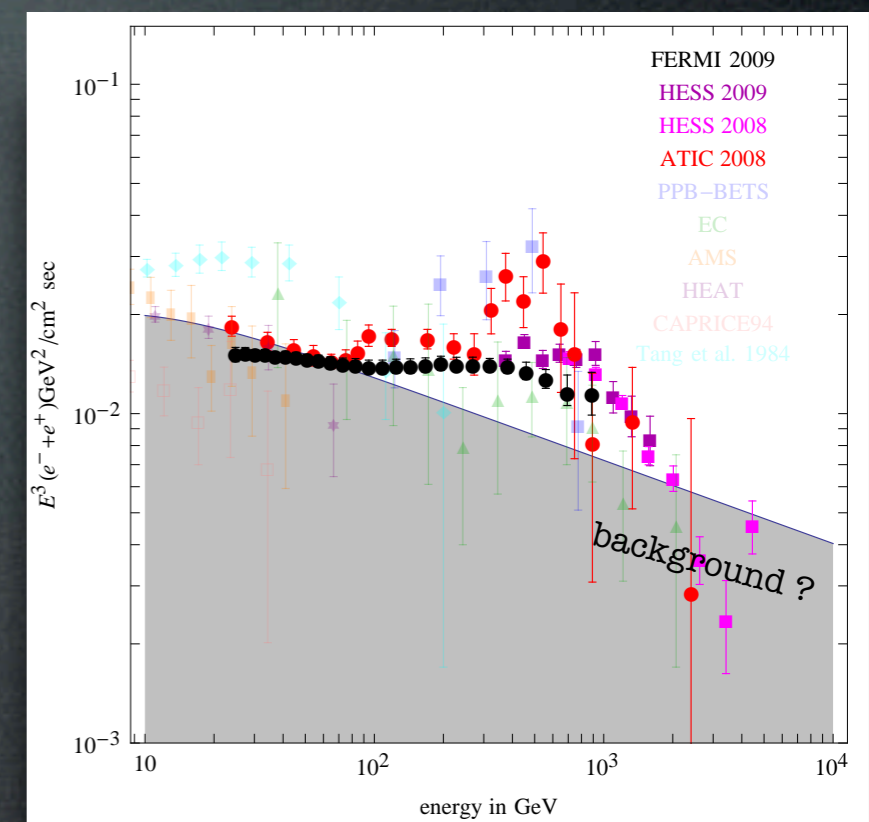
positron fraction



antiprotons

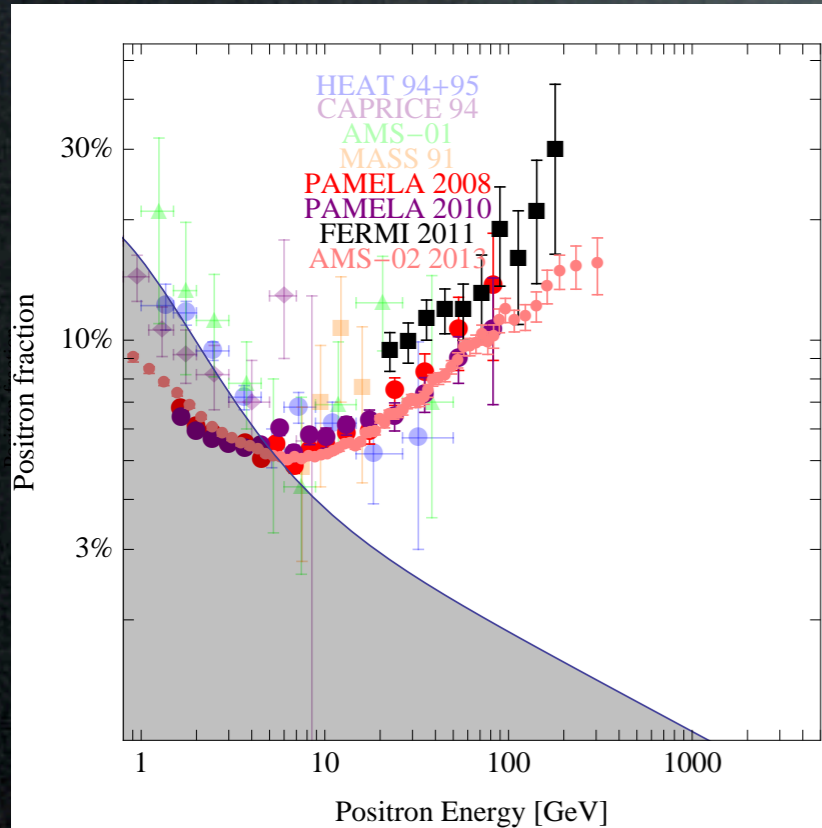


electrons + positrons

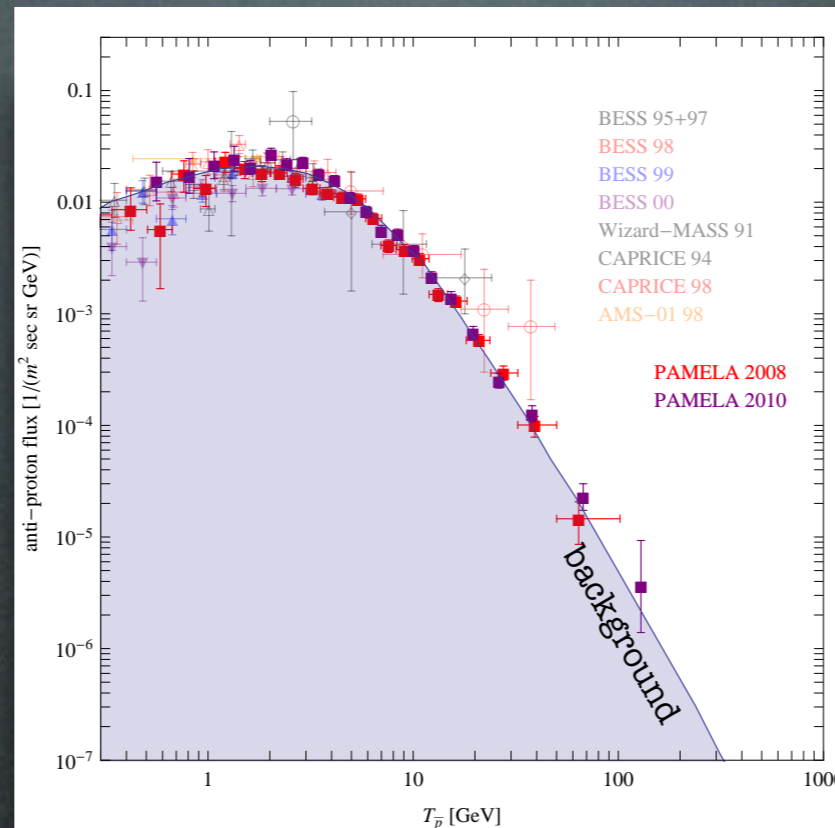


# Positrons & Electrons

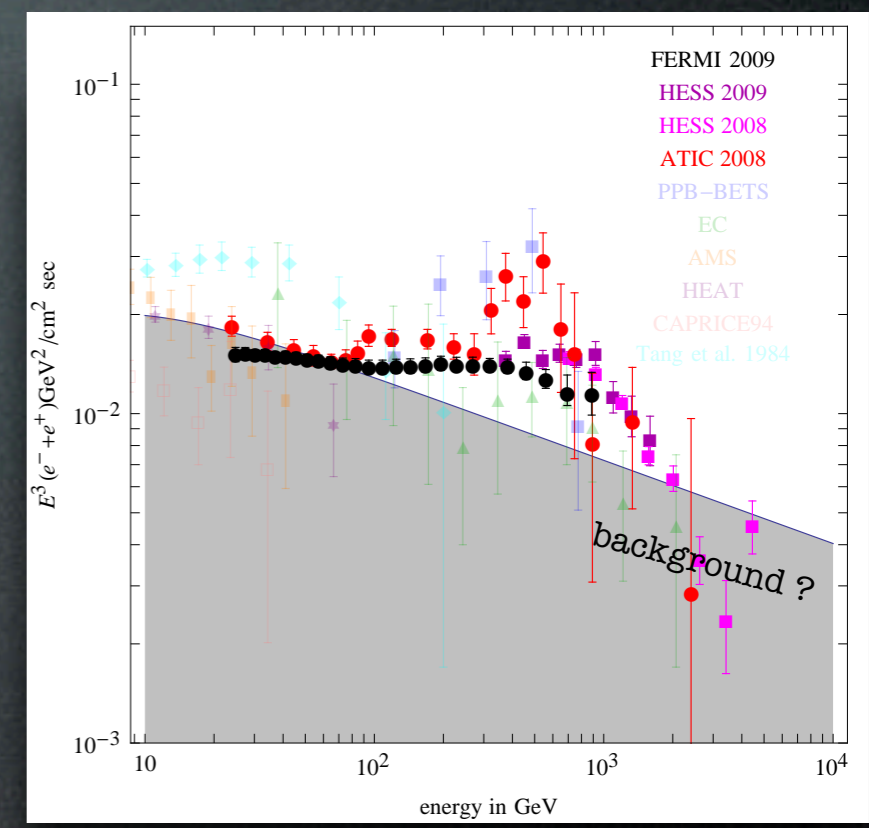
positron fraction



antiprotons



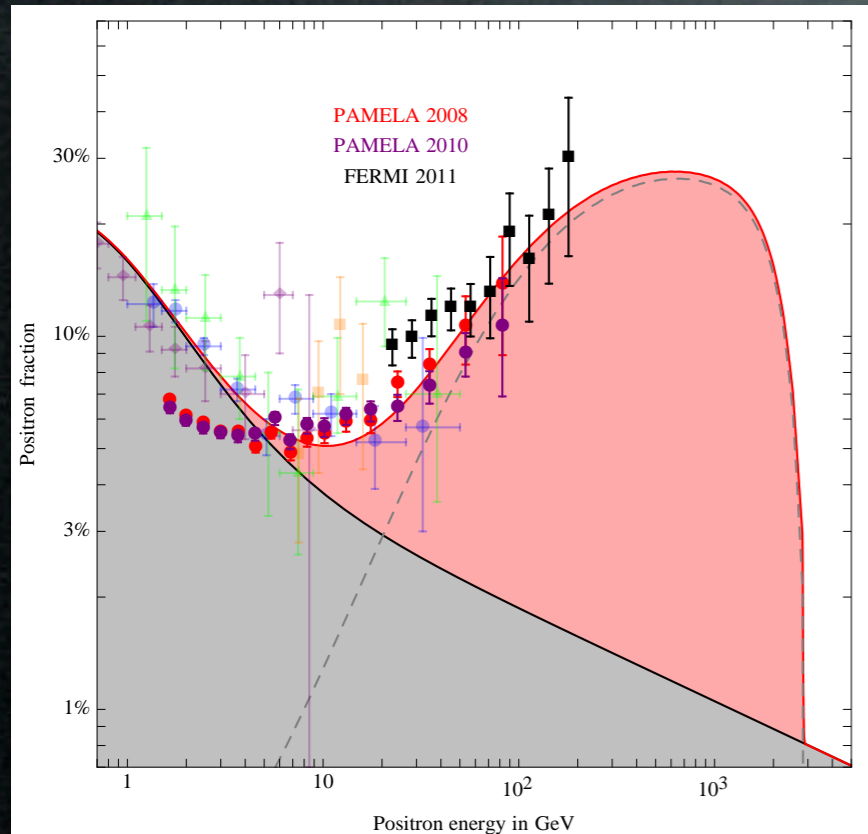
electrons + positrons



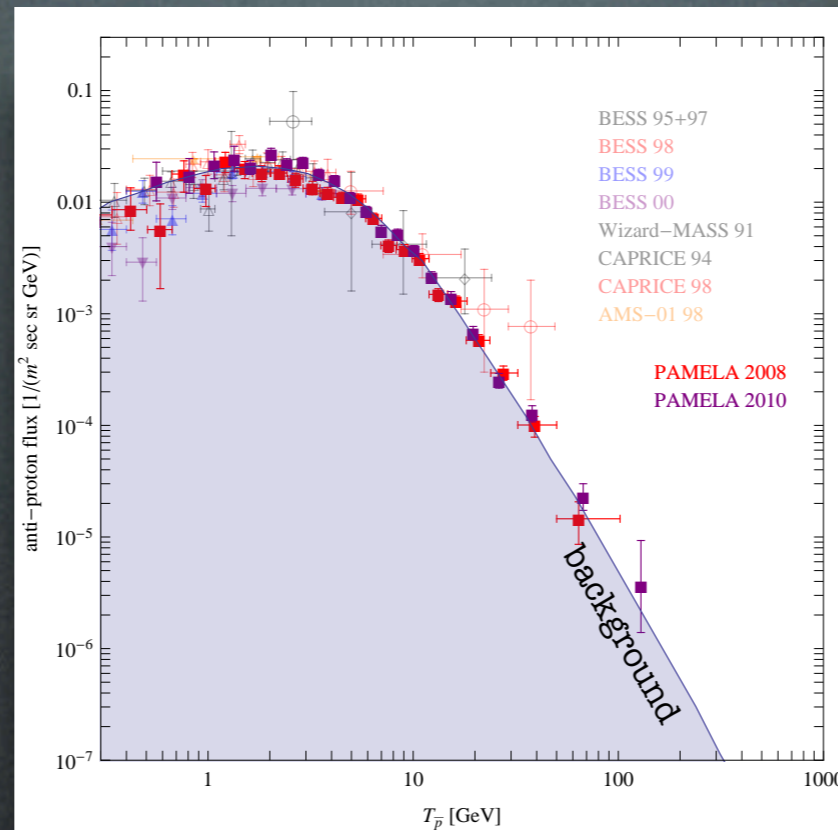
Are these signals of Dark Matter?

# Positrons & Electrons

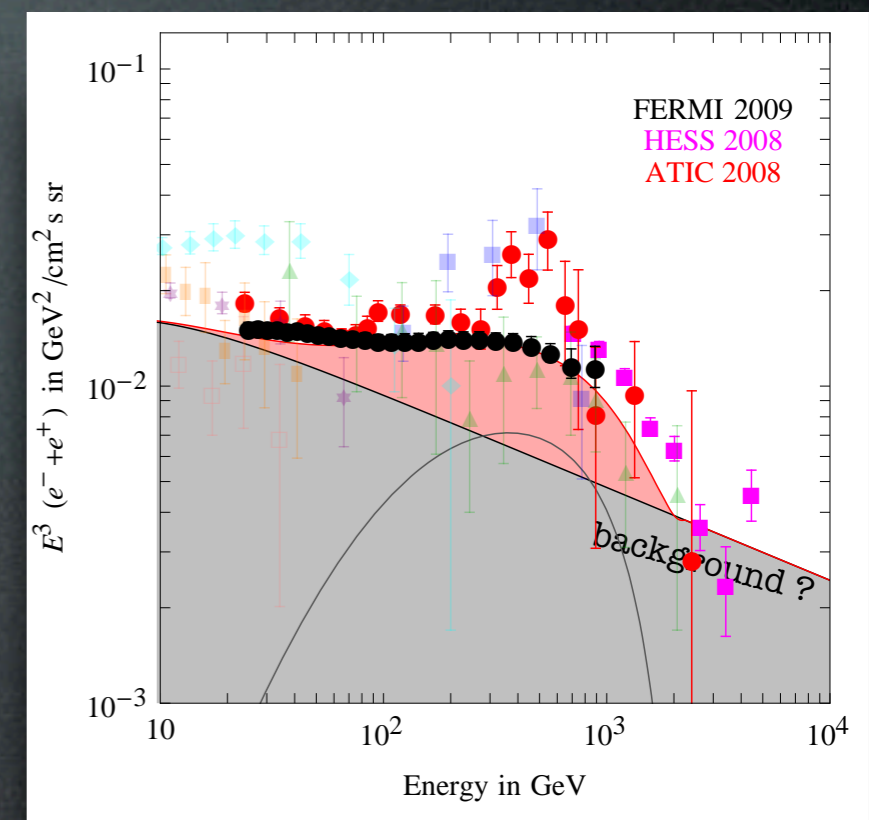
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antiprotons



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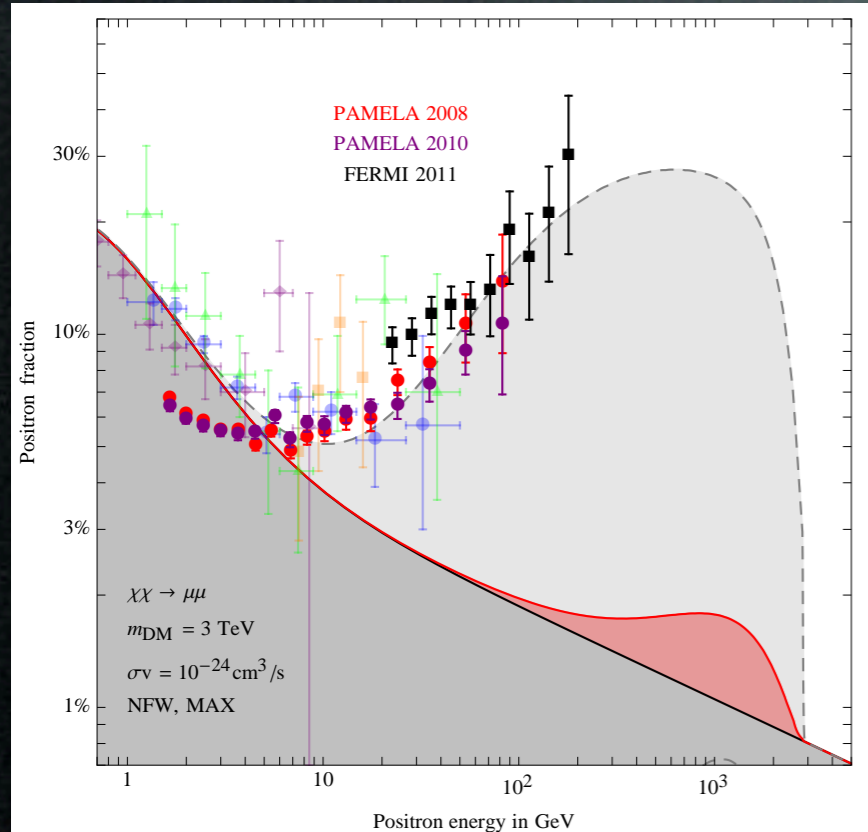


Are these signals of Dark Matter?

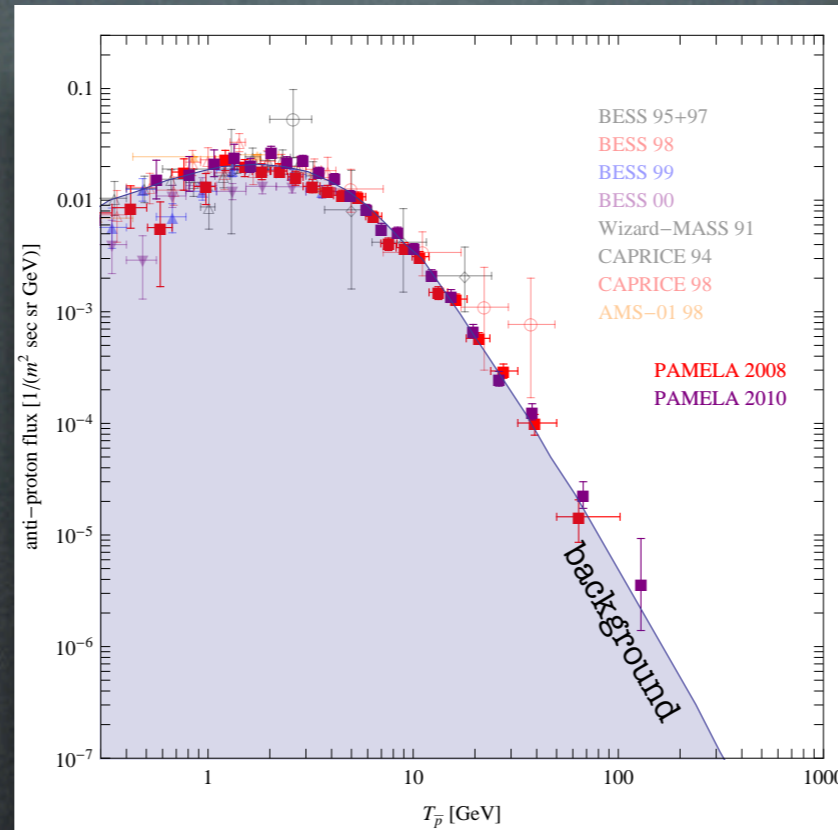
**YES:** few TeV, leptophilic DM  
with huge  $\langle \sigma v \rangle \approx 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

# Positrons & Electrons

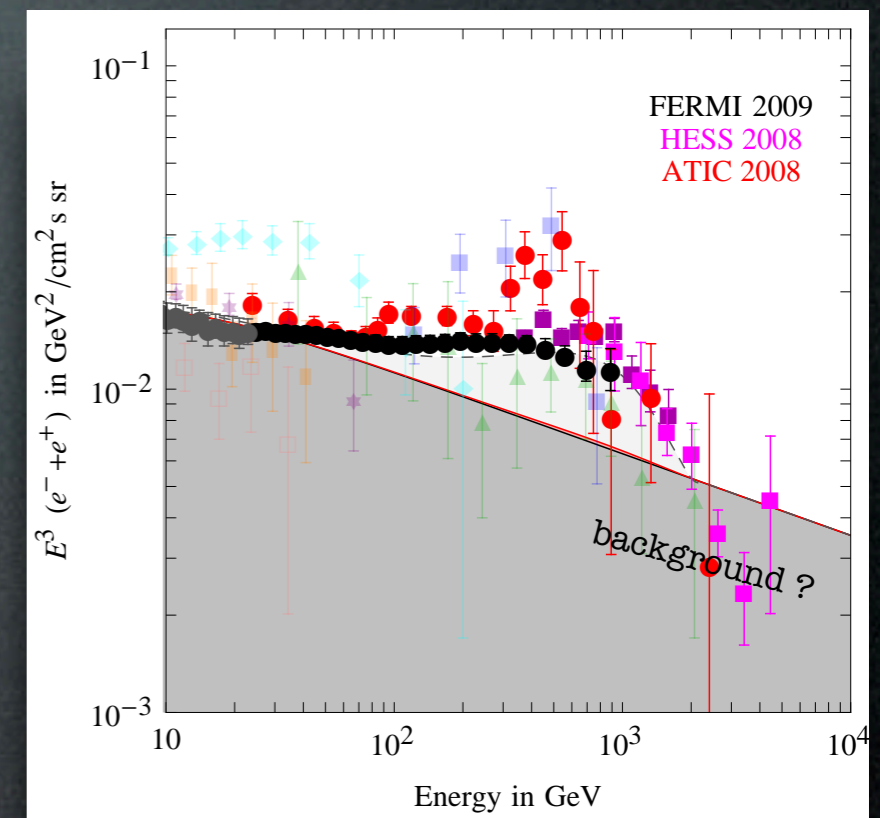
positron fraction



antiprotons



electrons + positrons



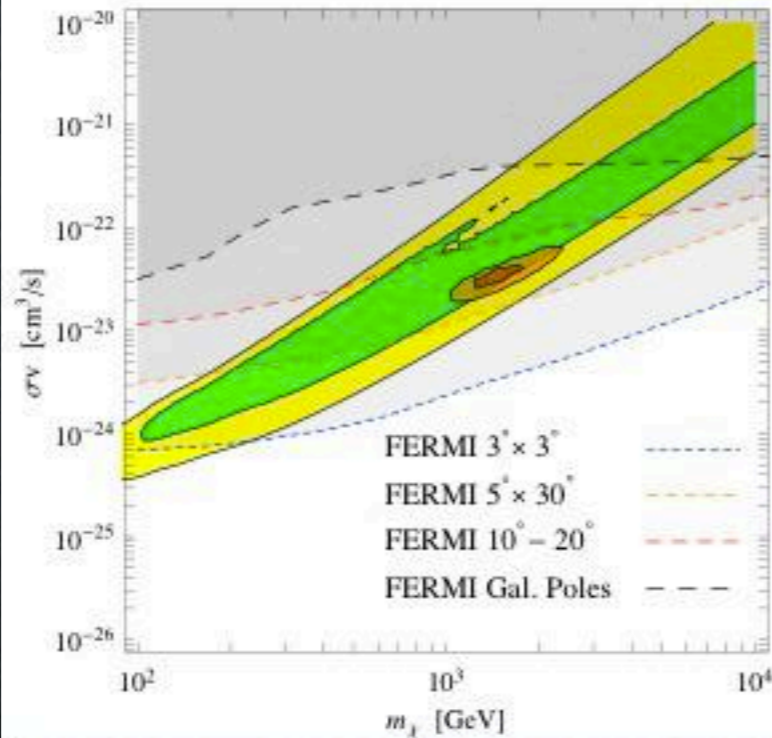
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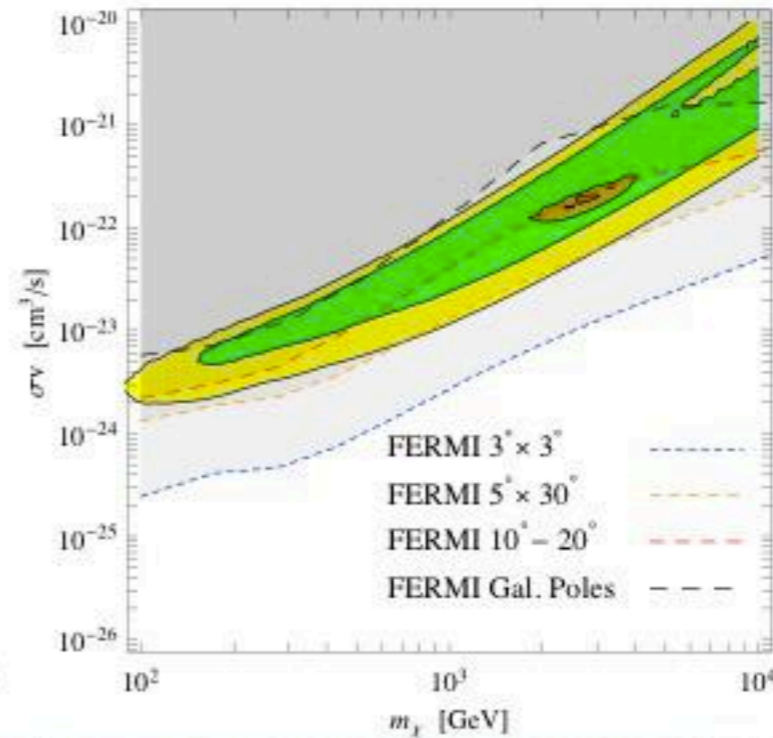
**NO:** a formidable 'background' for future searches

# Positrons & Electrons

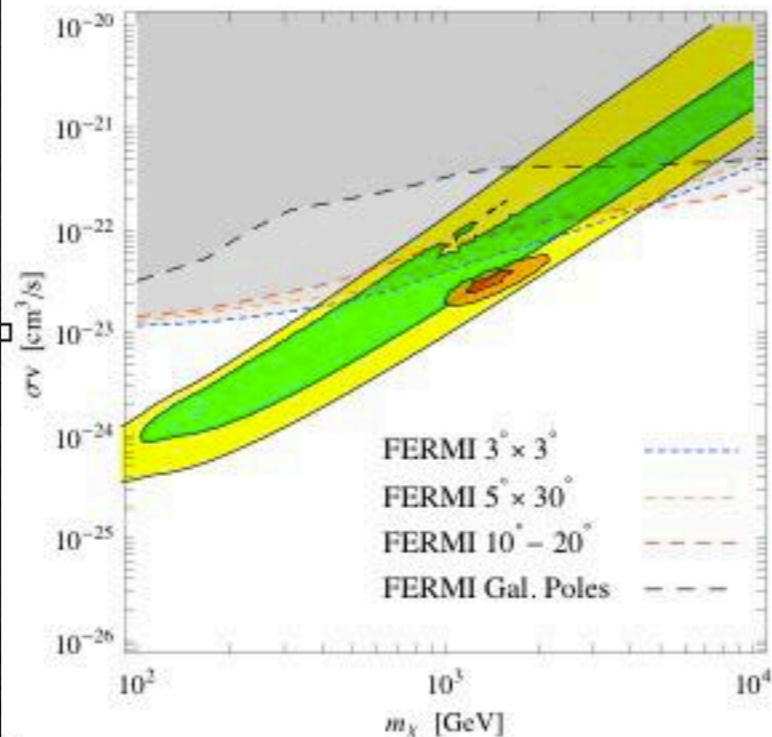
DM DM  $\rightarrow \mu\mu$ , Einasto profile



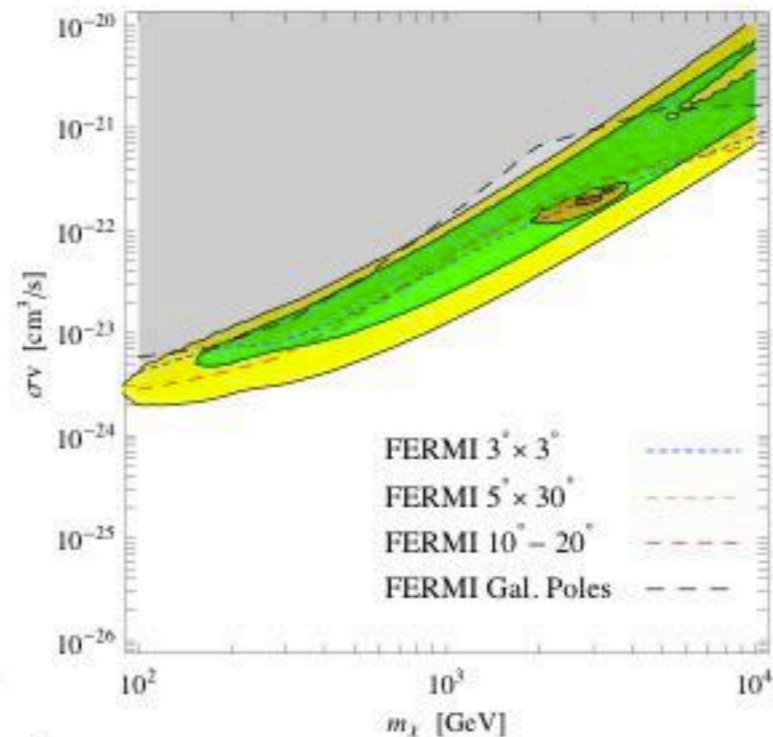
DM DM  $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ , Einasto profile



DM DM  $\rightarrow \mu\mu$ , Iso profile



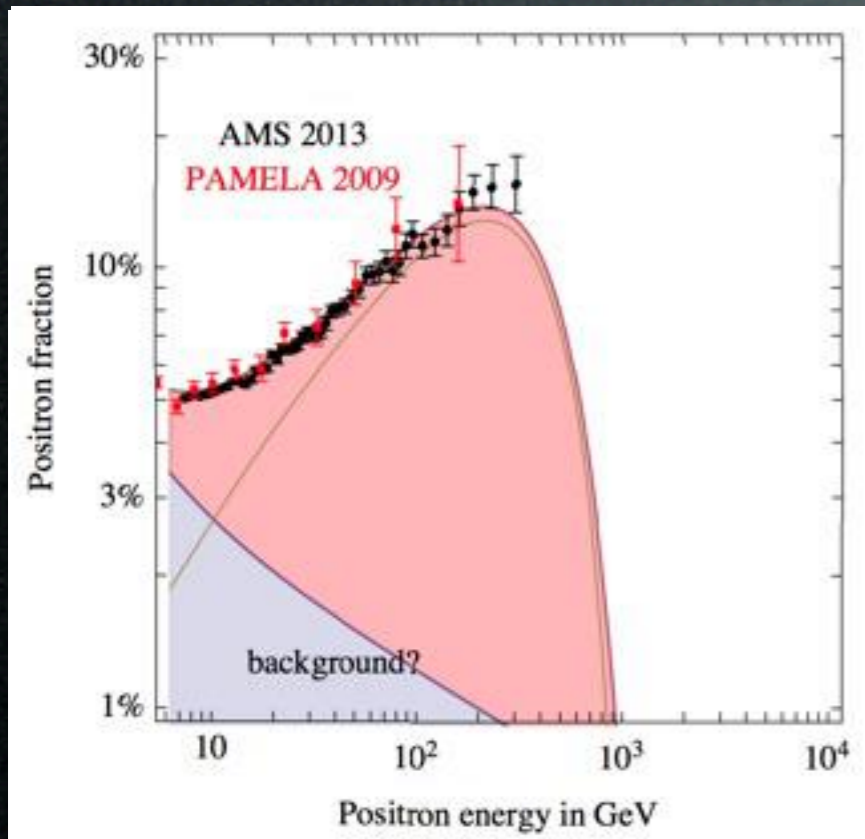
DM DM  $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ , Iso profile



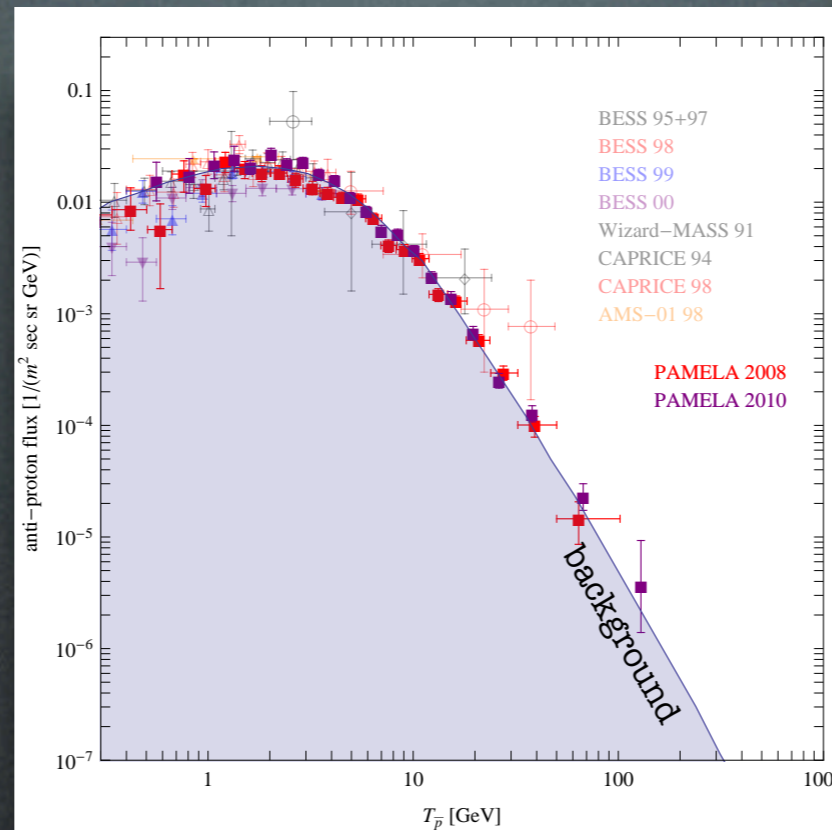


# PS: post AMS 2013

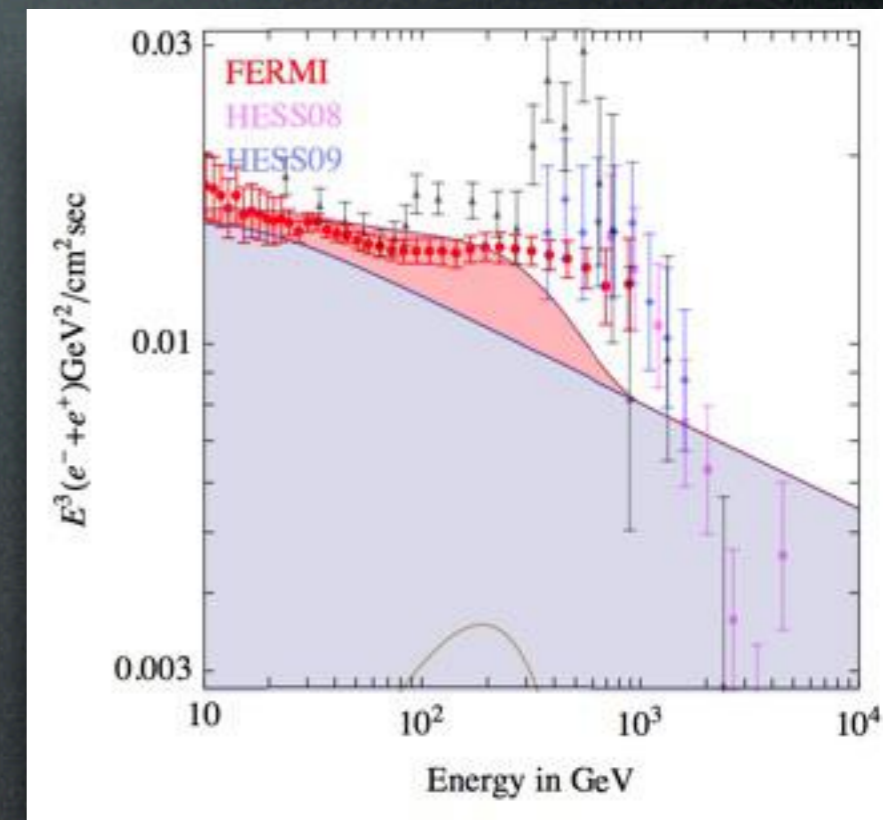
positron fraction



antiprotons



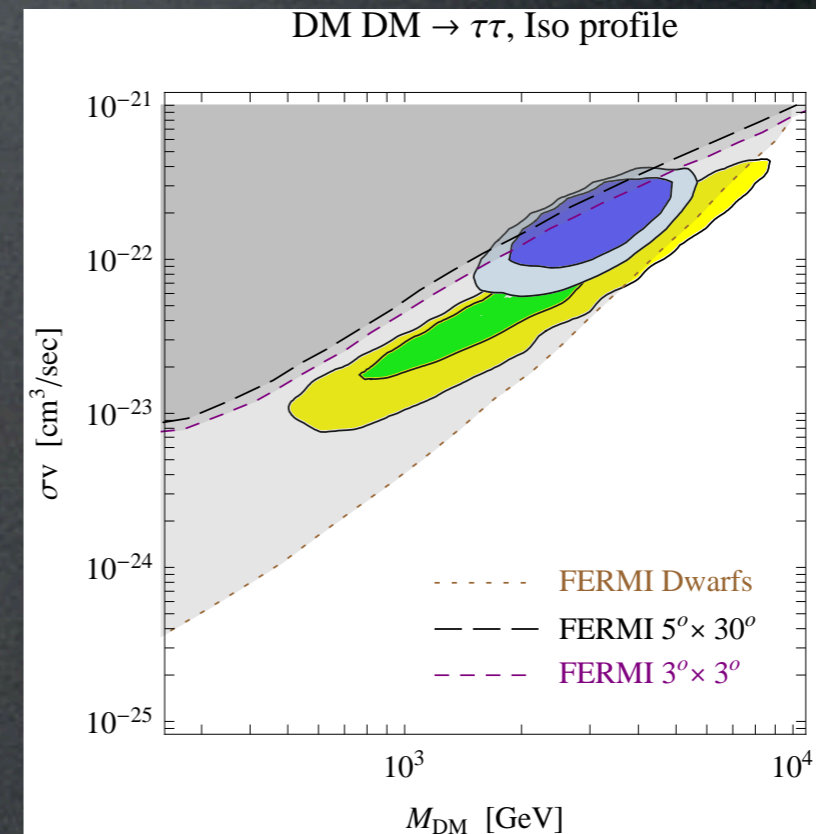
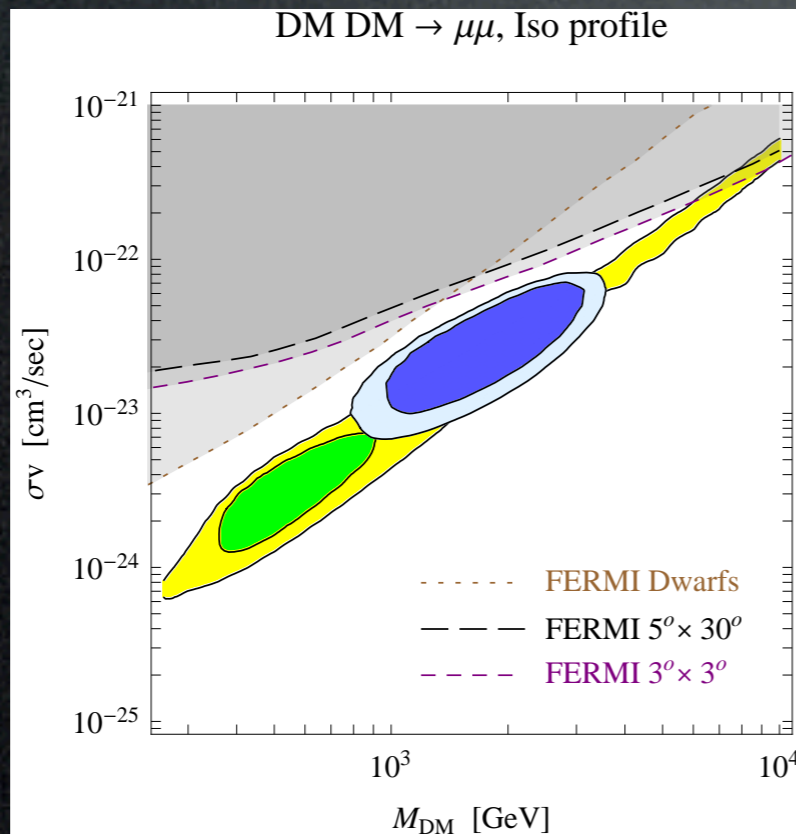
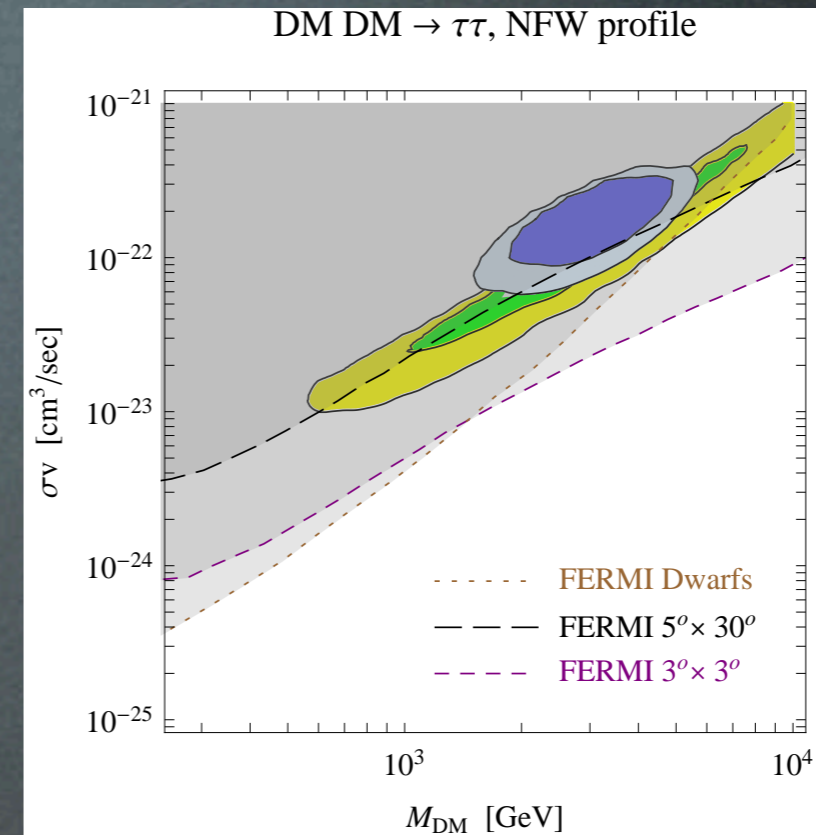
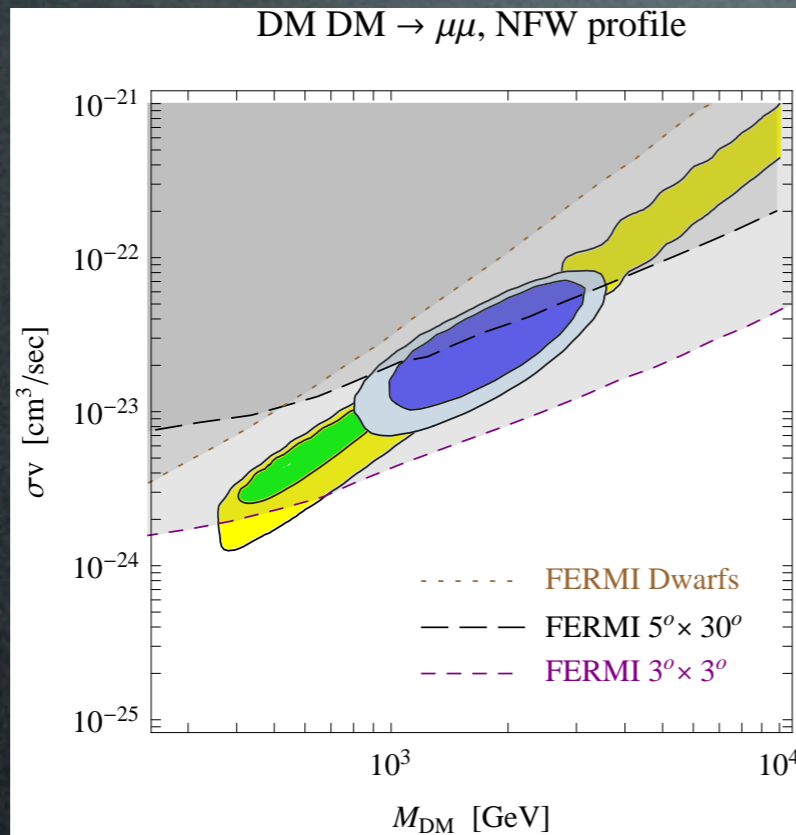
electrons + positrons



Are these signals of Dark Matter?

**YES:** one TeV, leptophilic DM  
with huge  $\langle \sigma v \rangle \approx 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^3 / \text{sec}$   
'tension' between positron frac and  $e^+e^-$

# PS: post AMS 2013



# Indirect Detection: **constraints**

direct detection

production at colliders

**indirect**

$\gamma$  from annihil in galactic center or halo  
and from synchrotron emission

Fermi, ICT, radio telescopes...

$e^+$  from annihil in galactic halo or center

PAMELA, Fermi, HESS, AMS, balloons...

$\bar{p}$  from annihil in galactic halo or center

$\bar{d}$  from annihil in galactic halo or center

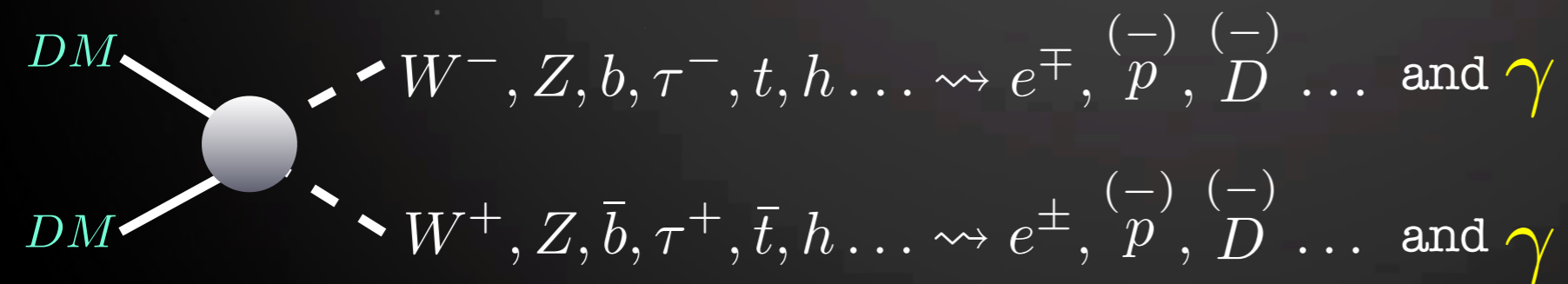
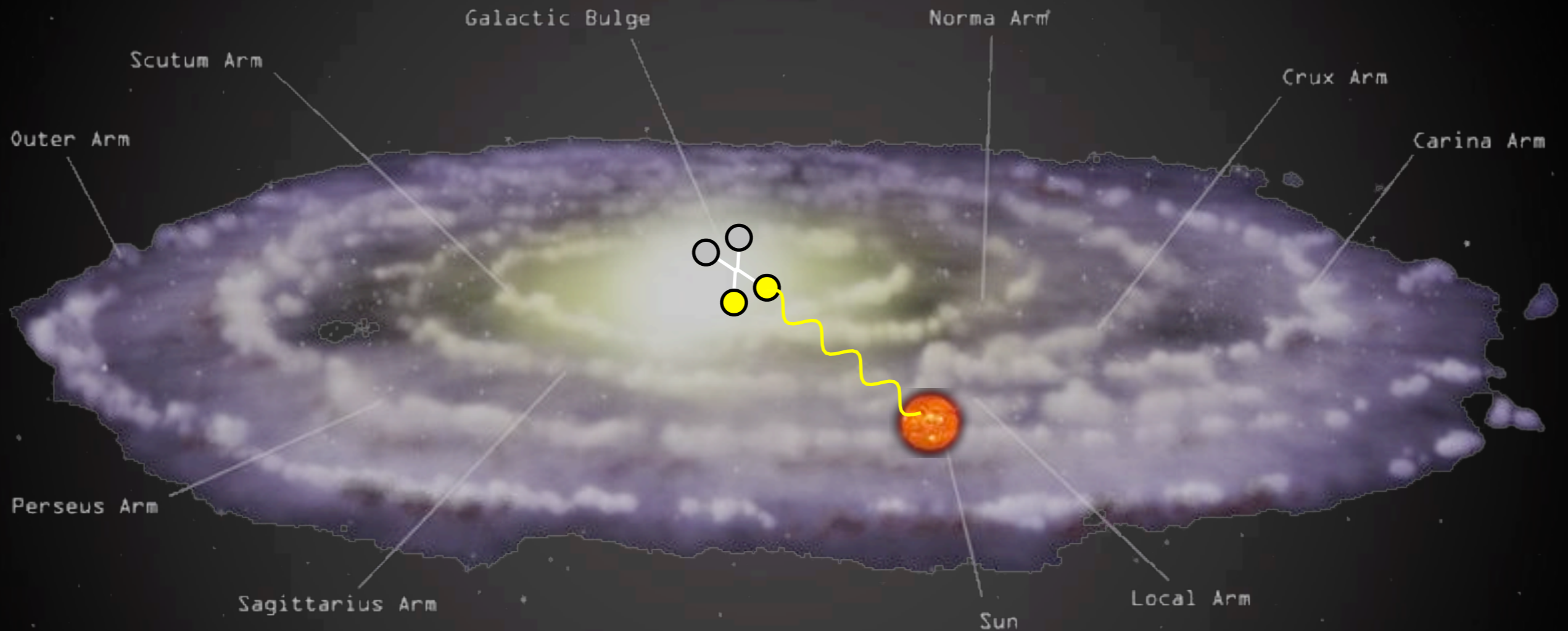
GAPS

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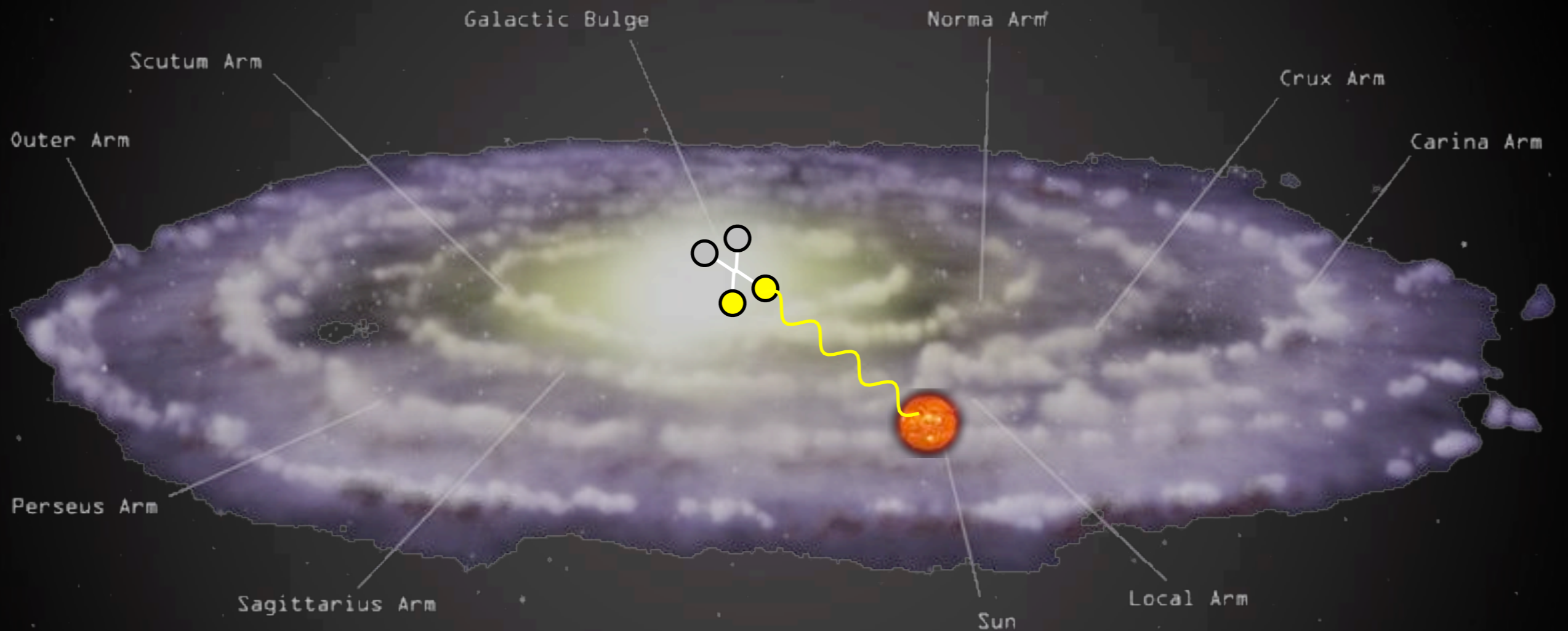
# Indirect Detection: constraints

$\gamma$  from DM annihilations in galactic center



# Indirect Detection: constraints

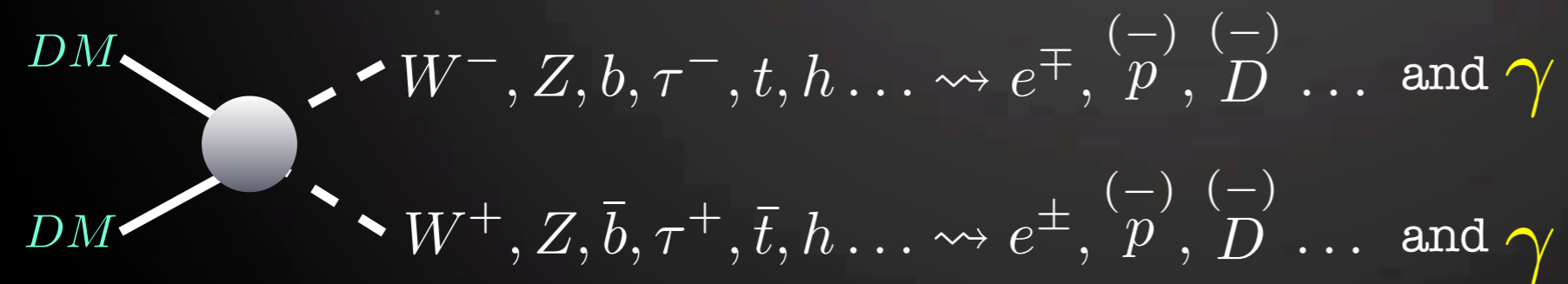
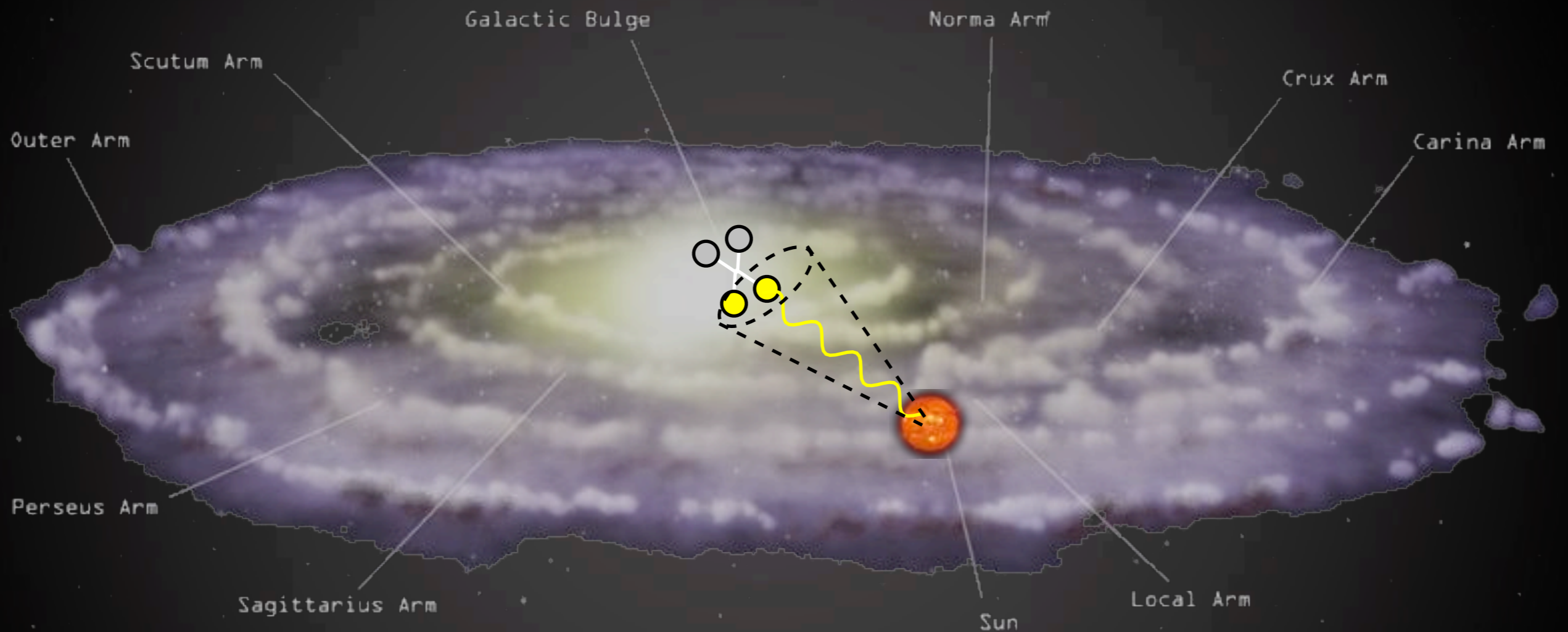
a.  $\gamma$  from DM annihilations in galactic center



$$\begin{aligned} DM &\rightarrow W^-, Z, b, \tau^-, t, h \dots \rightsquigarrow e^{\mp}, \overset{(-)}{p}, \overset{(-)}{D} \dots \text{ and } \gamma \\ DM &\rightarrow W^+, Z, \bar{b}, \tau^+, \bar{t}, h \dots \rightsquigarrow e^{\pm}, \overset{(-)}{p}, \overset{(-)}{D} \dots \text{ and } \gamma \end{aligned}$$

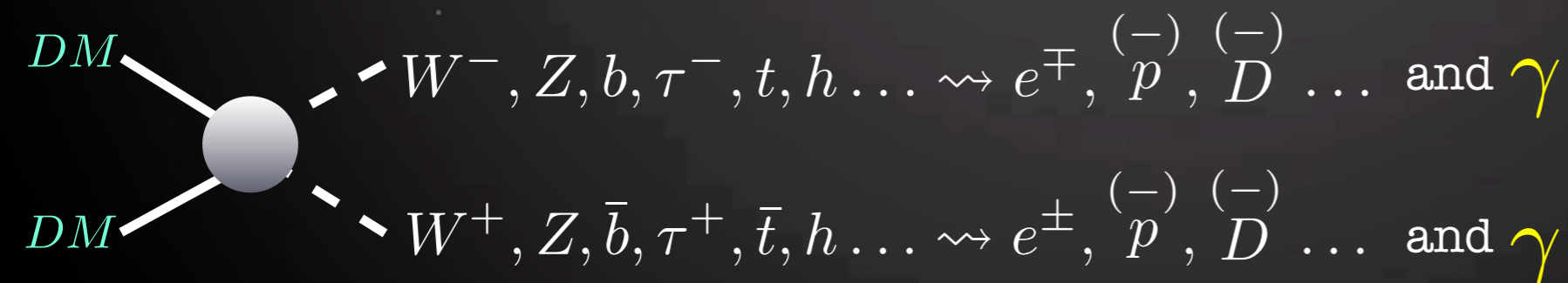
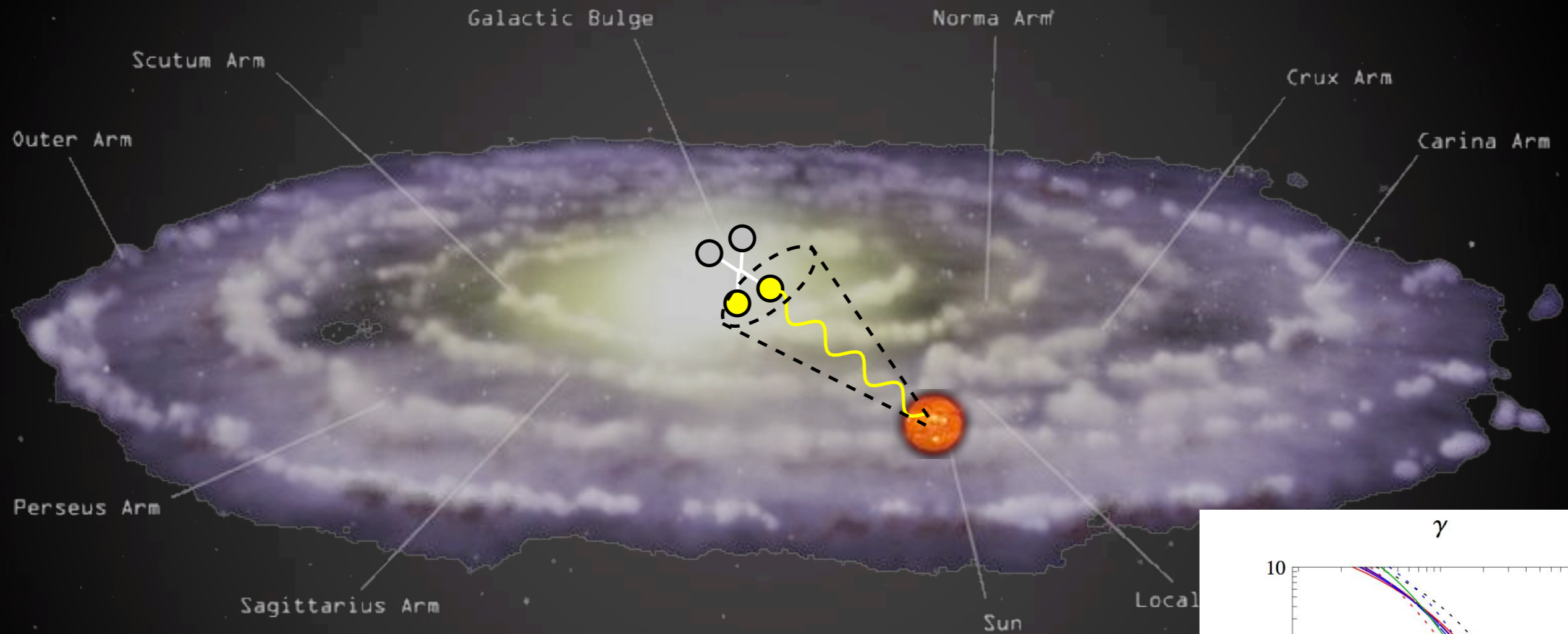
# Indirect Detection: constraints

a.  $\gamma$  from DM annihilations in galactic center

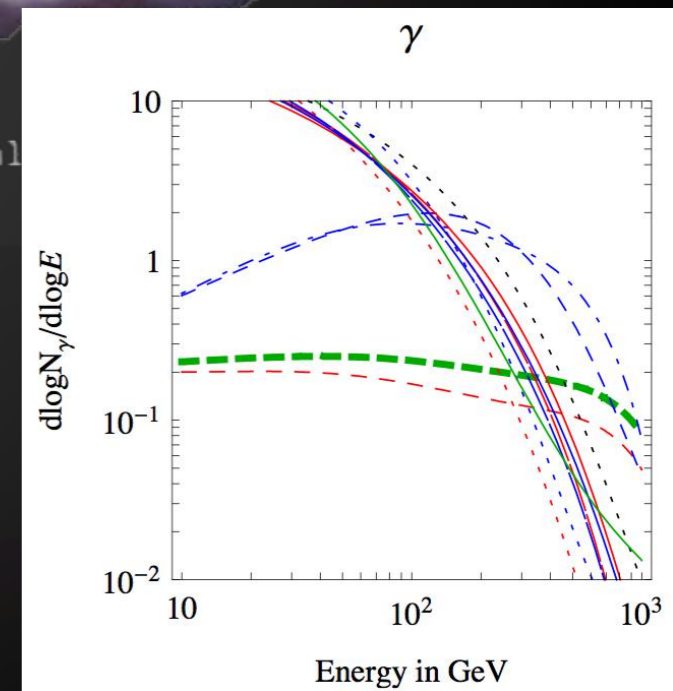


# Indirect Detection: constraints

a.  $\gamma$  from DM annihilations in galactic center

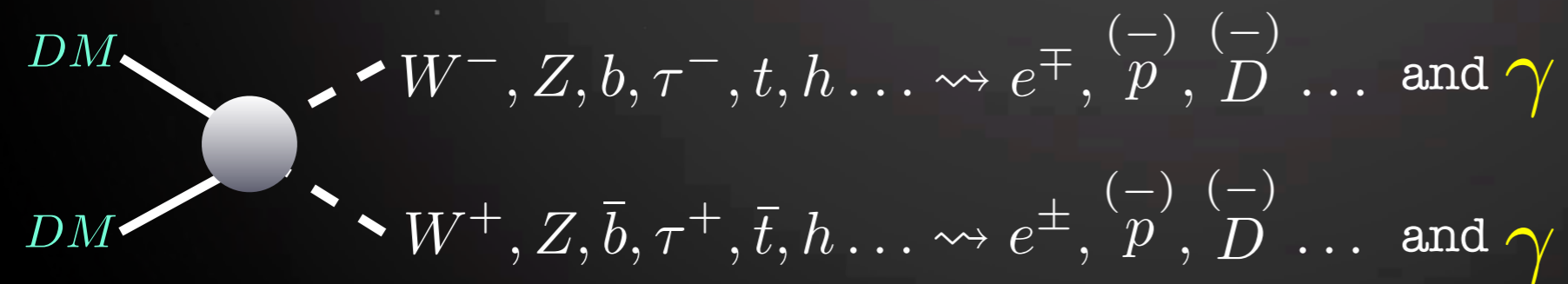
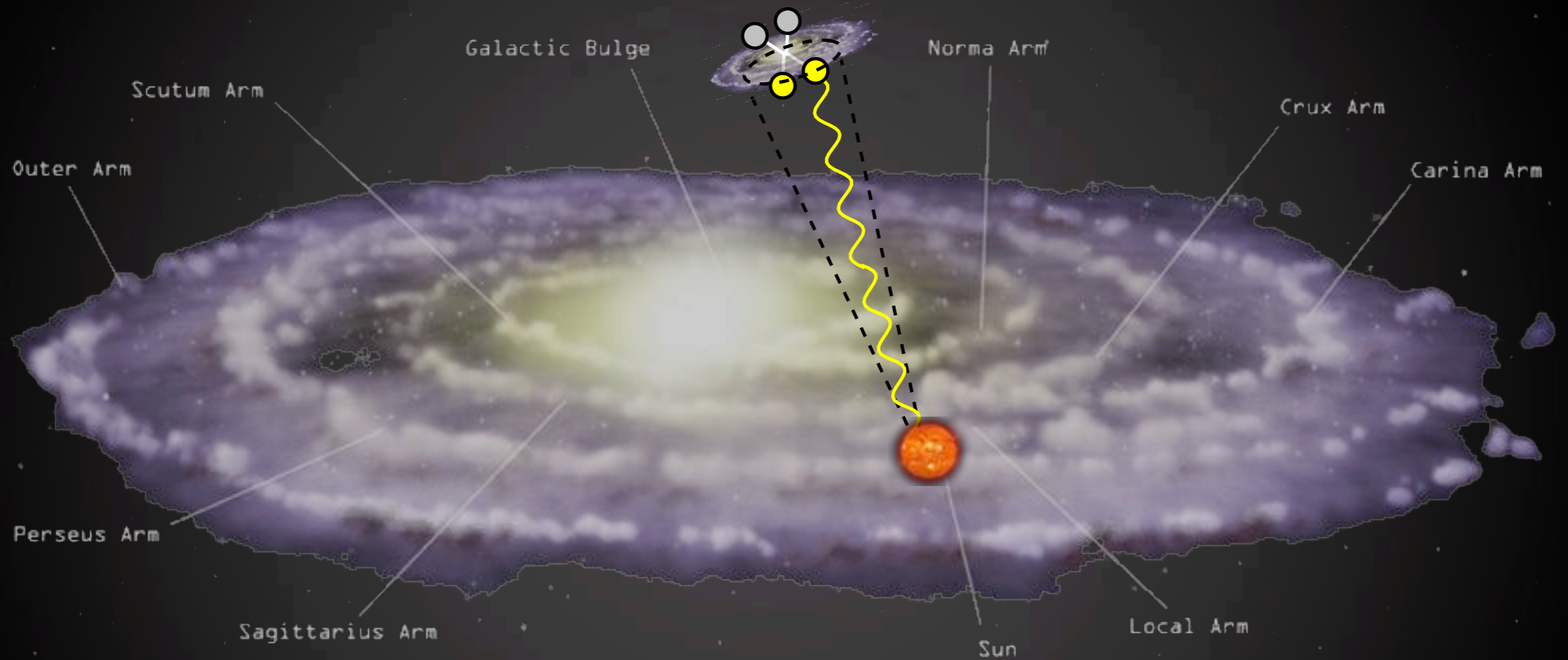


typically sub-TeV energies



# Indirect Detection: constraints

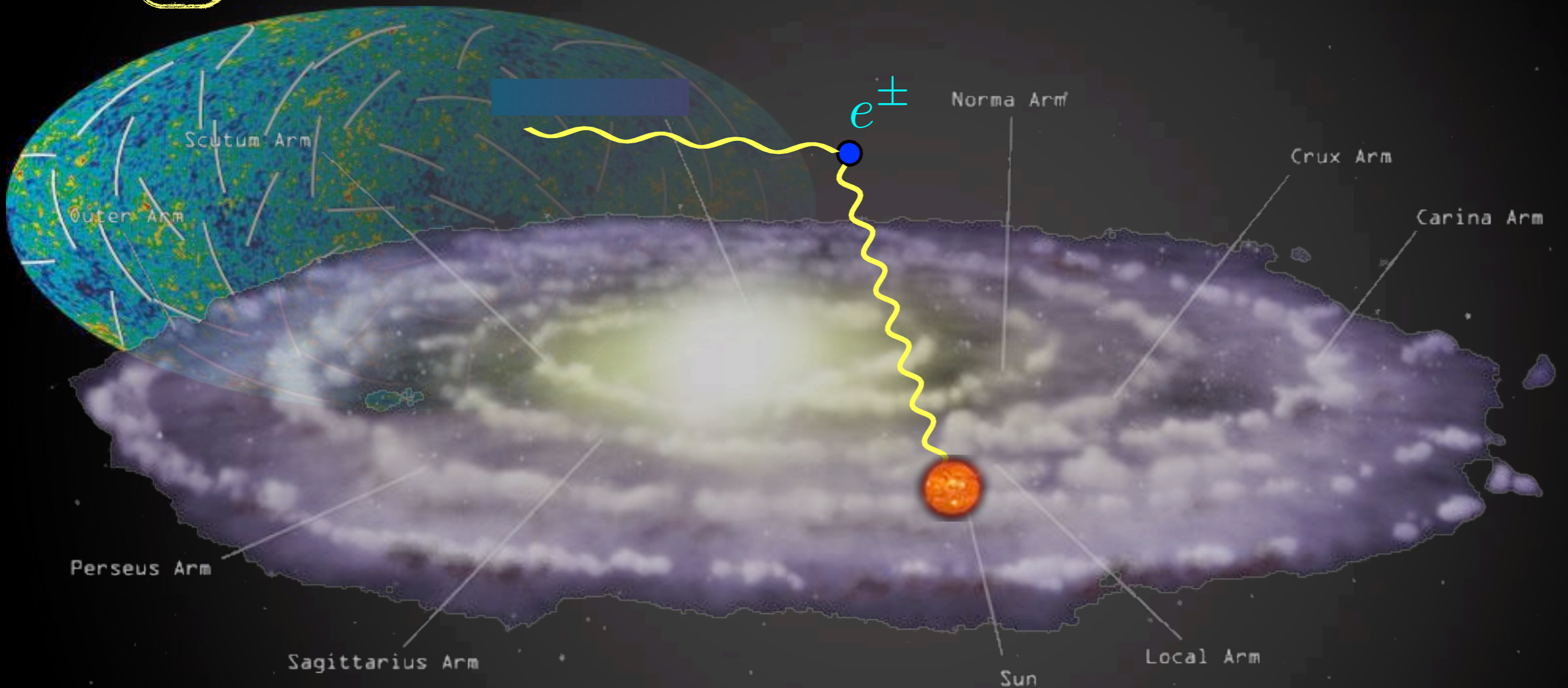
## b. $\gamma$ from DM annihilations in Satellite Galaxies





# Indirect Detection: constraints

c.  $\gamma$  from Inverse Compton on  $e^\pm$  in halo

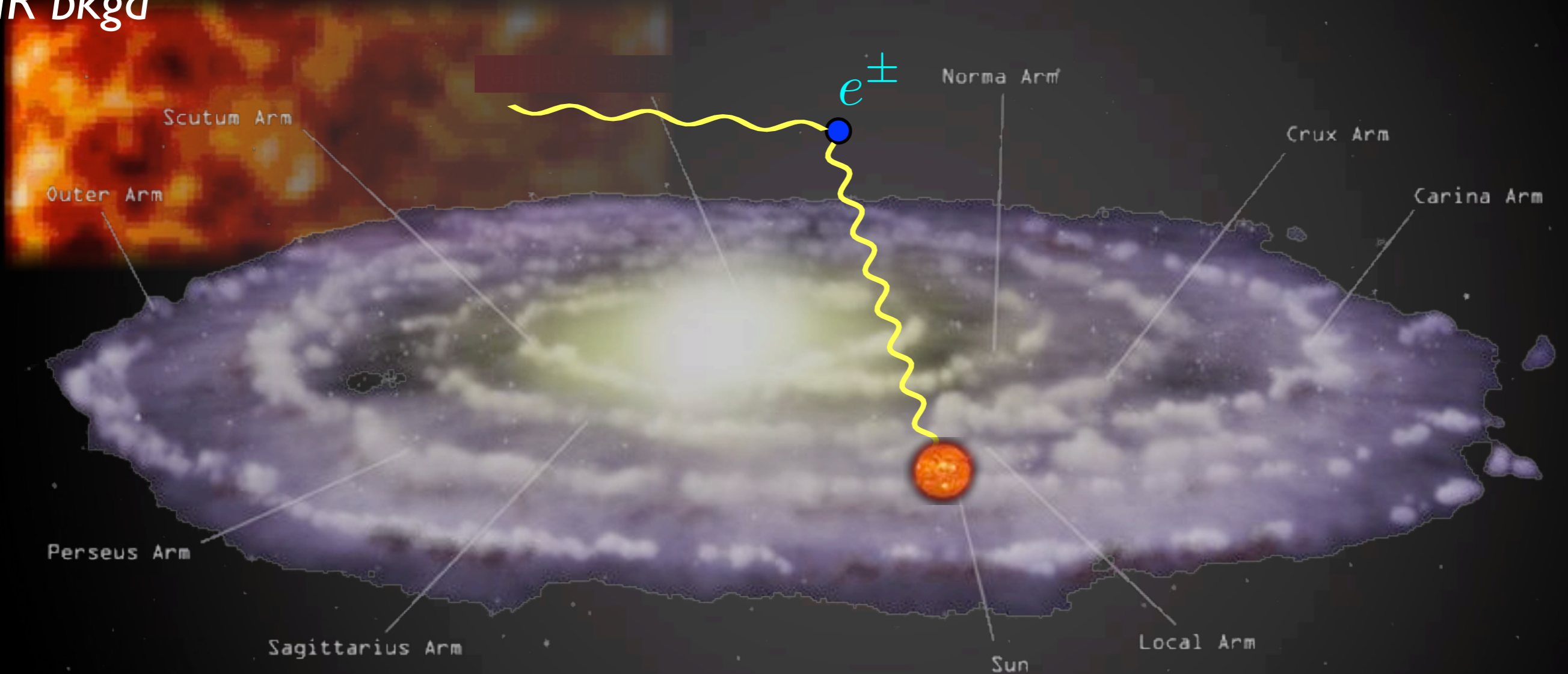


- upscatter of CMB, infrared and starlight photons on energetic  $e^\pm$
- probes regions outside of Galactic Center

# Indirect Detection: constraints

c.  $\gamma$  from Inverse Compton on  $e^\pm$  in halo

IR bkgd



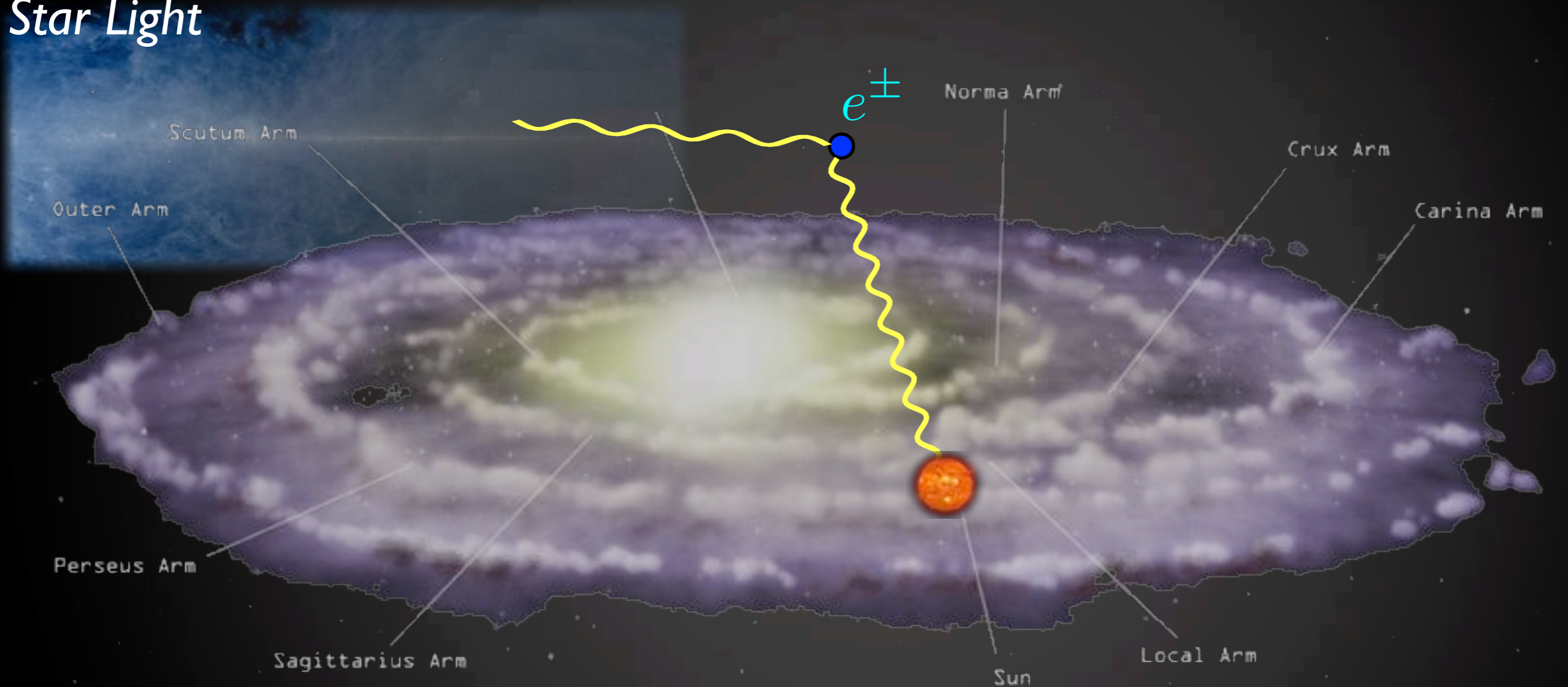
- upscatter of CMB, infrared and starlight photons on energetic  $e^\pm$
- probes regions outside of Galactic Center

# Indirect Detection: constraints

c.

$\gamma$  from Inverse Compton on  $e^\pm$  in halo

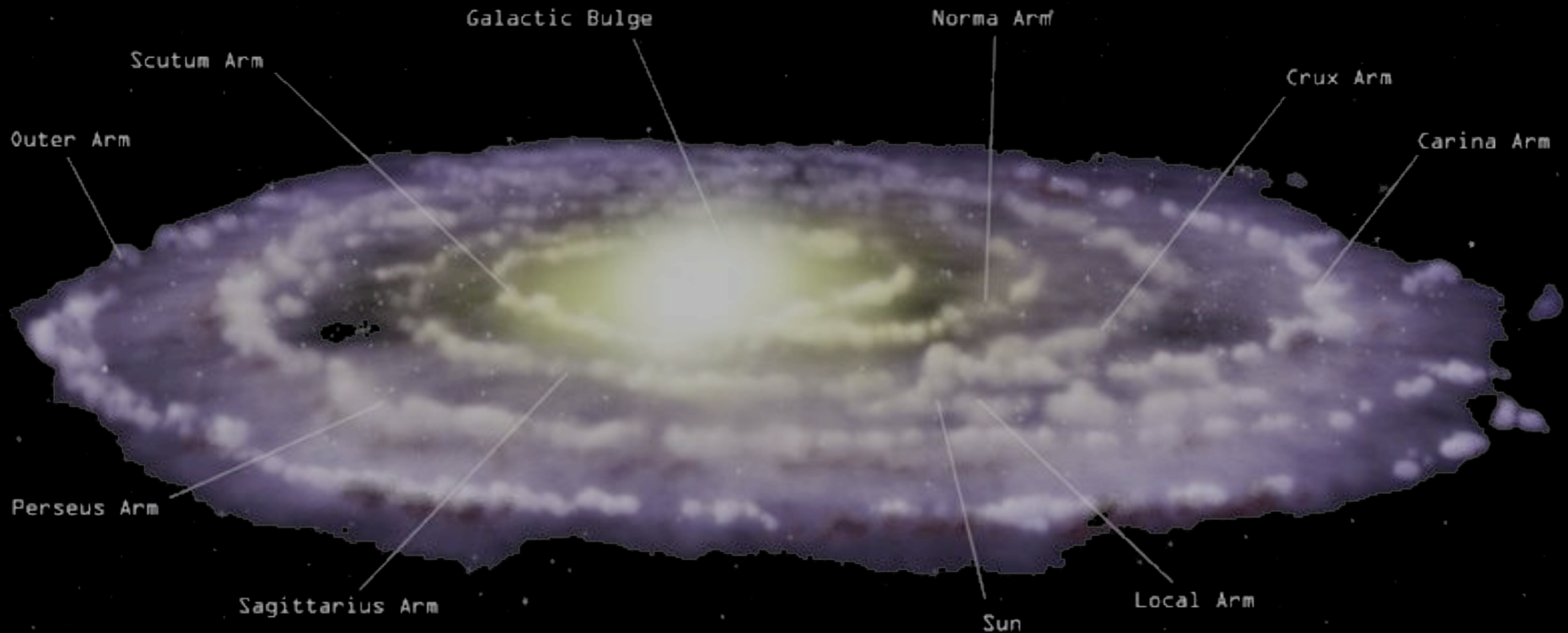
Star Light



- upscatter of CMB, infrared and starlight photons on energetic  $e^\pm$
- probes regions outside of Galactic Center

# Indirect Detection: constraints

d.  $\gamma$  from outside the Galaxy



# Indirect Detection: constraints

d.  $\gamma$  from outside the Galaxy



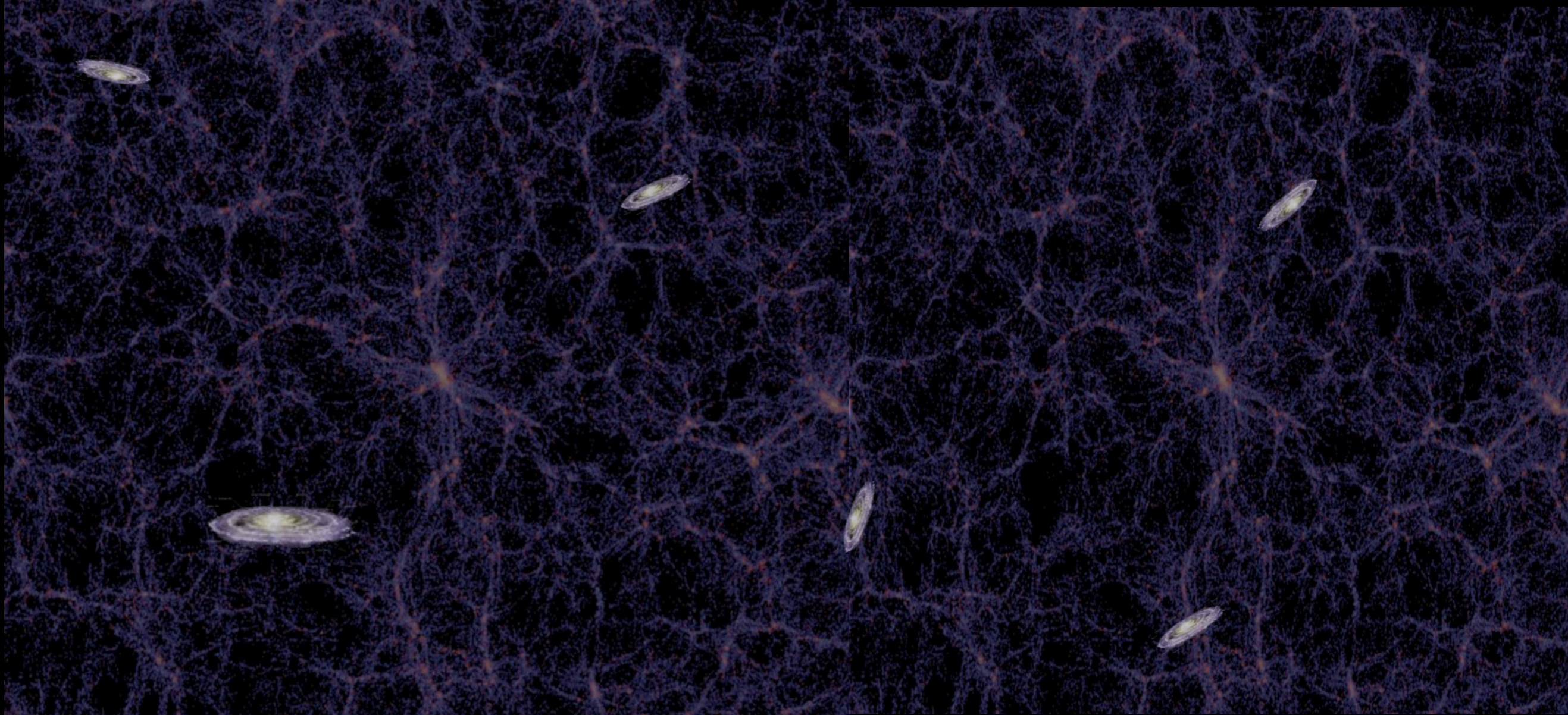
# Indirect Detection: constraints

d.  $\gamma$  from outside the Galaxy



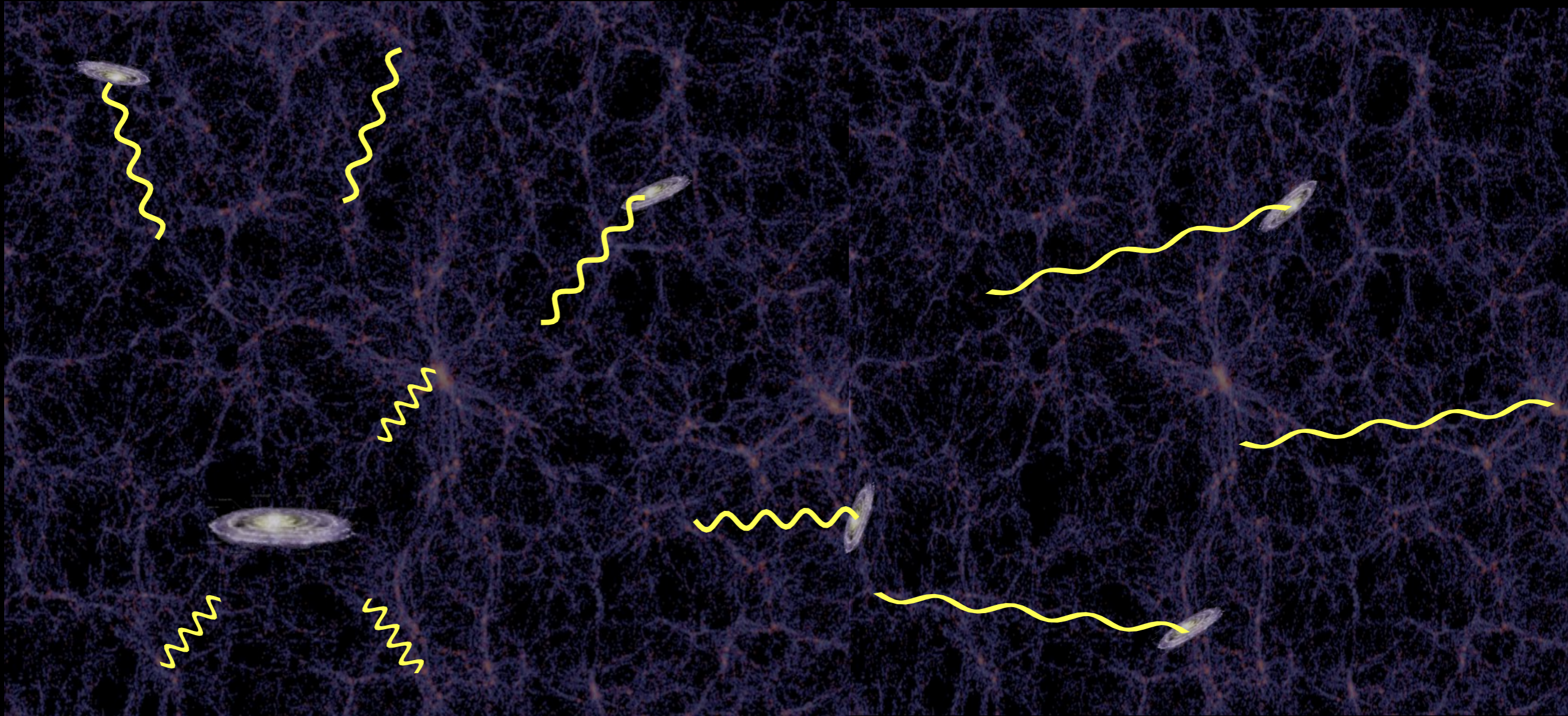
# Indirect Detection: constraints

d.  $\gamma$  from outside the Galaxy



# Indirect Detection: constraints

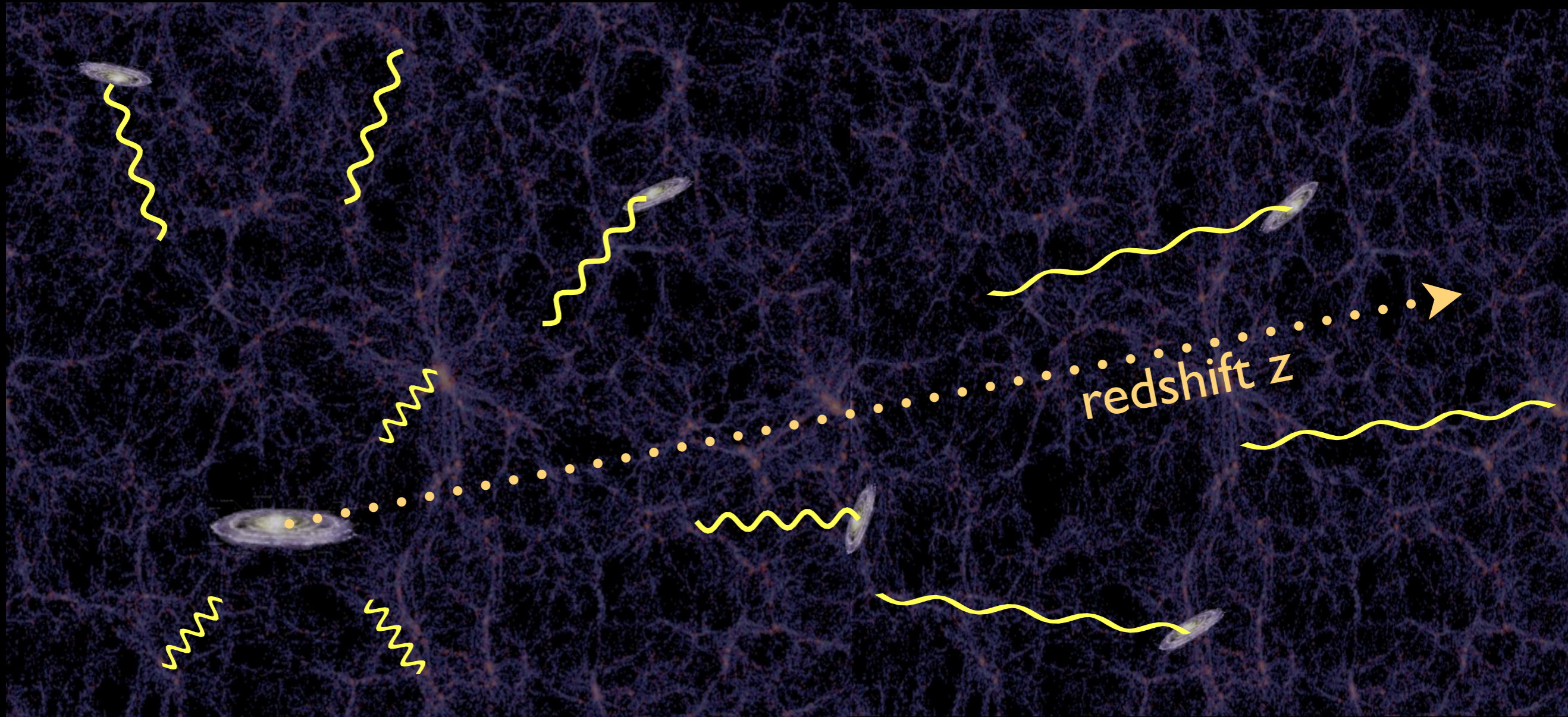
d.  $\gamma$  from outside the Galaxy





# Indirect Detection: constraints

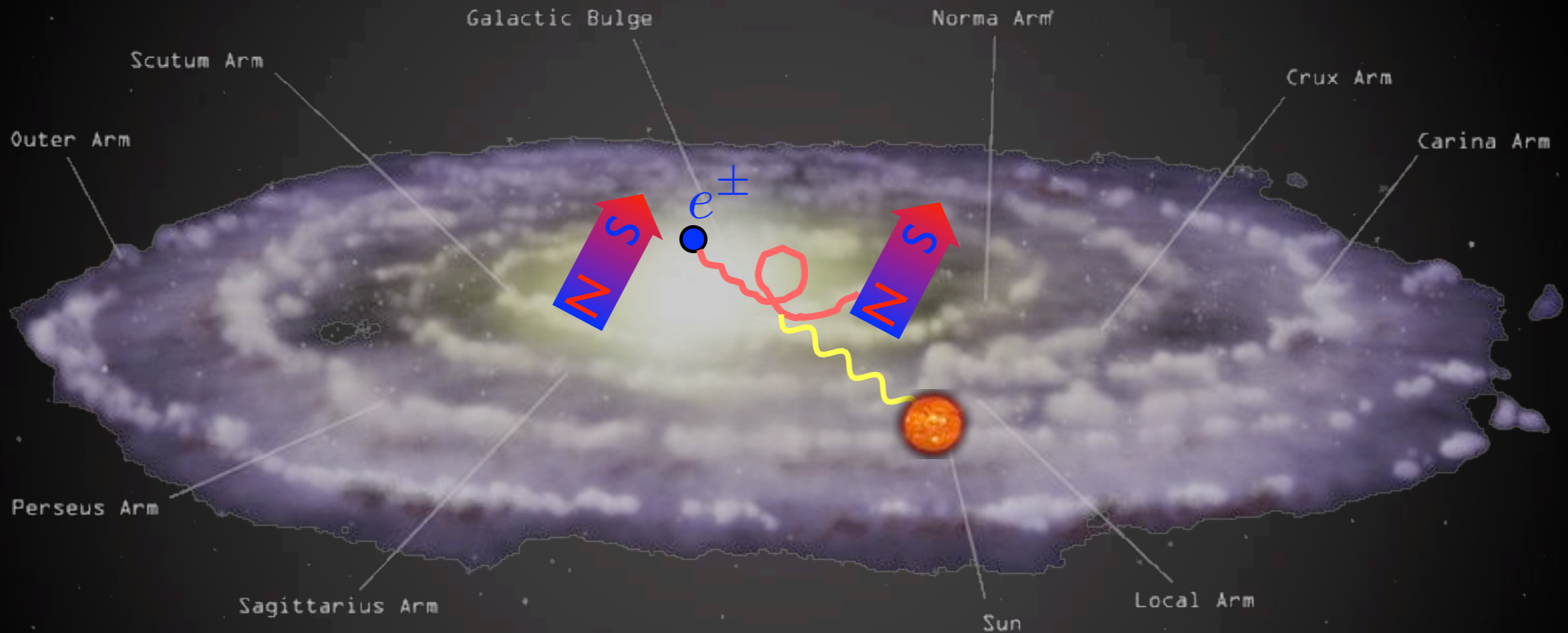
d.  $\gamma$  from outside the Galaxy



- **isotropic** flux of prompt and ICS gamma rays, integrated over  $z$  and  $r$
- depends strongly on **halo formation details** and **history**

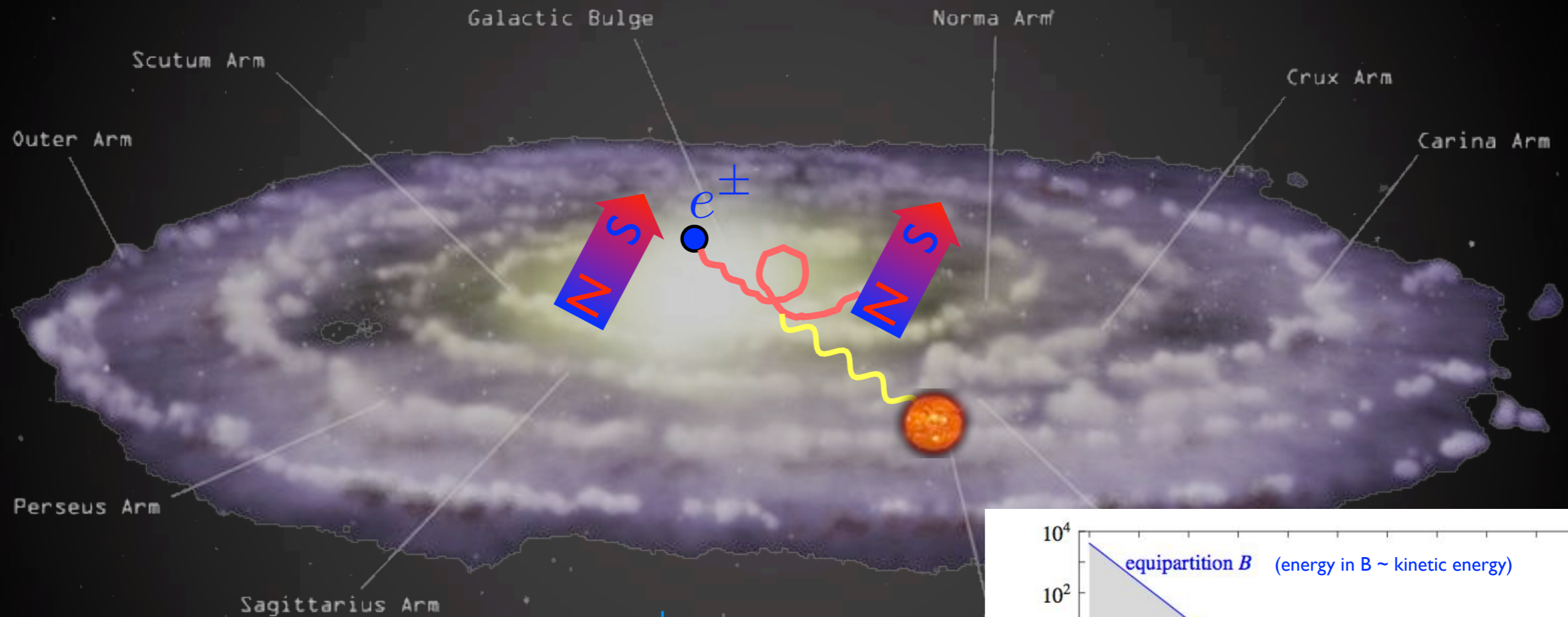
# Indirect Detection: constraints

**e.** radio-waves from synchro radiation of  $e^\pm$  in GC



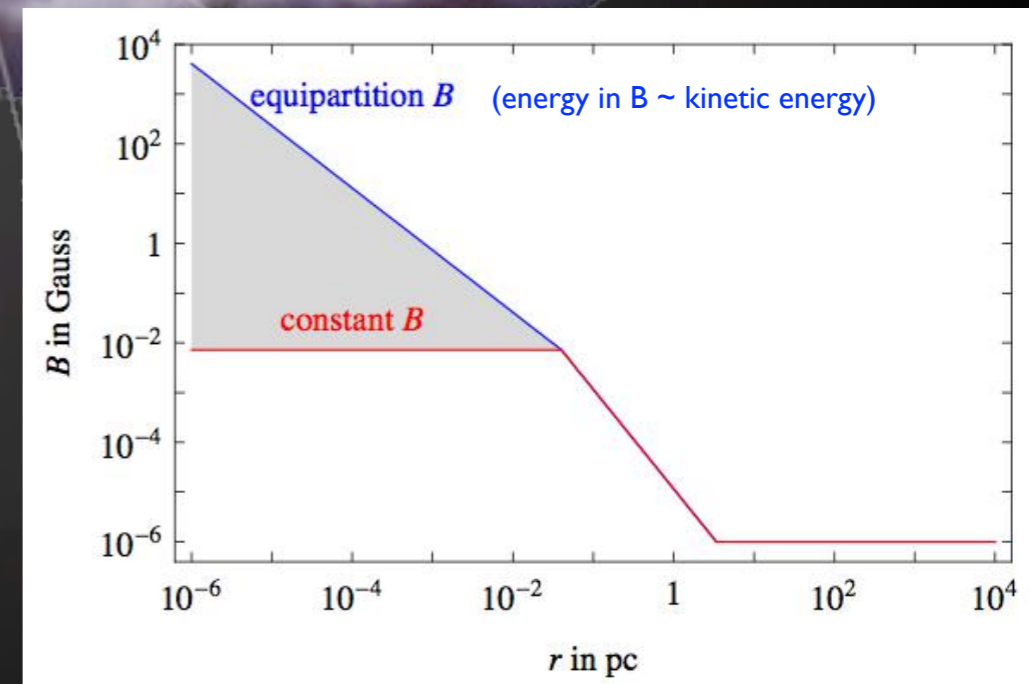
# Indirect Detection: constraints

**e.** radio-waves from synchro radiation of  $e^\pm$  in GC



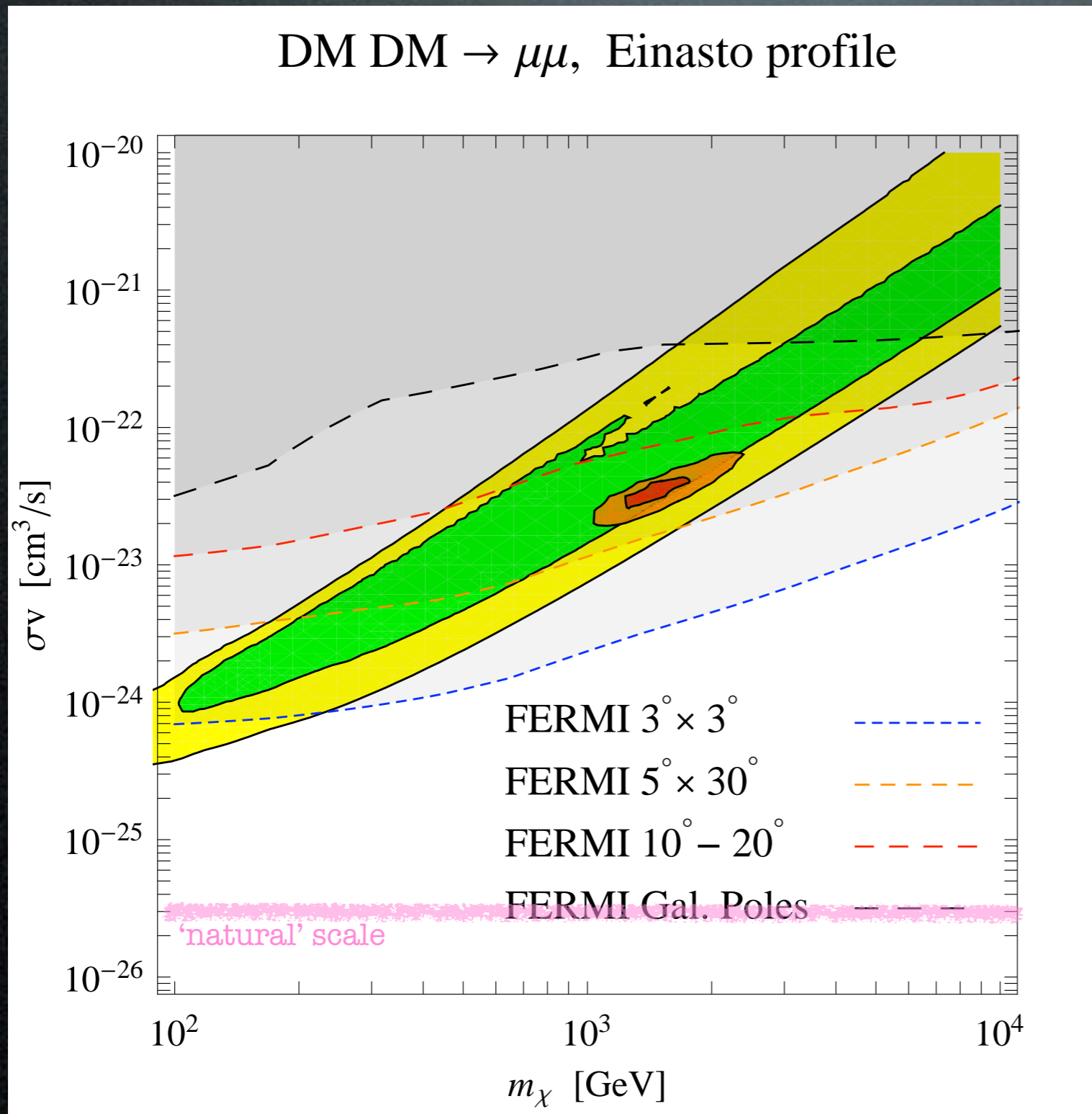
- compute the population of  $e^\pm$  from DM annihilations in the GC
- compute the synchrotron emitted power for different configurations of galactic  $\vec{B}$

(assuming 'scrambled' B; in principle, directionality could focus emission, lift bounds by O(some))



# Gamma constraints

$\gamma$  from Inverse Compton on  $e^\pm$  in halo

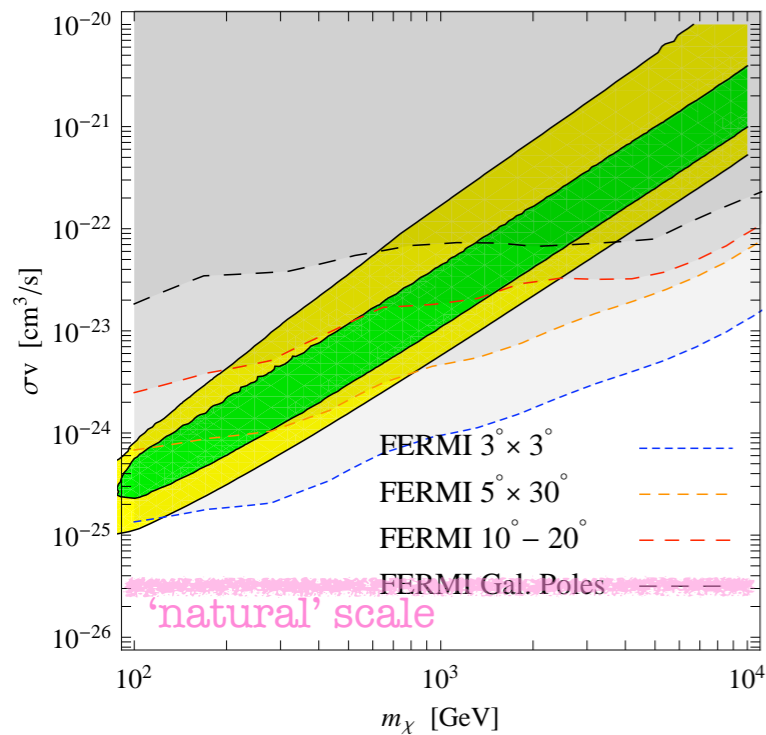


The PAMELA and FERMI regions are in **conflict** with these gamma constraints, and here...

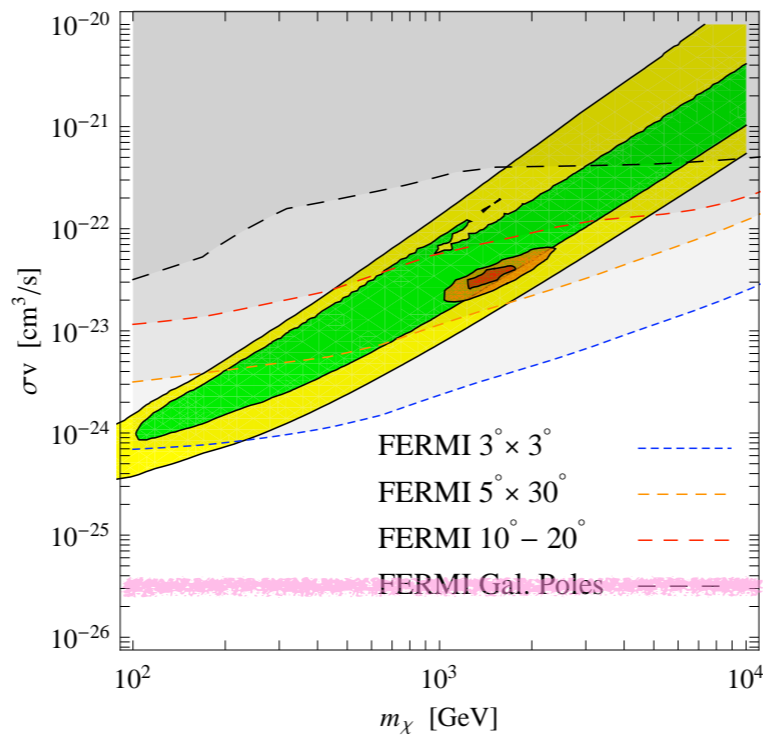
# Gamma constraints

$\gamma$  from Inverse Compton on  $e^\pm$  in halo

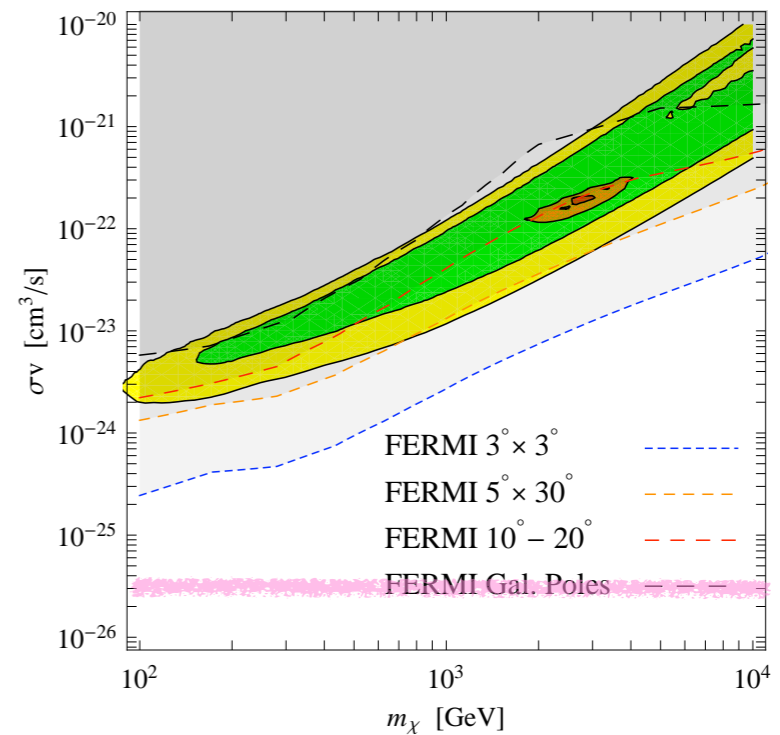
DM DM  $\rightarrow ee$ , Einasto profile



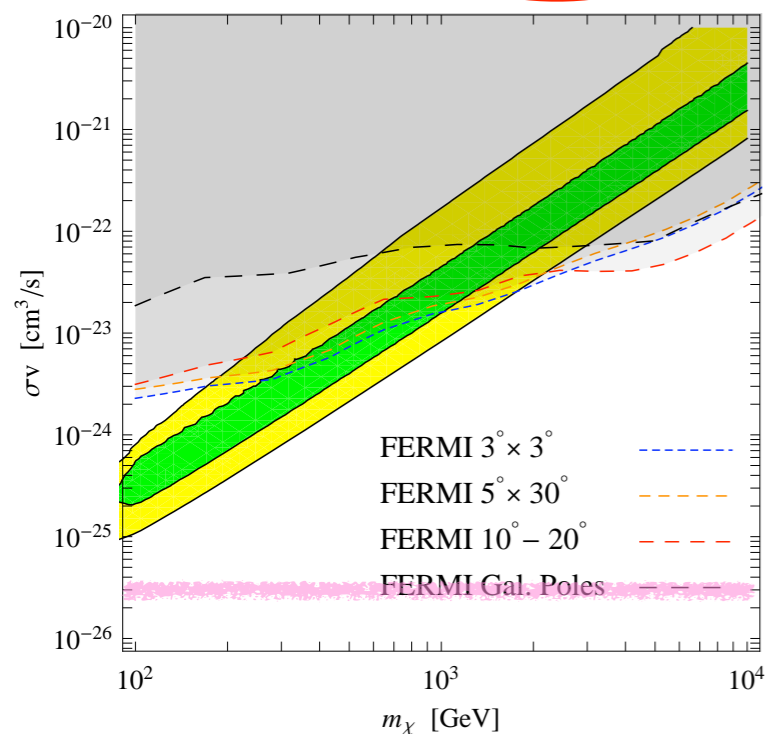
DM DM  $\rightarrow \mu\mu$ , Einasto profile



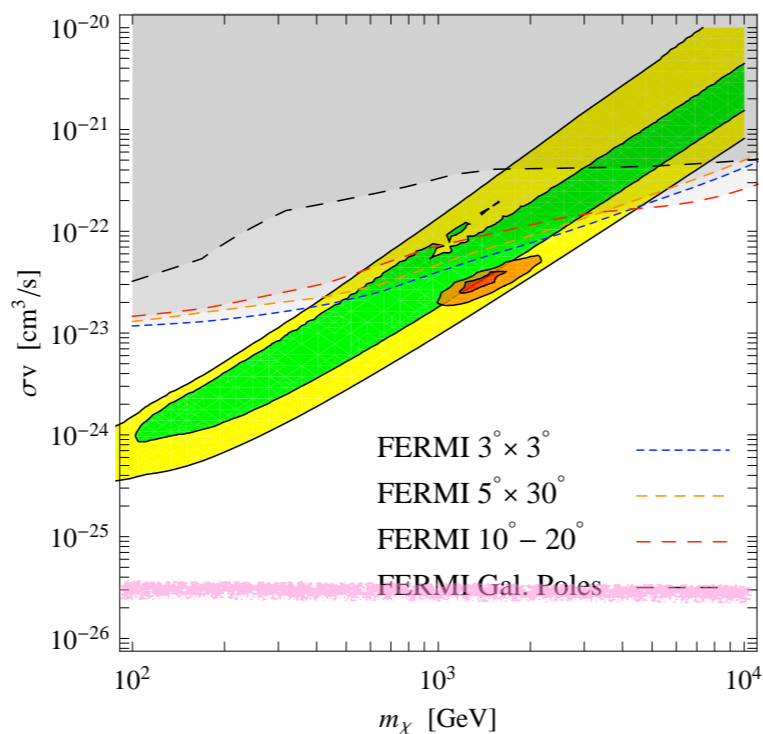
DM DM  $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ , Einasto profile



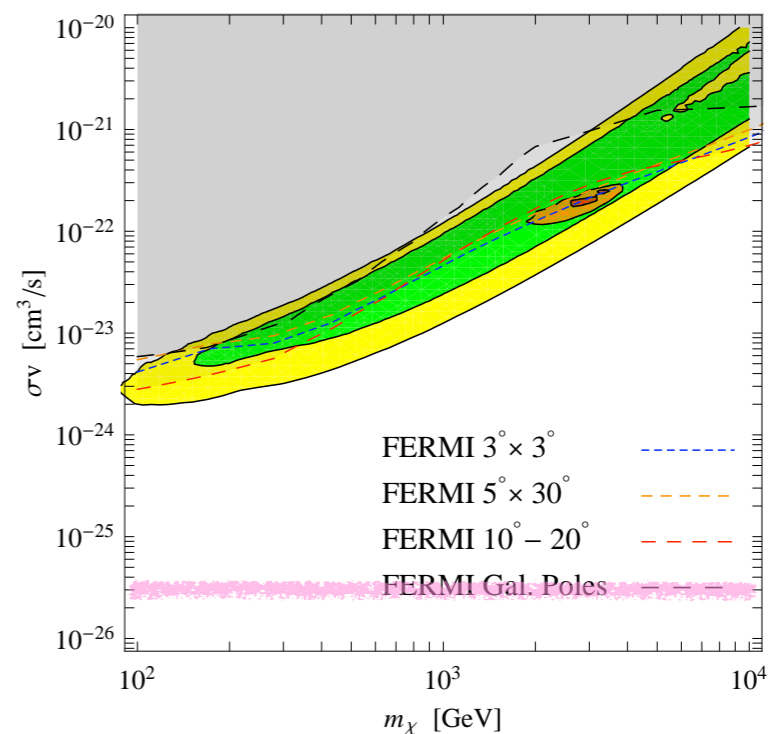
DM DM  $\rightarrow ee$ , Iso profile



DM DM  $\rightarrow \mu\mu$ , Iso profile



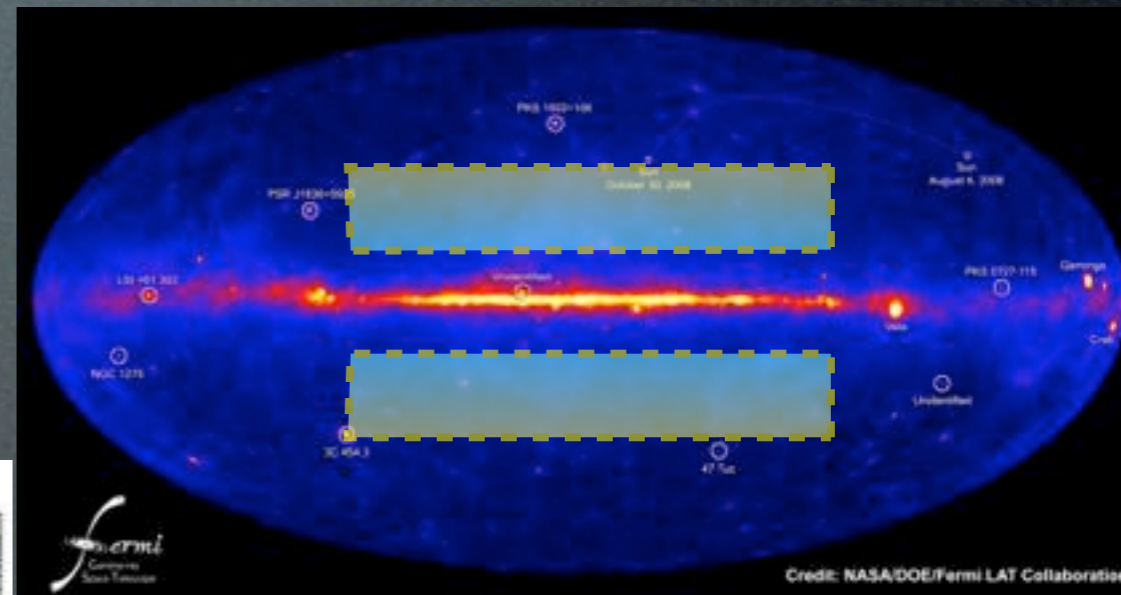
DM DM  $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ , Iso profile



# Gamma constraints

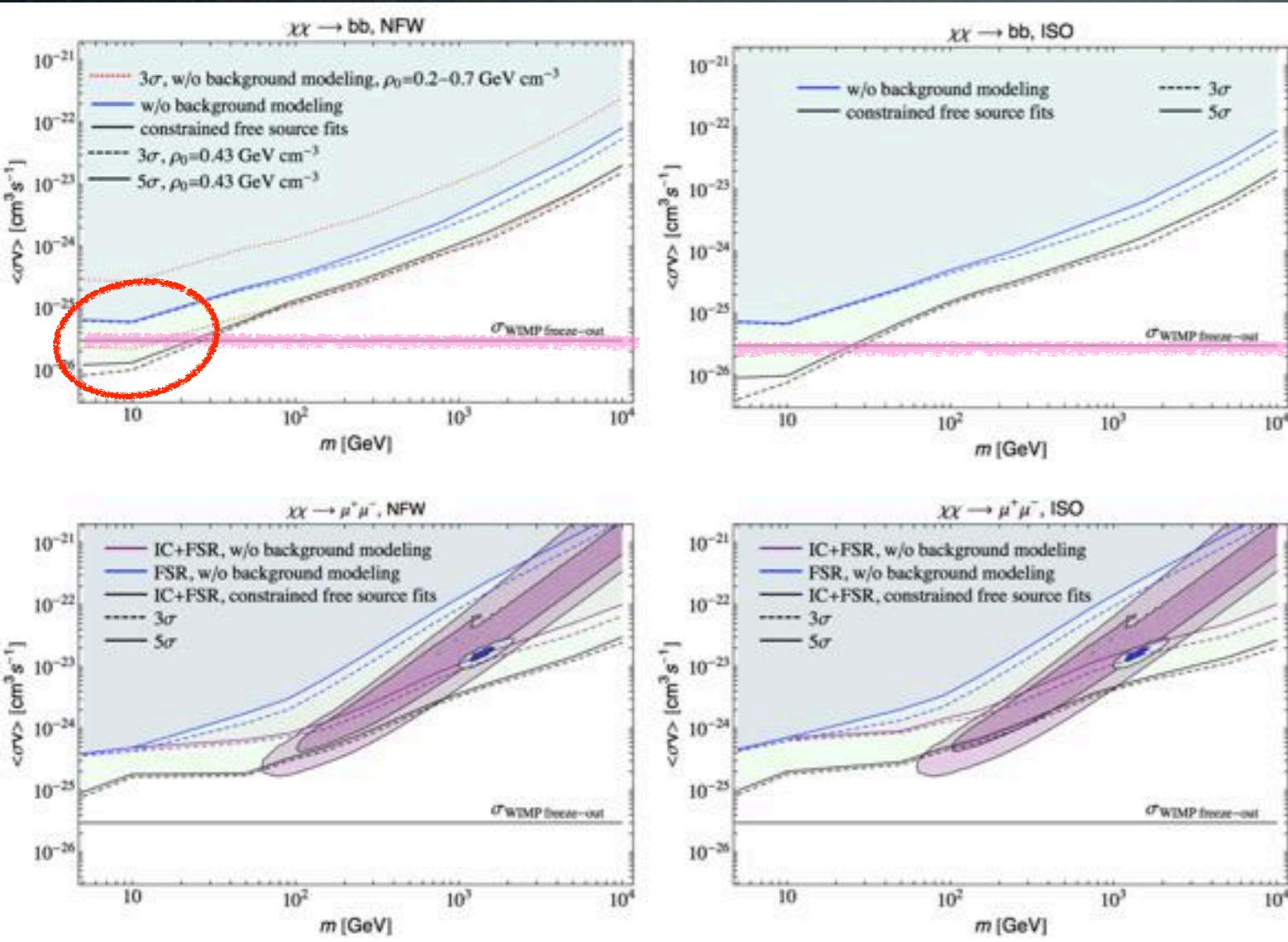
$\gamma$  from Inverse Compton on  $e^\pm$  in halo

Updated results from the **FERMI** coll. itself



Credit: NASA/DOE/Fermi LAT Collaboration

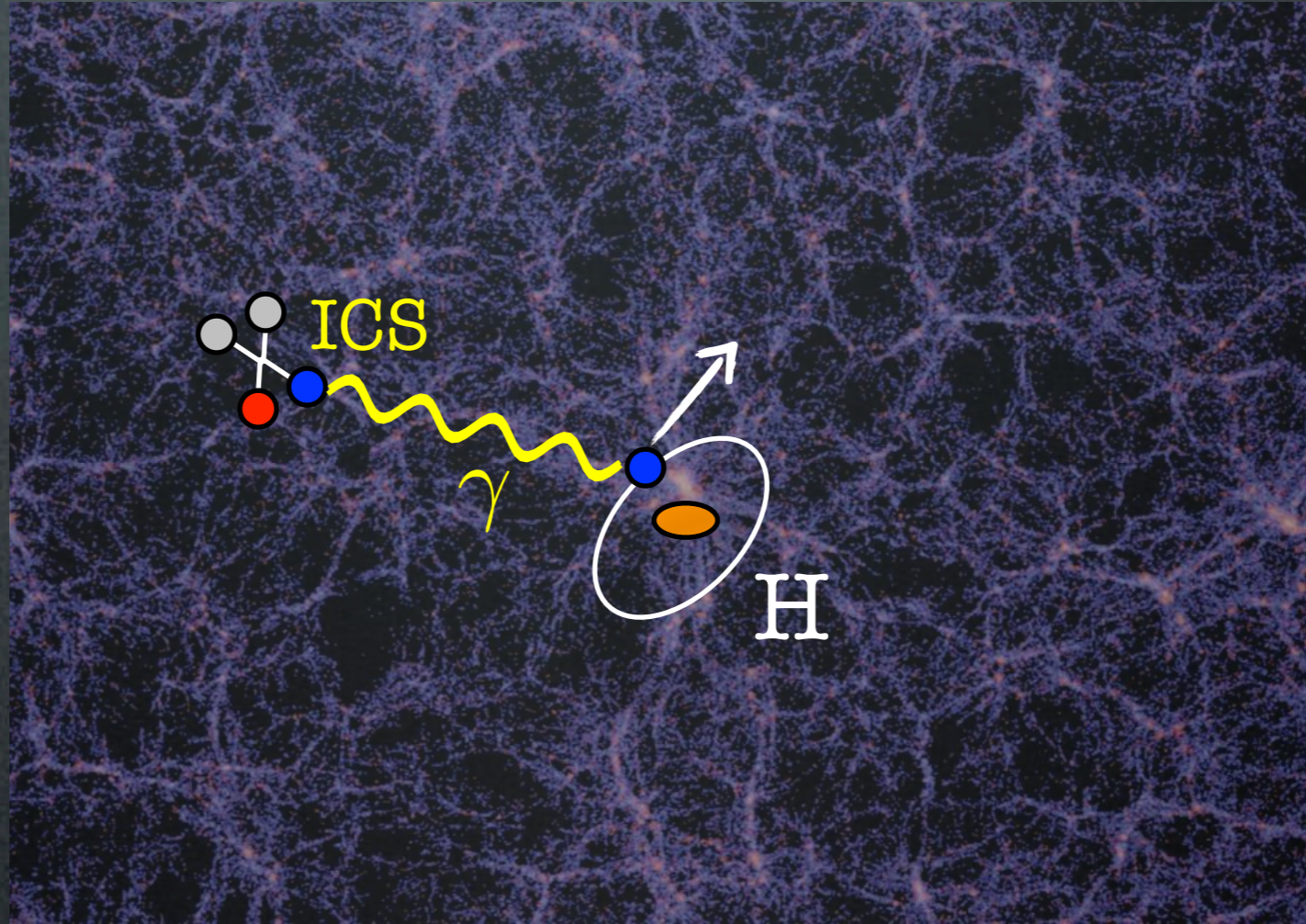
$$5^\circ < b < 15^\circ \\ -80^\circ < \ell < +80^\circ$$



See also:  
Papucci, Strumia,  
0912.0742

# Cosmology: bounds from reionization

DM particle  
annihilations  
produce  
free electrons



$$-n_A H_0 \sqrt{\Omega_M} (1+z)^{11/2} \frac{dx_{\text{ion}}(z)}{dz} = I(z) - R(z).$$

$$I(z) = \int_{e_i}^{m_x} dE_\gamma \frac{dn}{dE_\gamma}(z) \cdot P(E_\gamma, z) \cdot N_{\text{ion}}(E_\gamma)$$

$$P(E_\gamma, z) = n_A (1+z)^3 [1 - x_{\text{ion}}(z)] \cdot \sigma_{\text{tot}}(E_\gamma),$$

$$N_{\text{ion}}(E_\gamma) = \eta_{\text{ion}}(x_{\text{ion}}(z)) E_\gamma \left[ \frac{n_{\text{H}}}{n_A} \frac{1}{e_{i,\text{H}}} + \frac{n_{\text{He}}}{n_A} \frac{1}{e_{i,\text{He}}} \right] = \eta_{\text{ion}}(x_{\text{ion}}(z)) \frac{E_\gamma}{\text{GeV}} \mu$$

$$\frac{dn}{dE_\gamma}(z) = \int_\infty^z dz' \frac{dt}{dz'} \frac{dN}{dE'_\gamma}(z') \frac{(1+z)^3}{(1+z')^3} \cdot A(z') \cdot \exp[\Upsilon(z, z', E'_\gamma)].$$

$$\Upsilon(z, z', E'_\gamma) \simeq - \int_{z'}^z dz'' \frac{dt}{dz''} n_A (1+z'')^3 \sigma_{\text{tot}}(E'_\gamma)$$

$$\frac{dT_{\text{igm}}(z)}{dz} = \frac{2T_{\text{igm}}(z)}{1+z}$$

$$- \frac{1}{H_0 \sqrt{\Omega_M} (1+z)^{5/2}} \left( \frac{x_{\text{ion}}(z)}{1+x_{\text{ion}}(z) + 0.073} \frac{T_{\text{CMB}}(z) - T_{\text{igm}}(z)}{t_c(z)} + \frac{2\eta_{\text{heat}}(x_{\text{ion}}(z)) \mathcal{E}(z)}{3n_A (1+z)^3} \right).$$

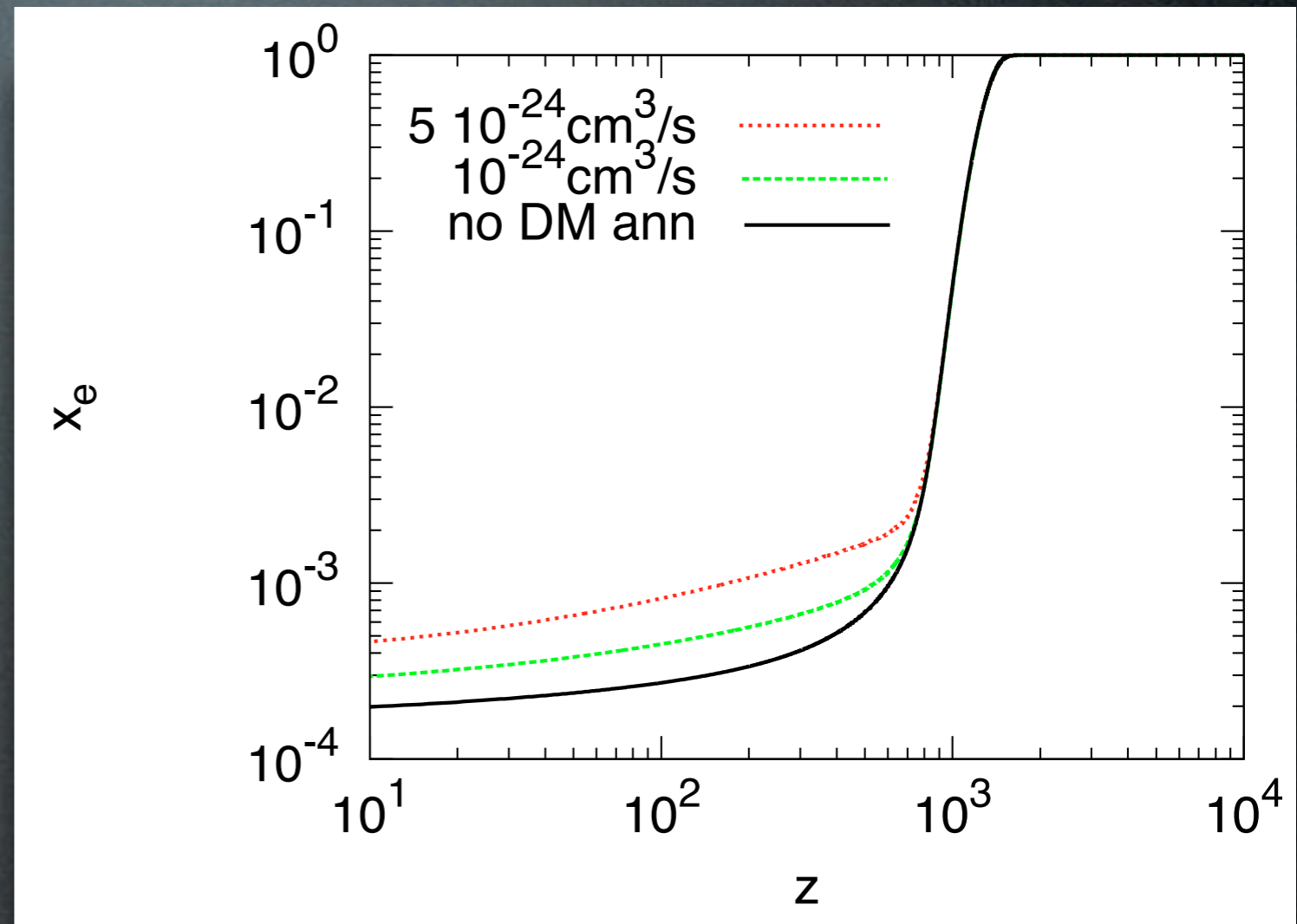
$$A(z) = \frac{\langle \sigma v \rangle}{2m_\chi^2} \rho_{\text{DM},0}^2 (1+z)^6 (1 + \mathcal{B}_i(z)),$$

$$\mathcal{B}_i(z) = \frac{\Delta_{\text{vir}}(z)}{3\rho_c \Omega_M} \int_{M_{\text{min}}}^\infty dM M \frac{dn}{dM}(z, M) F_i(M, z),$$

$$\frac{dn}{dM}(M, z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\rho_M}{M} \delta_c (1+z) \frac{d\sigma(R)}{dM} \frac{1}{\sigma^2(R)} \exp\left(-\frac{\delta_c^2 (1+z)^2}{2\sigma^2(R)}\right)$$

# Cosmology: bounds from reionization

DM particles that fit  
PAMELA+FERMI+HESS  
produce  
free electrons

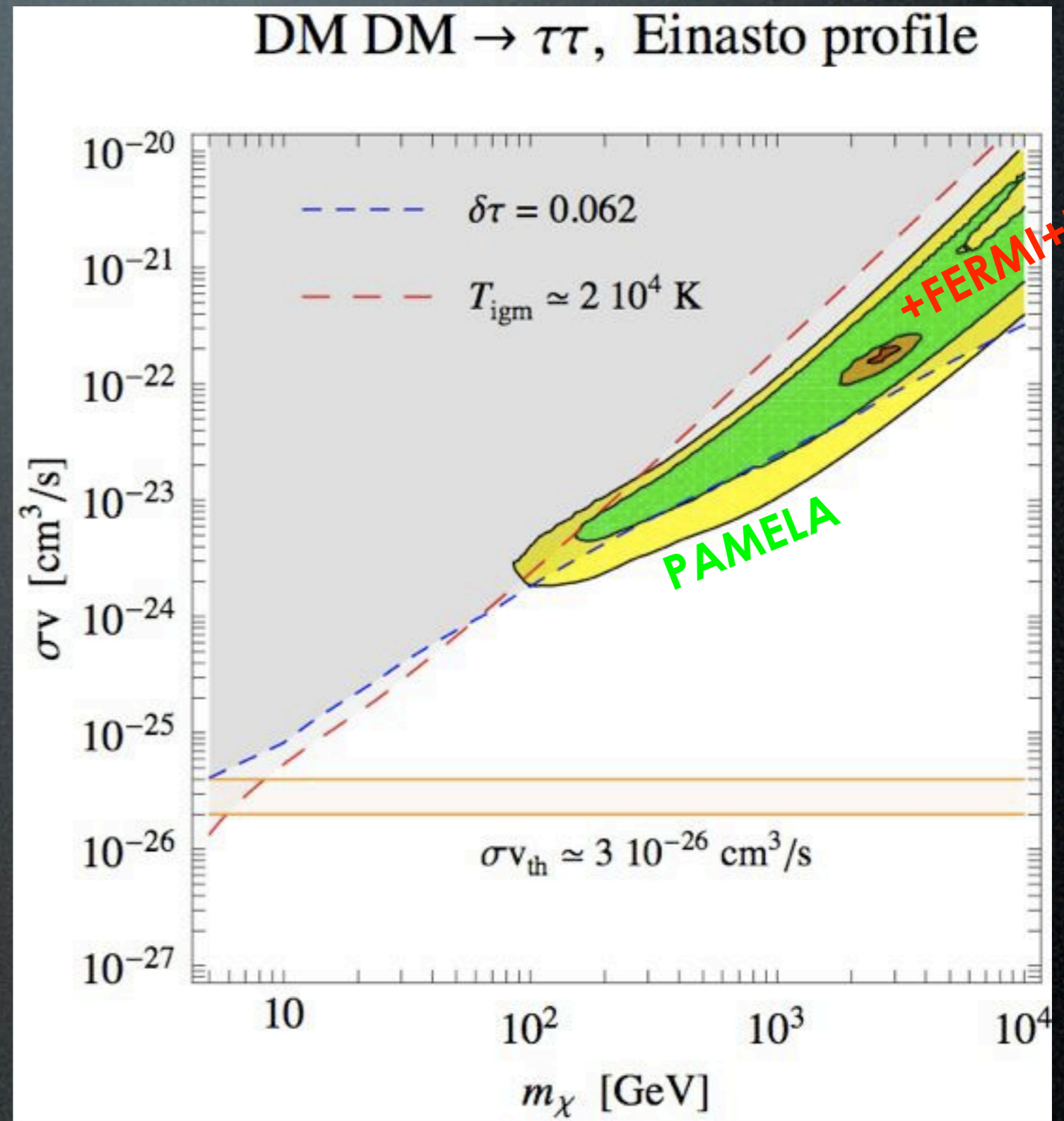


Kanzaki et al., 0907.3985



# Cosmology: bounds from reionization

DM particles that fit  
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produce **too many**  
**free electrons**:  
bounds on **optical depth**  
of the Universe violated  
 $\tau = 0.084 \pm 0.016$  (WMAP-5yr)



see also:

Huetsi, Hektor, Raidal 0906.4550

Kanzaki et al., 0907.3985

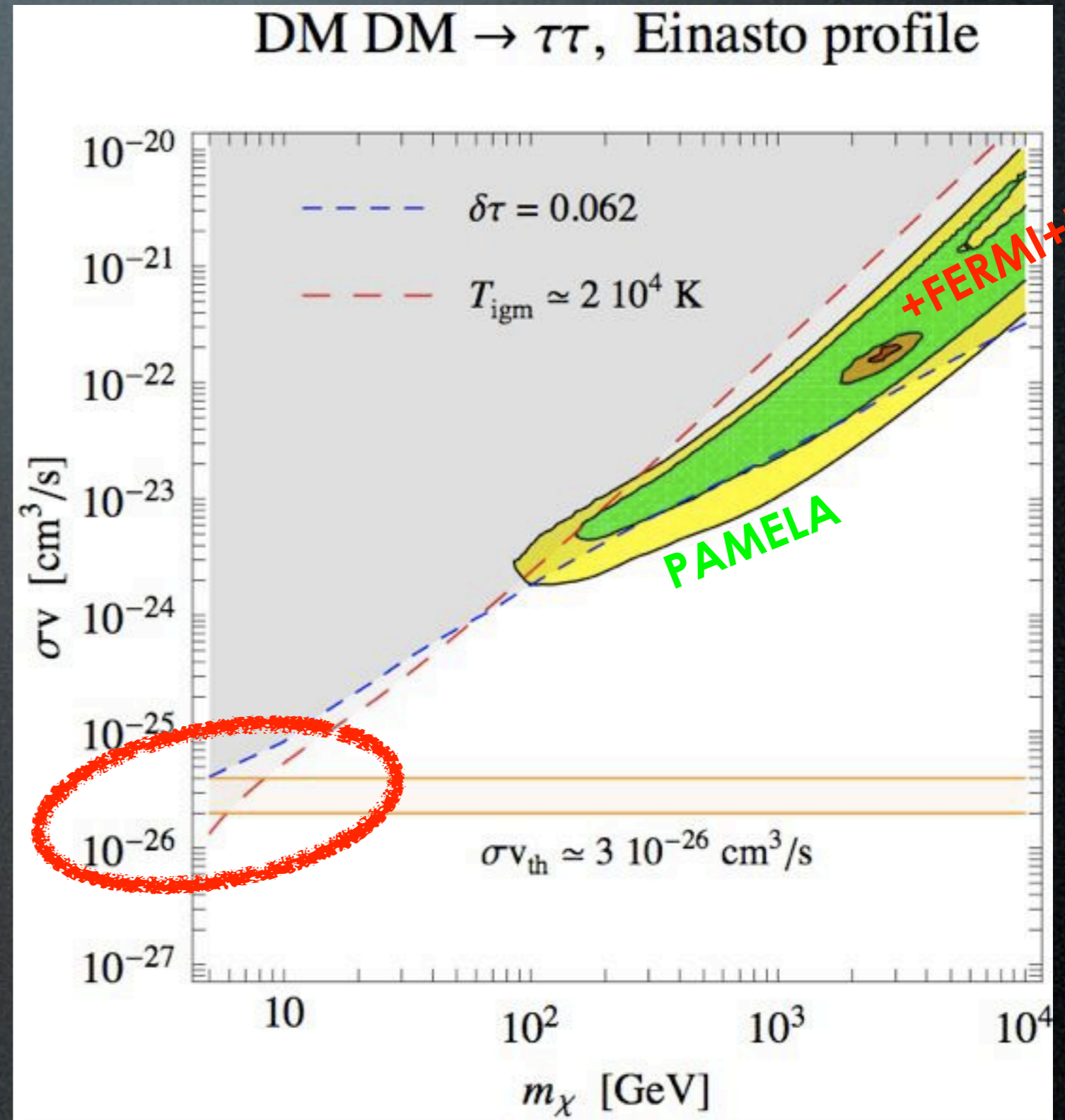
Huetsi et al., 1103.2766

Cirelli, Iocco, Panci, JCAP 0910

# Cosmology: bounds from reionization

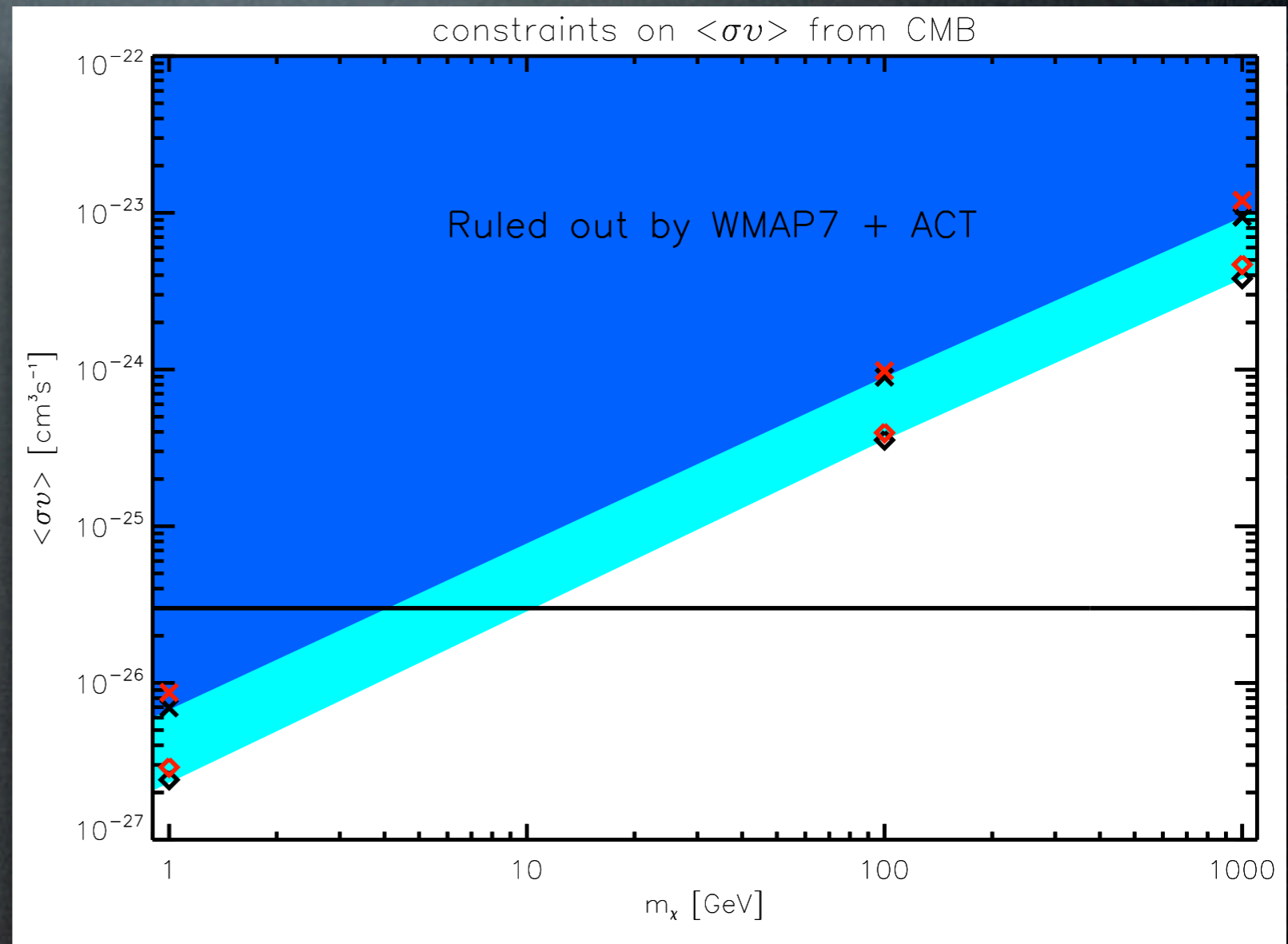
DM particles that fit  
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produce **too many**  
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bounds on **optical depth**  
of the Universe violated  
 $\tau = 0.084 \pm 0.016$  (WMAP-5yr)

Starts constraining  
even thermal DM!



# Cosmology: bounds from CMB

Similar conclusion  
from global CMB fits



Galli, Iocco, Bertone, Melchiorri, PRD 80 (2009)

Slatyer, Padmanabahn, Finkbeiner, PRD 80 (2009)

Galli, Iocco, Bertone, Melchiorri, 1106.1528 (2011)

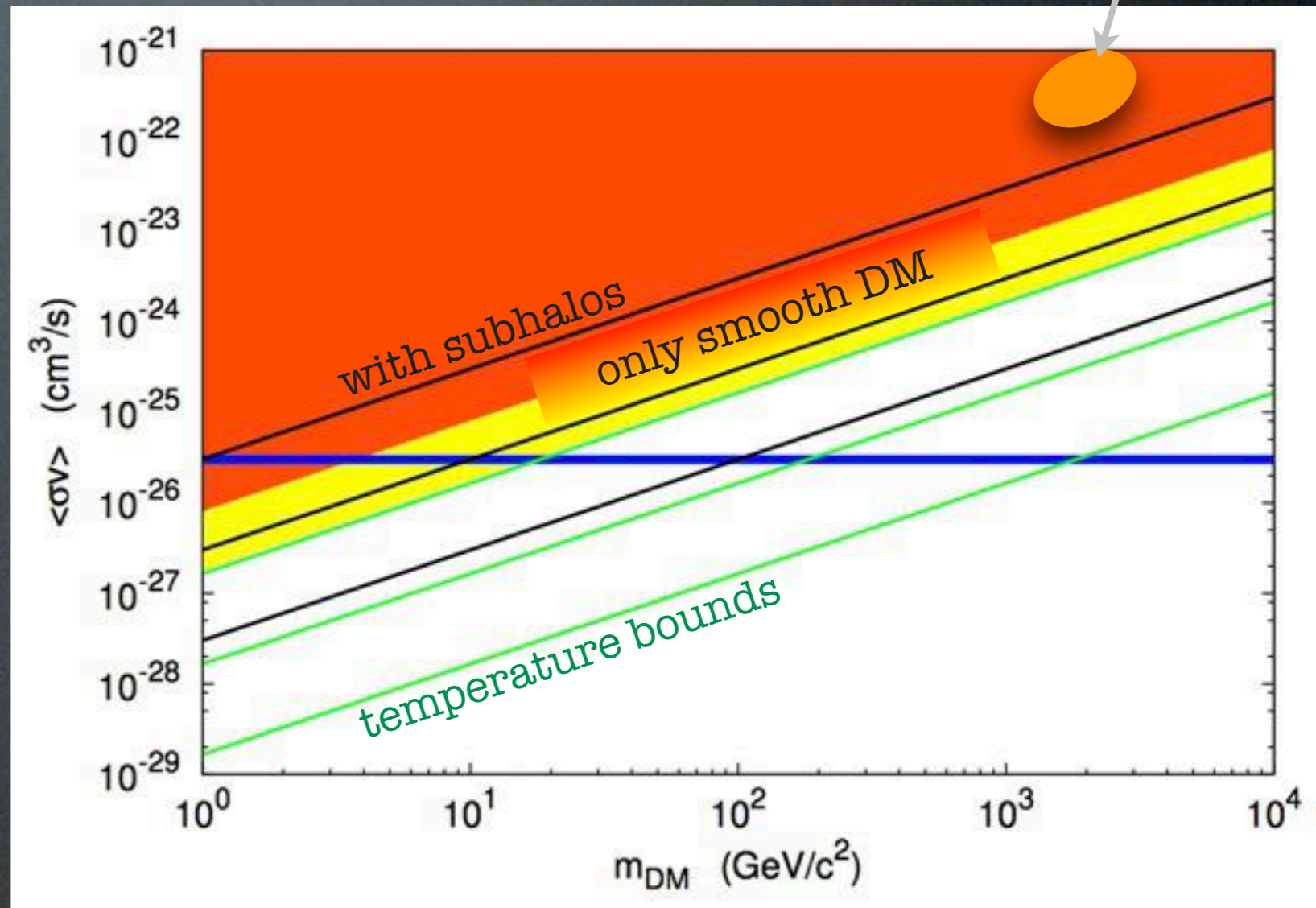
see also: Finkbeiner, Galli, Lin, Slatyer 1109.6322 (2011)

Galli, Slatyer, Valdes, Iocco, 1306.0563 (2013)

# Cosmology: bounds from CMB

(indicatively) PAMELA  
+FERMI+HESS

Similar conclusion  
from global CMB fits



Giesen, Lesgourgues, Audren, Ali-Haïmoud (2012)

see also: Finkbeiner, Galli, Lin, Slatyer 1109.6322 (2011)  
Galli, Slatyer, Valdes, Iocco, 1306.0563 (2013)

# Theorist's reaction



# Theorist's reaction



1. the 'PAMELA frenzy'

# Challenges for the 'conventional' DM candidates

Needs:

**SuSy DM**

**KK DM**

- TeV or multi-TeV masses

difficult

ok

- no hadronic channels

difficult

difficult

- very large flux

no

ok

for any Majorana DM,  
s-wave annihilation cross section

$$\sigma_{\text{ann}}(\text{DM DM} \rightarrow f \bar{f}) \propto \left( \frac{m_f}{M_{\text{DM}}} \right)^2$$

# Gamma rays

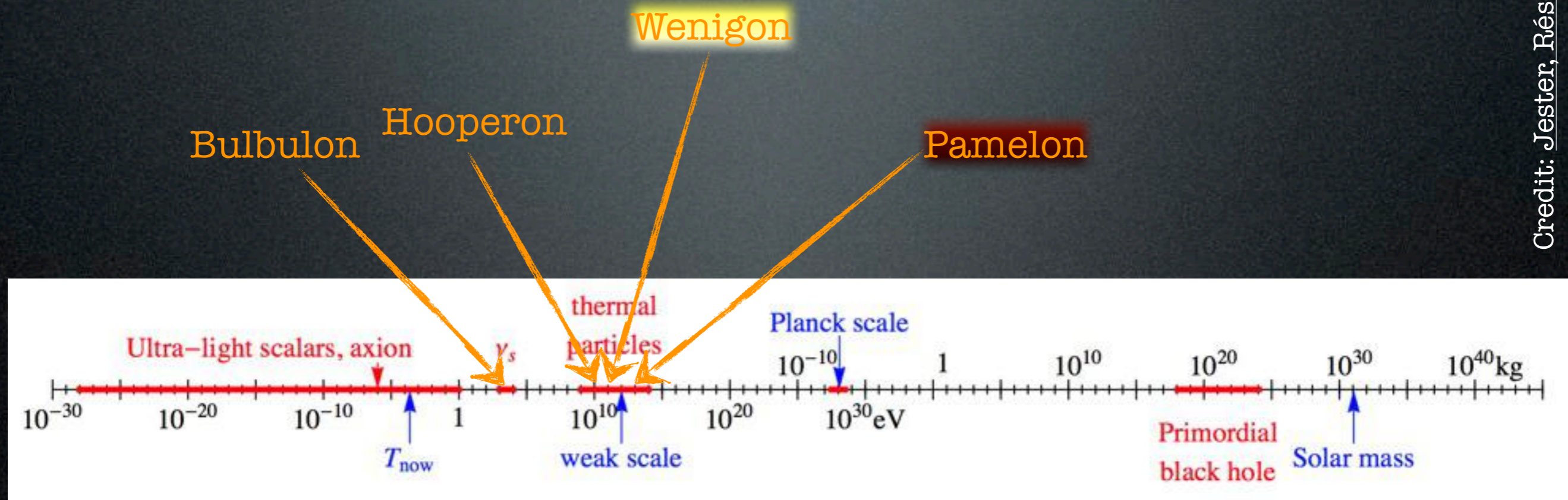


2. the '130 GeV line'



# DM Candidates

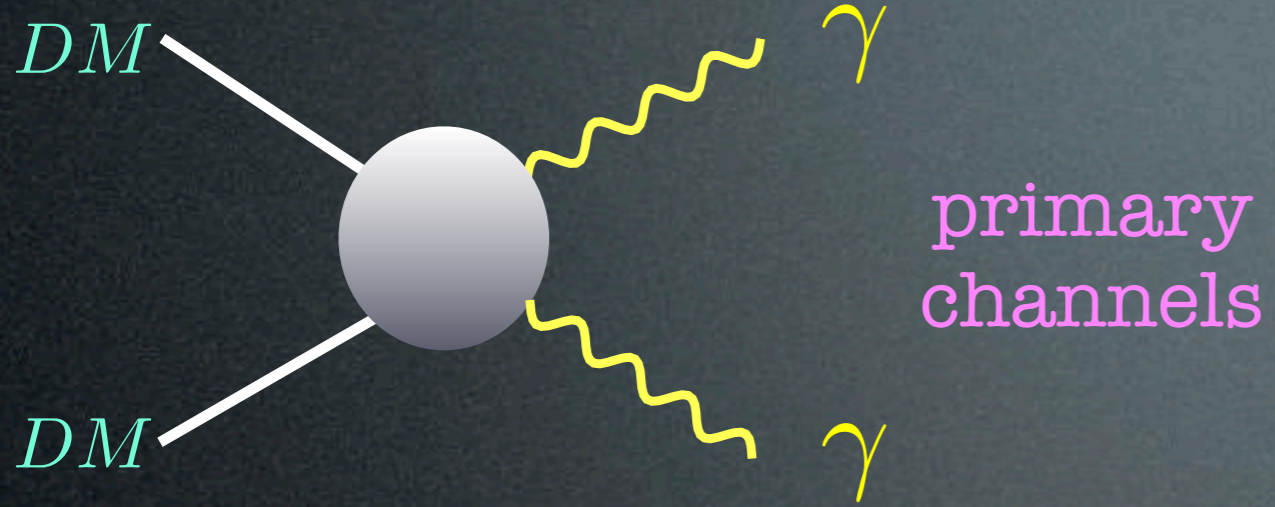
A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges



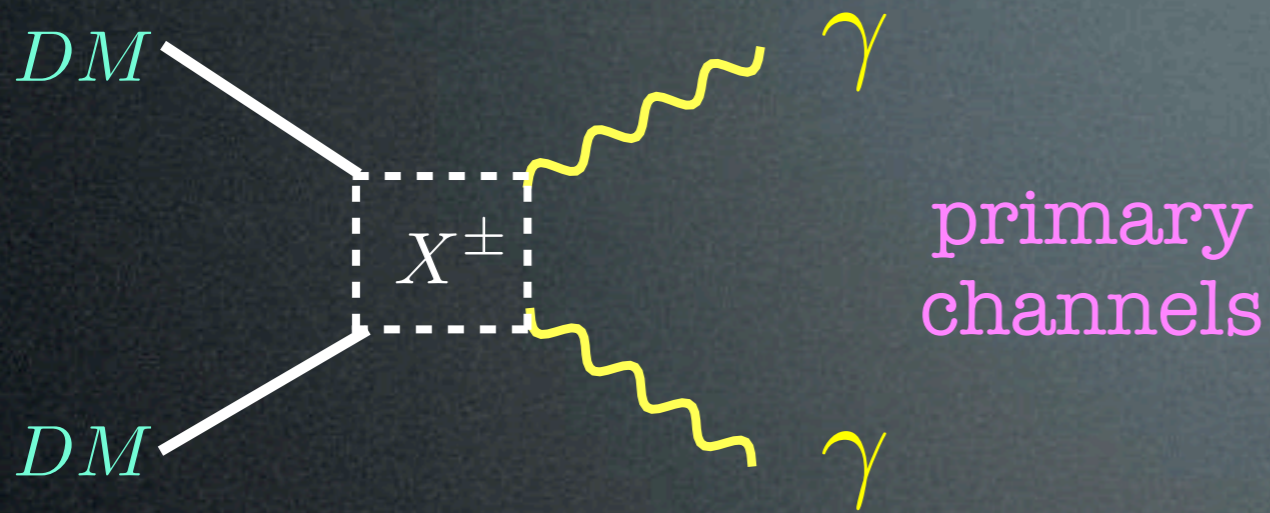
Credit: Jester, Résonances

‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!

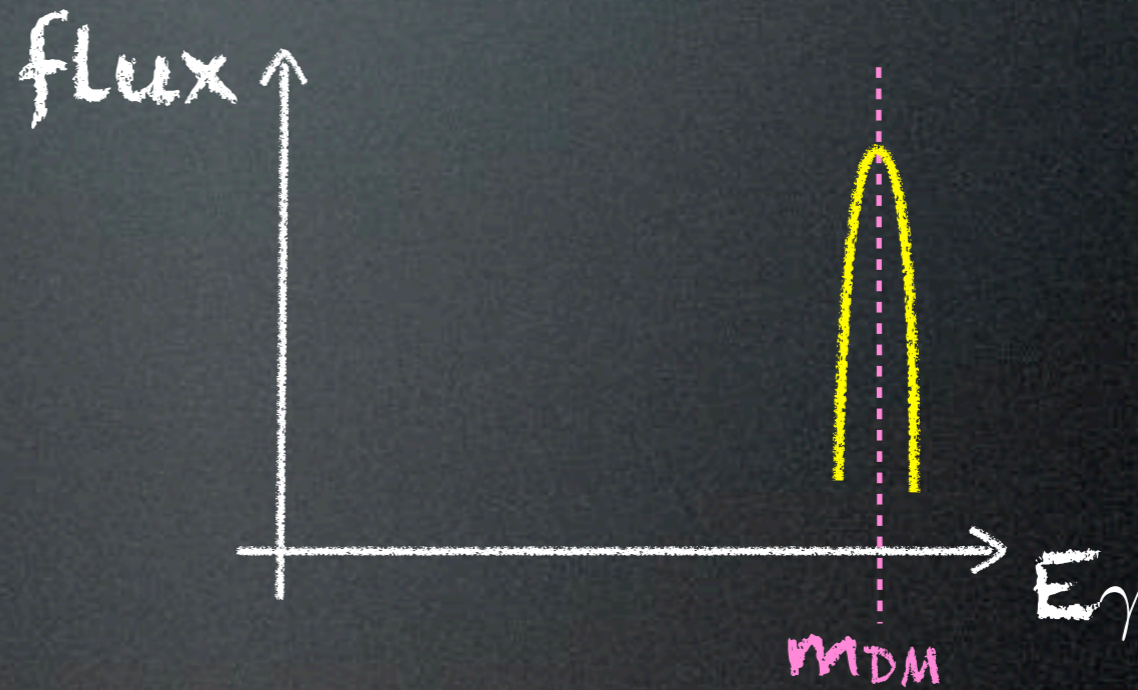
# Prompt emission: line(s)



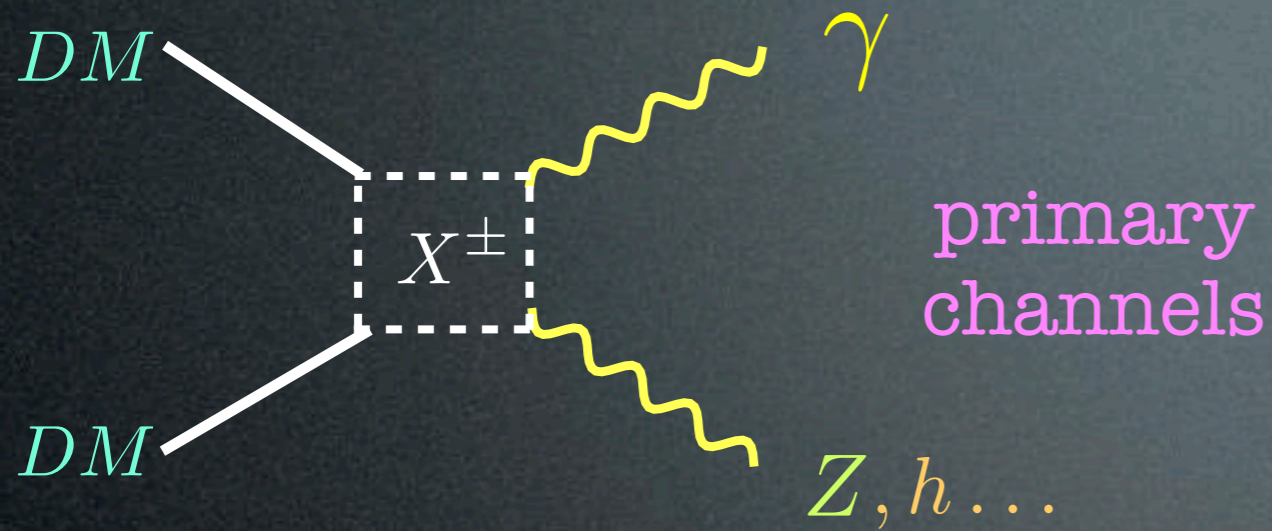
# Prompt emission: line(s)



$$E_\gamma = m_{DM}$$

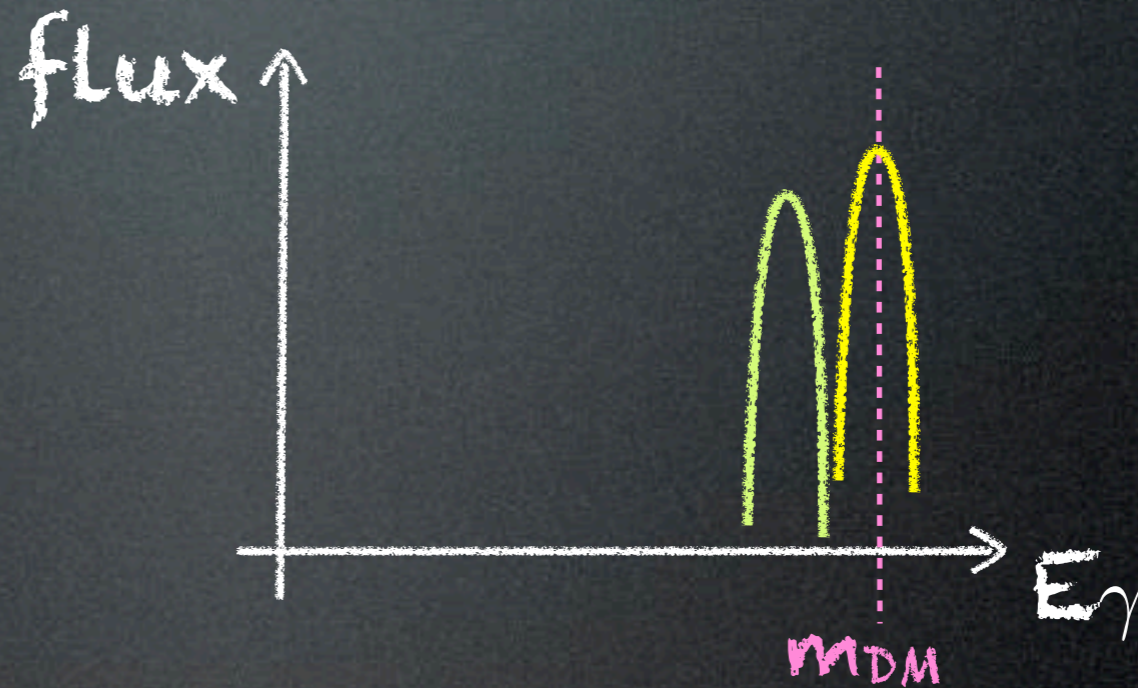


# Prompt emission: line(s)

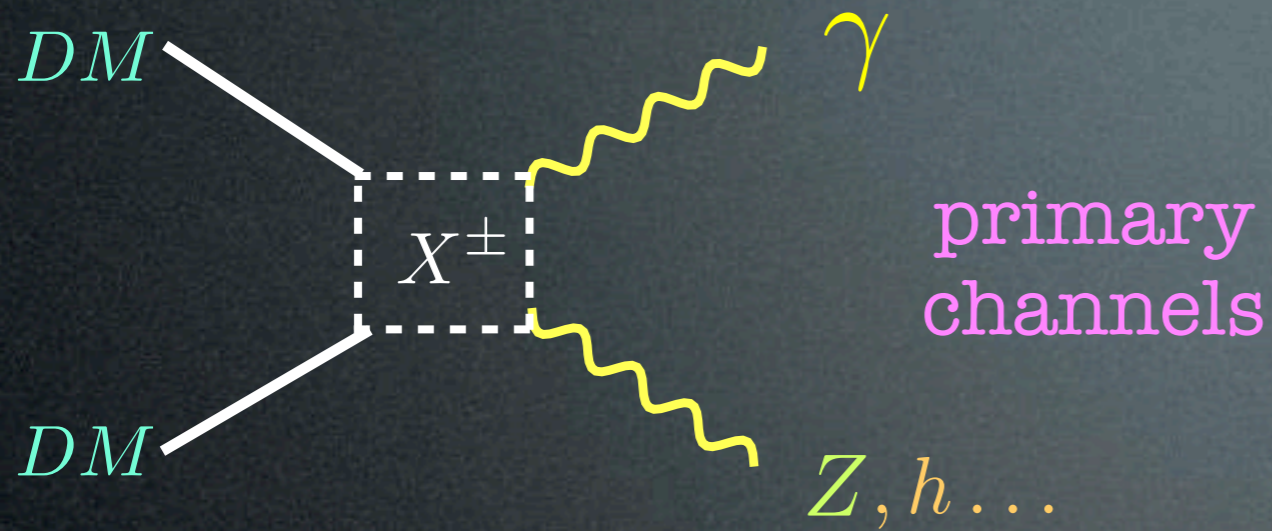


$$E_\gamma = m_{DM}$$

$$E_\gamma = m_{DM} \left( 1 - \frac{m_Z^2}{4m_{DM}^2} \right)$$

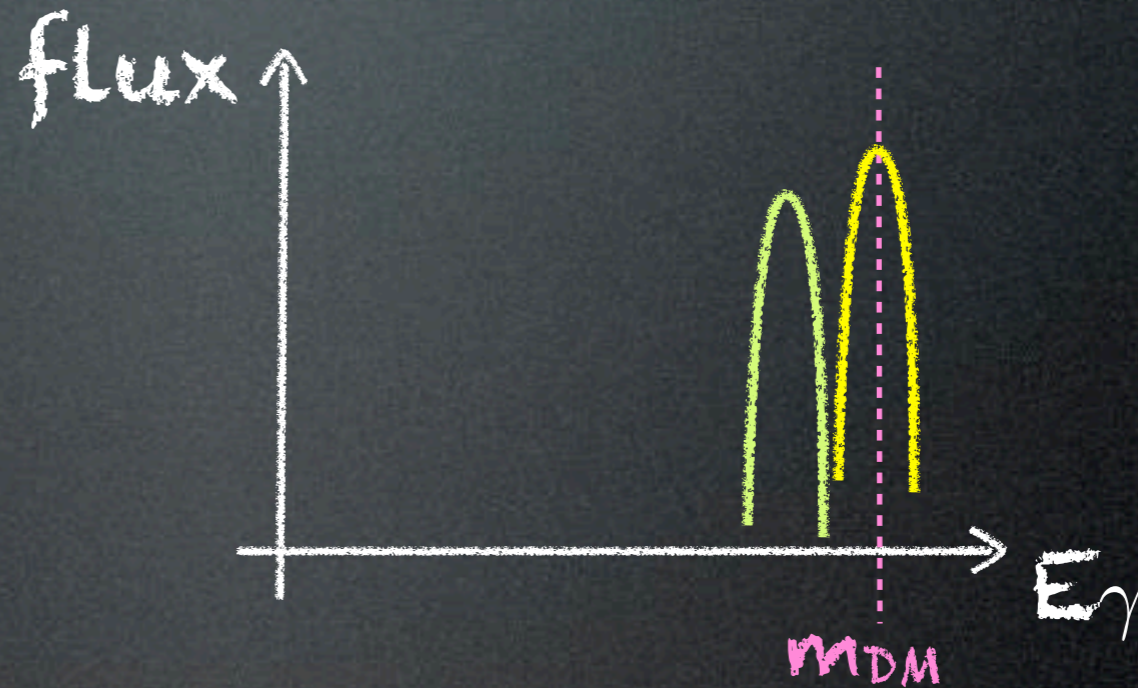


# Prompt emission: line(s)



$$E_\gamma = m_{\text{DM}}$$

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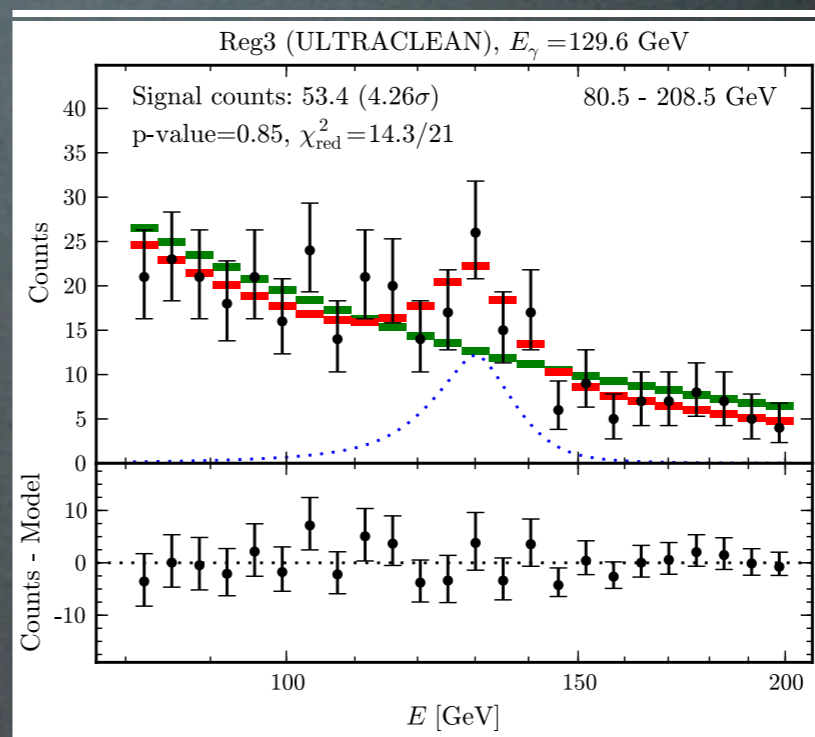
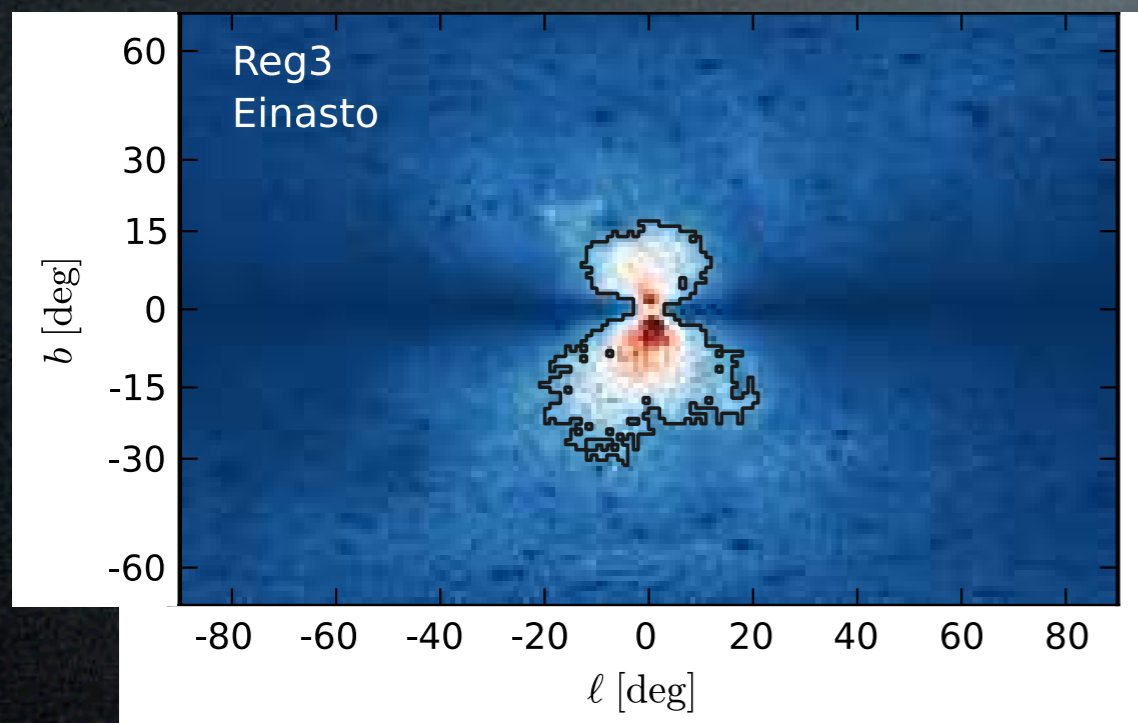


So what are the particle physics parameters?

1. Dark Matter mass
2. annihilation cross section  $\sigma_{\text{ann}}$

# Fermi 130 GeV line

What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data?



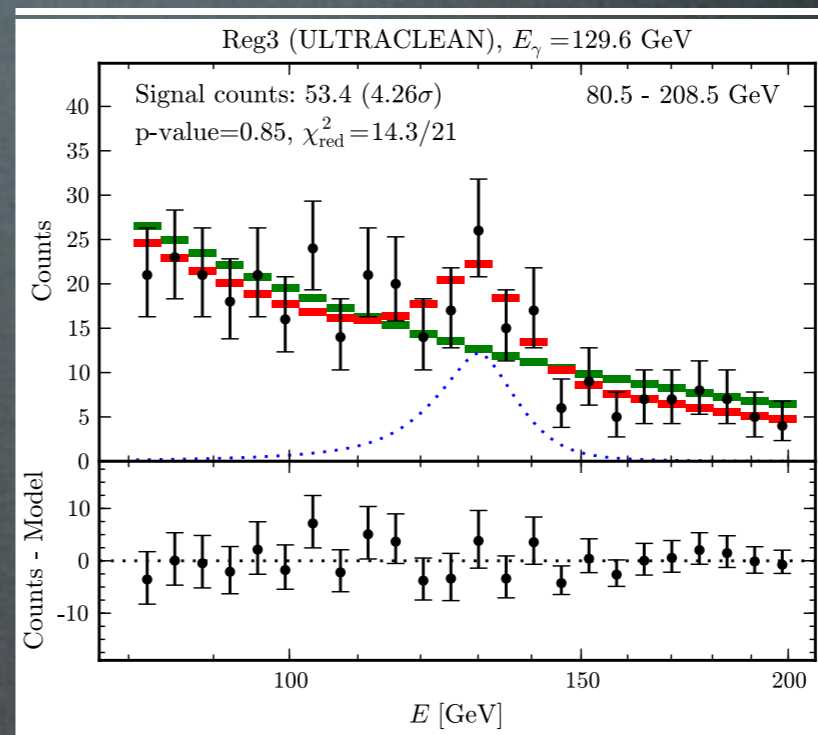
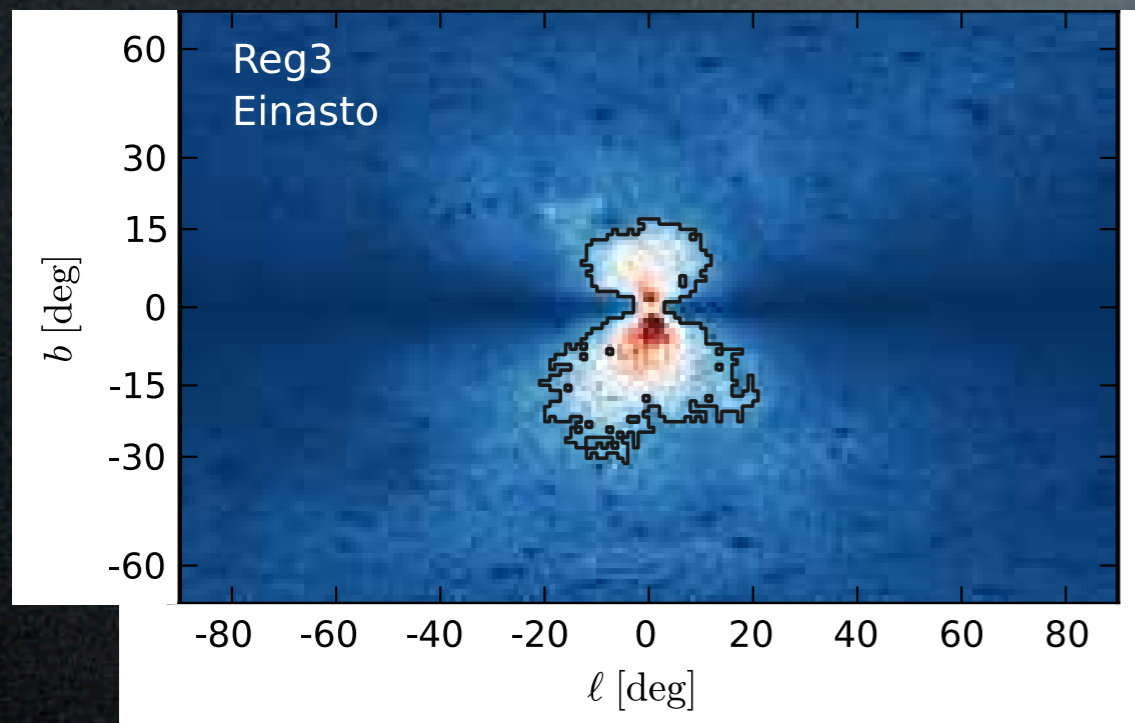
Ch. Weniger,  
1204.2797

$4.6\sigma$  ( $3.3\sigma$  with LEE)

$\langle\sigma v\rangle_{\chi\chi\rightarrow\gamma\gamma} \simeq$   
 $1.3 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$   
(large!)

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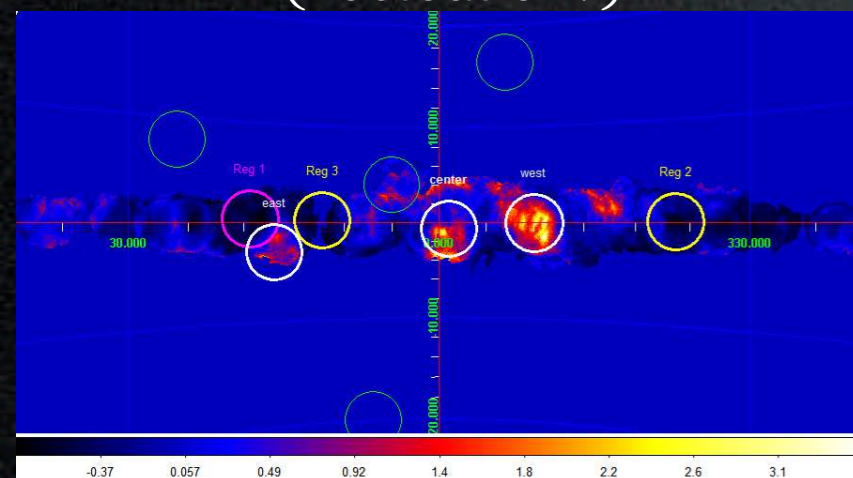
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle_{\chi\chi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma} \simeq 1.3 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

(large!)

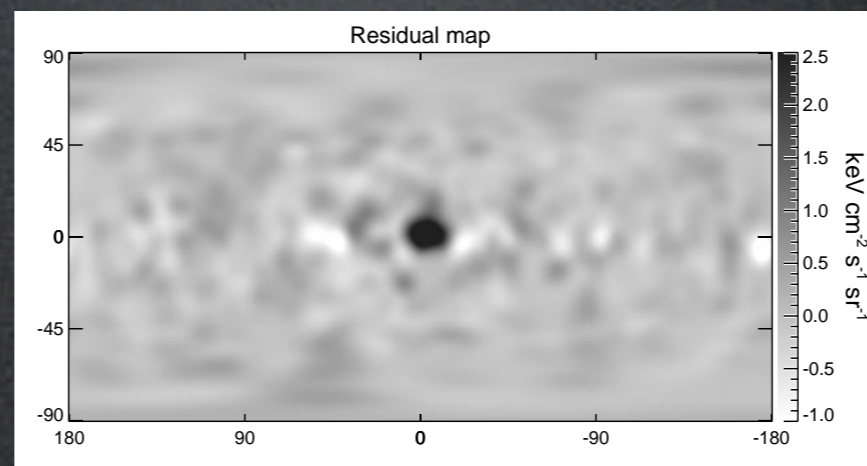
Similar excesses found elsewhere  
(fluctuation?)

The excess is only in the GC  
(actually, a bit off-set)

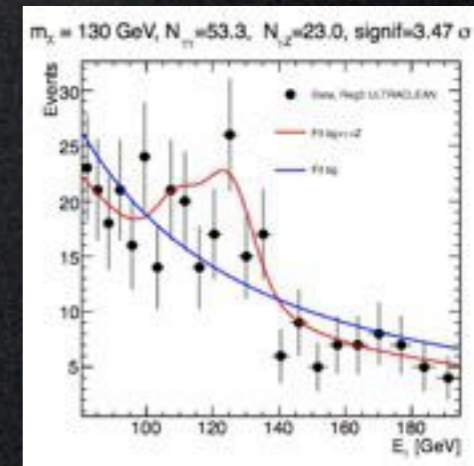
And there might be 2 lines:  
111 GeV, 129 GeV



Boyarsky, Malyshev,  
Ruchayskiy, 1205.4700



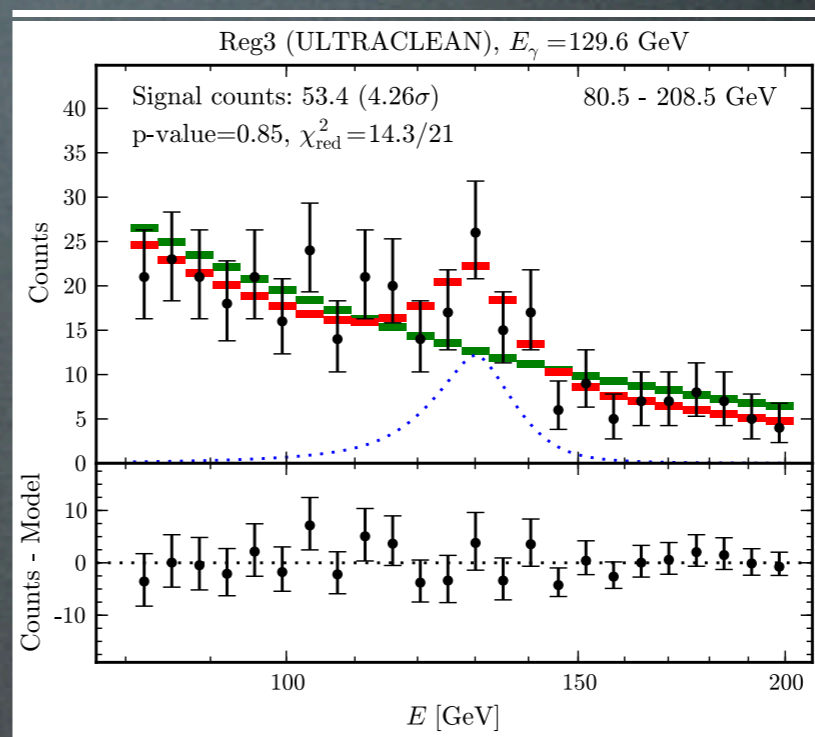
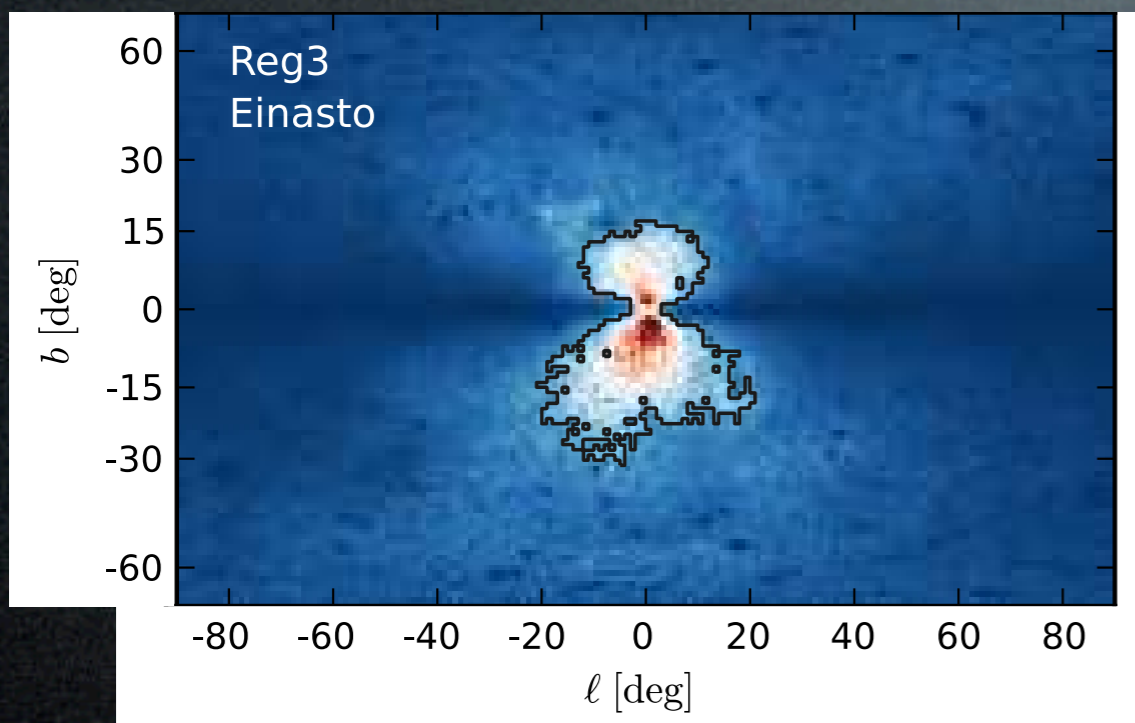
Su, Finkbeiner, 1206.1616



Rajaraman, Tait, Whiteson  
1205.4723  
Su, Finkbeiner 1206.1616  
Su Finkbeiner 1207.7060

# Fermi 130 GeV line

What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data?



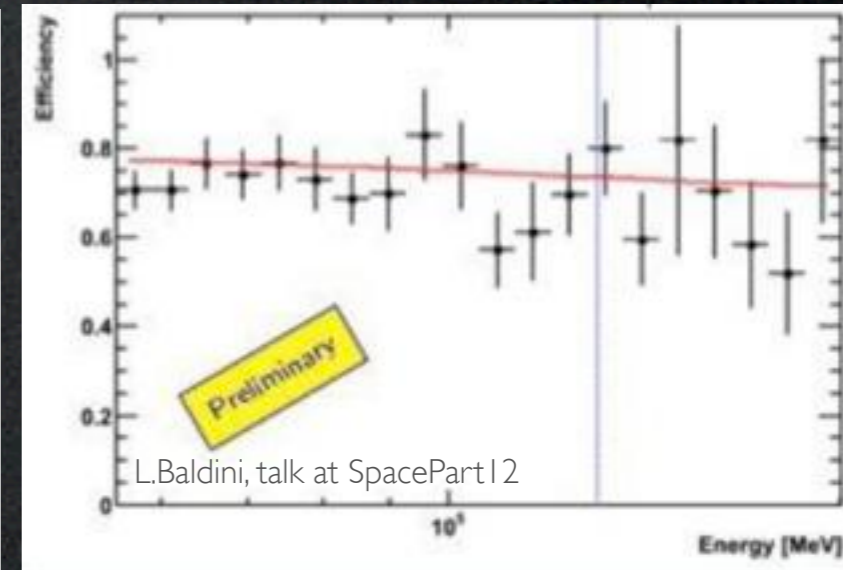
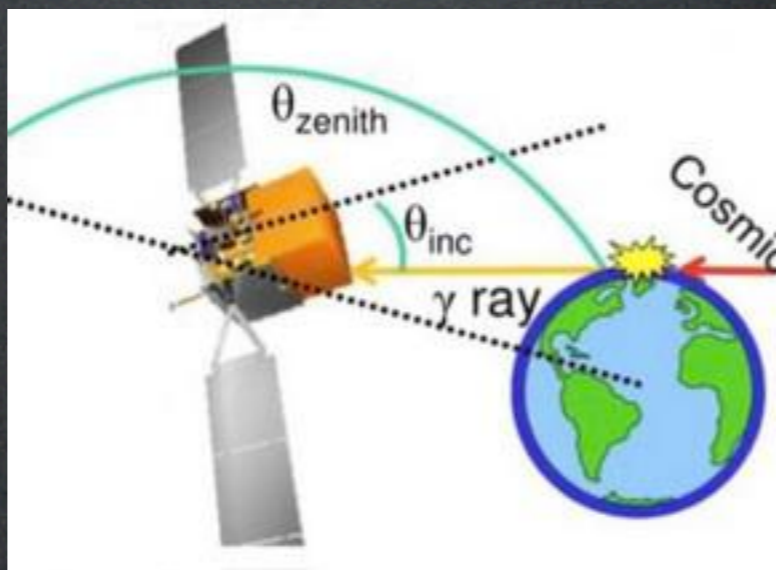
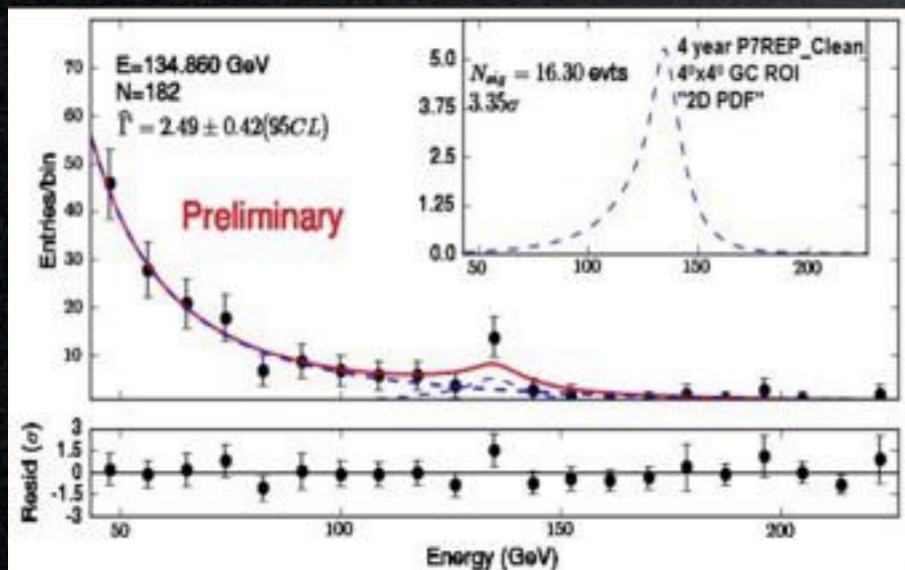
Ch. Weniger,  
1204.2797

$4.6\sigma$  ( $3.3\sigma$  with LEE)

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(large!)

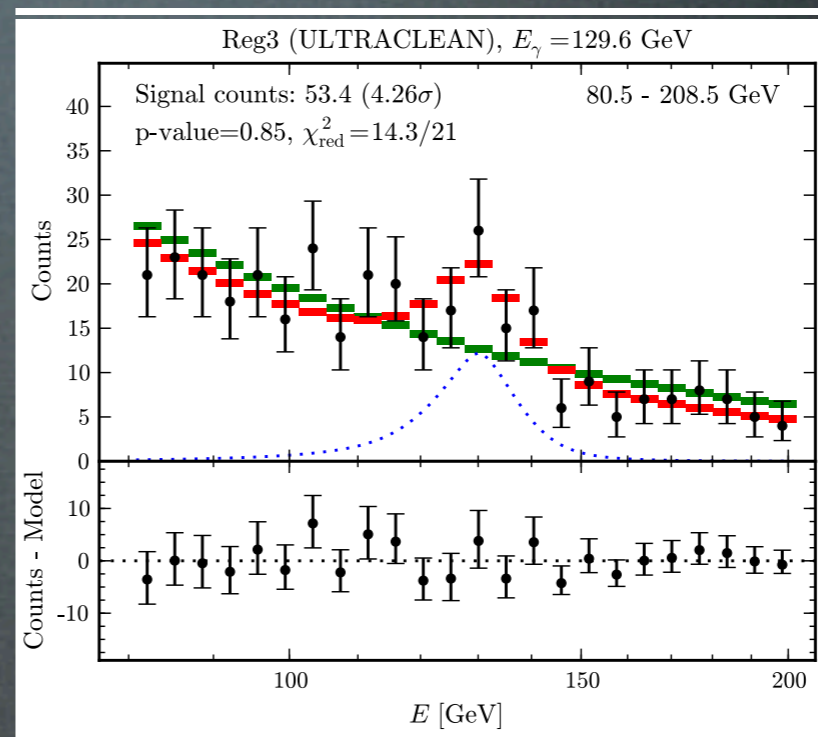
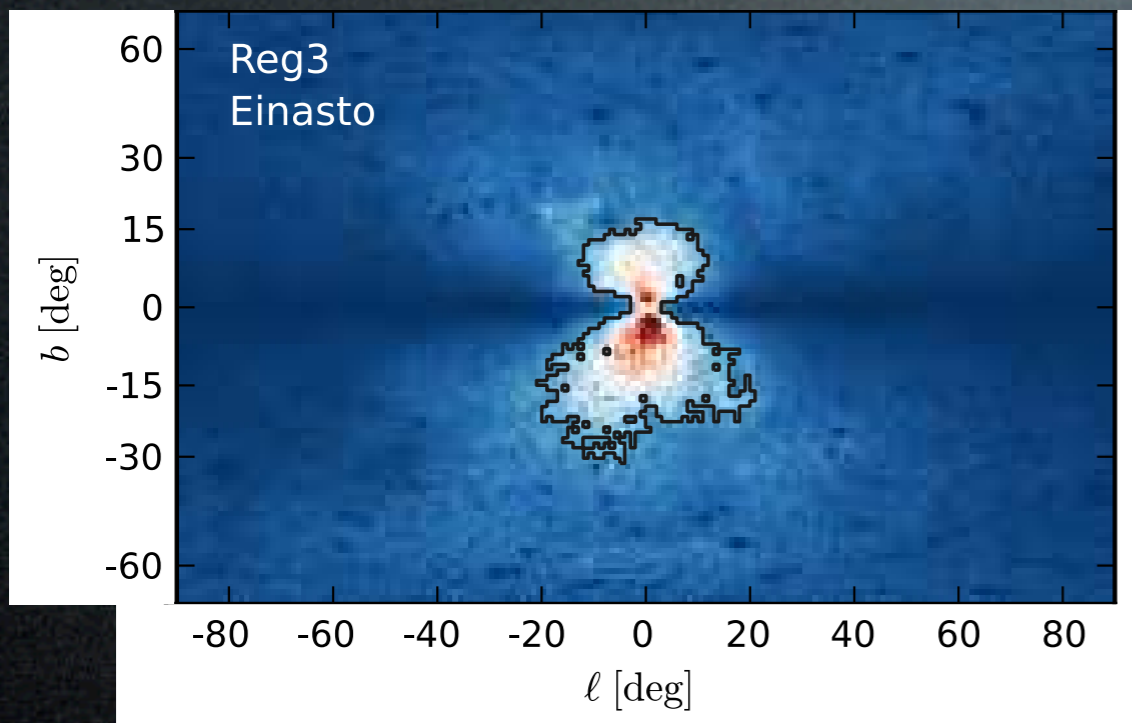
The Fermi coll's cold shower. An instrumental effect?





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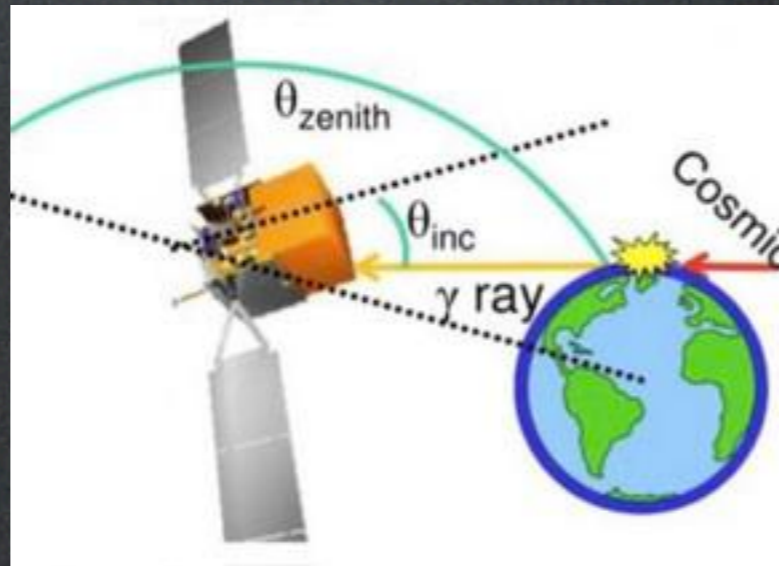
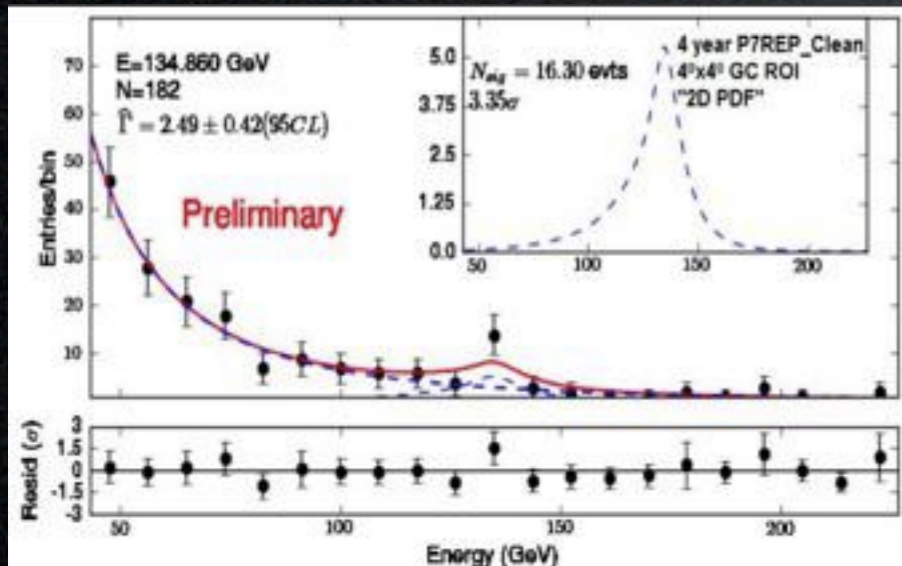


Ch. Weniger,  
1204.2797

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 $1.3 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$   
(large!)

The Fermi coll's cold shower. An instrumental effect?



# Theorist's reaction



2. the '130 GeV line' frenzy

It's 'easy' to make a line:  
any 2-body final state  
with at least one  $\gamma$ . But:

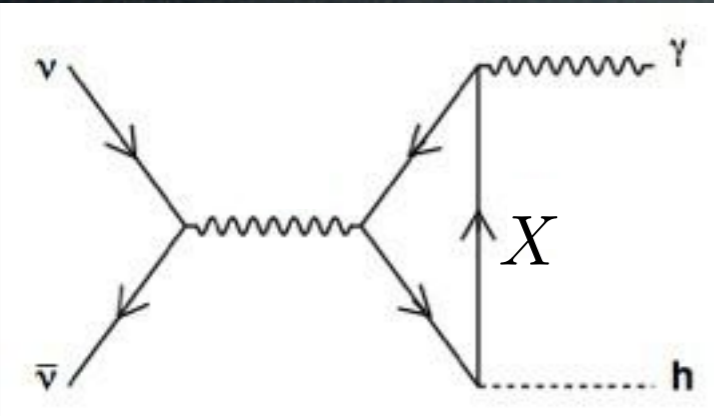
# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$

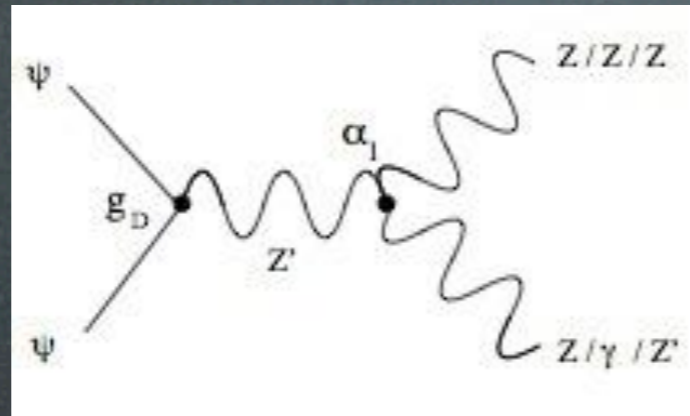
# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$

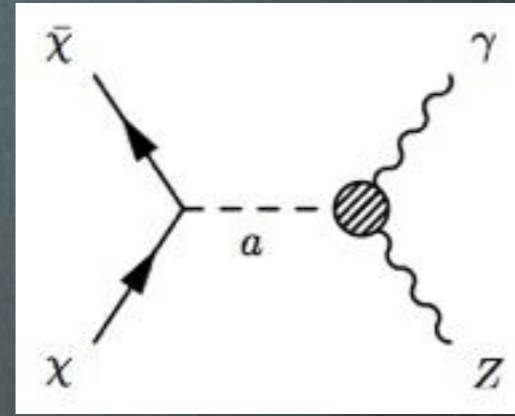
a loop



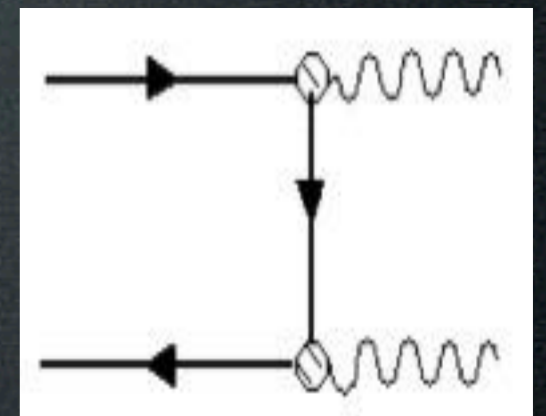
Chern-Simons



axions



magn dipole ...



'Higgs in space!' 0912.0004  
 Kyae, Park 1205.4151  
 Cline 1205.2688

Dudas et al., 1205.1520

Lee & Park<sup>2</sup> 1205.4675

Heo, Kim 1207.1341

$X \in$  SM  
 MSSM  
 dark sector...

# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$



The 'something' implies usually a suppression,

# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$



The 'something' implies usually a **suppression**, but one needs a **large**  $\gamma\gamma$  cross section ( $\sim 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$ )

# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$



The 'something' implies usually a **suppression**, but one needs a **large**  $\gamma\gamma$  cross section ( $\sim 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ )

so the corresponding **unsuppressed** processes are **too large**:

- may overshoot other observations
- too large annihilation in the EU

Buchmuller, Garny 1206.7056  
Cohen et al. 1207.0800  
Cholis, Tavakoli, Ullio 1207.1468  
Huang et al. 1208.0267

# Challenges

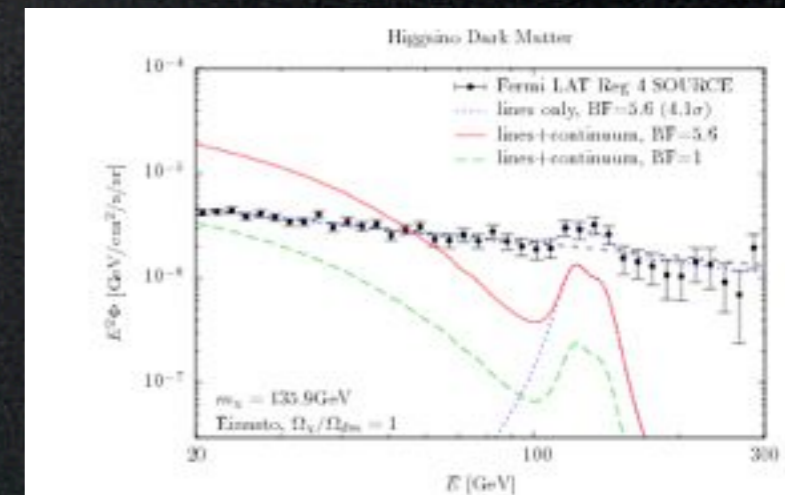
DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$



The 'something' implies usually a **suppression**, but one needs a **large**  $\gamma\gamma$  cross section ( $\sim 10^{-27} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ )

so the corresponding **unsuppressed** processes are **too large**:

- may overshoot other observations
- too large annihilation in the EU





# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$

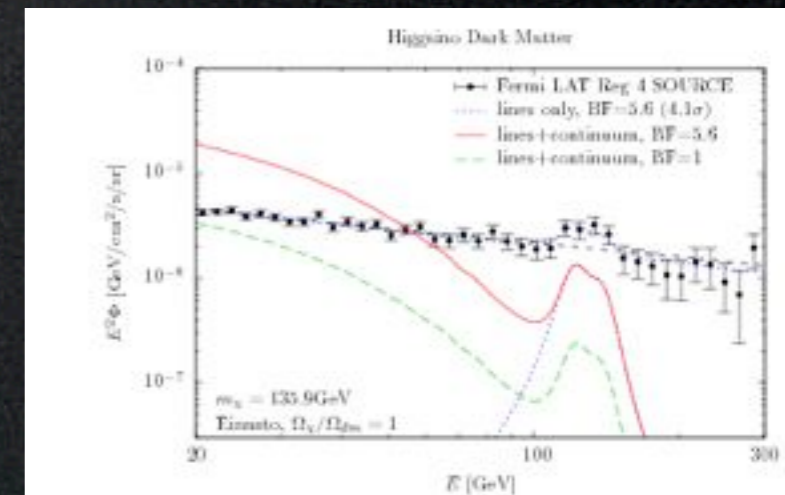


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But solutions exist



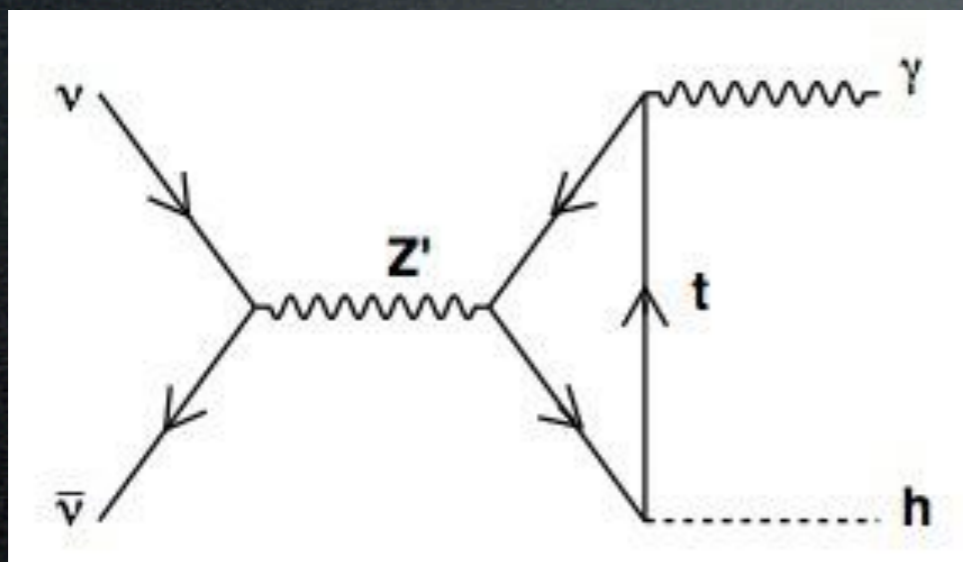
# Model building

not exhaustive!

Ex. 1: 'resonance, loop and forbidden channel'

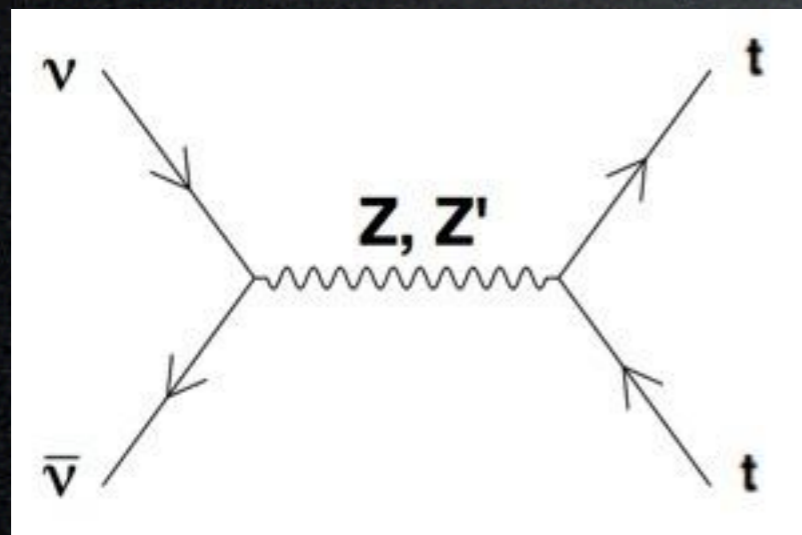
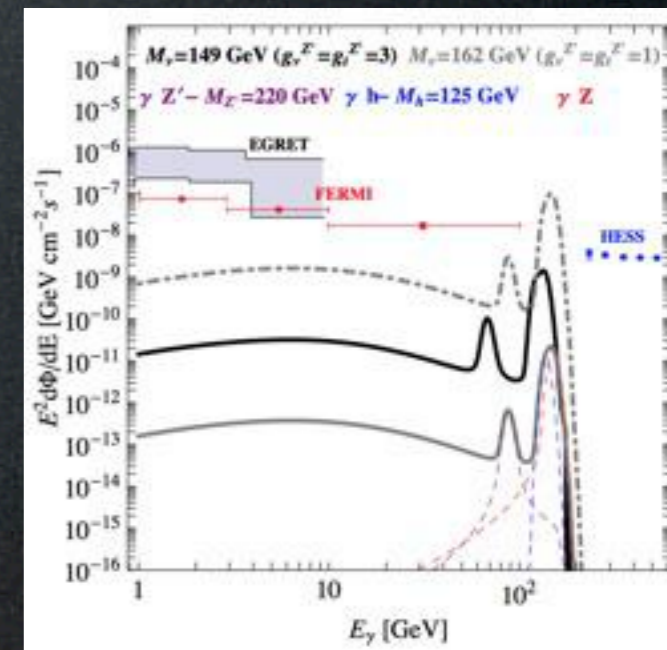
- (a) DM charged under  $U'(1)$
- (b)  $Z'$  is  $t_R$ -philic
- (c)  $m_{DM} \approx m_{top}$

Jackson, Servant,  
Shaughnessy,  
Tait, Taoso,  
'Higgs in space',  
0912.0004



line(s)

with large rate  
if on resonance (a)  
(masses & couplings)



today:

kinematically forbidden (c)  
little in other channels (b) (only via  $Z$ - $Z'$  mixing)  
→ small continuum

Early Universe:

→ relic abundance

However:

- anomalies, need  
to UV complete (b)

# Model building

not exhaustive!

Ex. 2: 'resonance, tri-boson vertices, Chern-Simons'

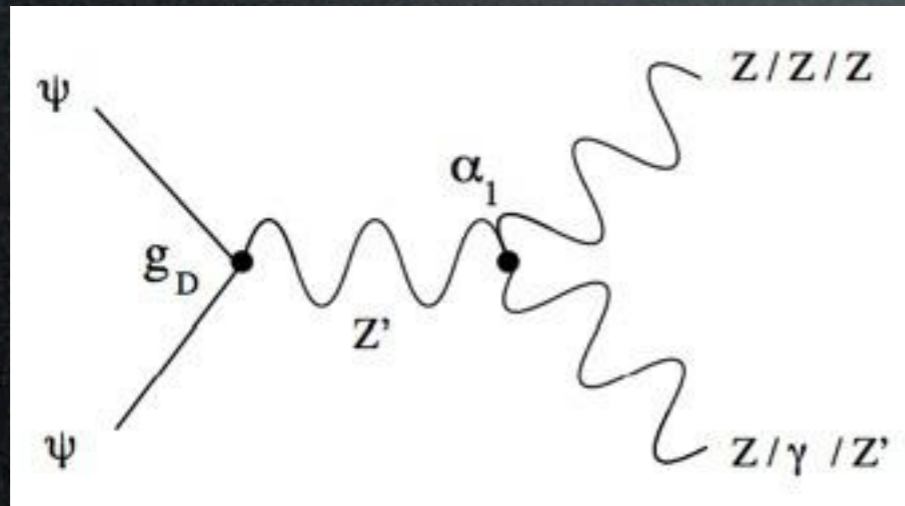
(a) DM charged under  $U'(1)$

(b) anomaly cancellation  $\rightarrow$  tri-boson CS terms

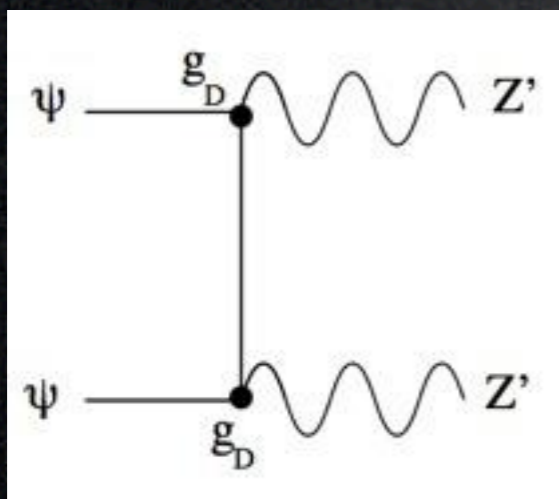
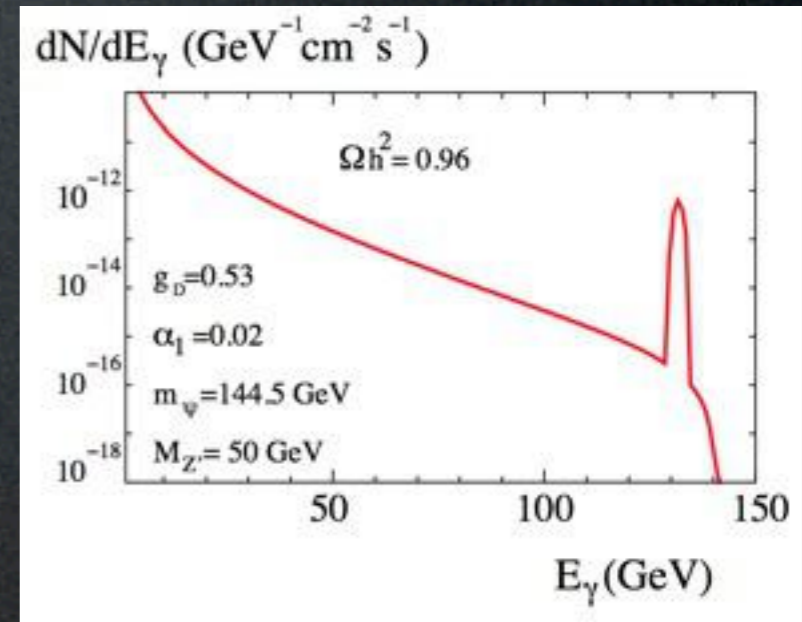
$$\mathcal{L}_{CS} = \alpha \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} Z'_\mu Z_\nu F_{\rho\sigma}^Y$$

Dudas, Mambrini,  
Pokorski, Romagnoni  
2009-2012, 1205.1520

(c)  $m_{Z'} < m_{DM}$

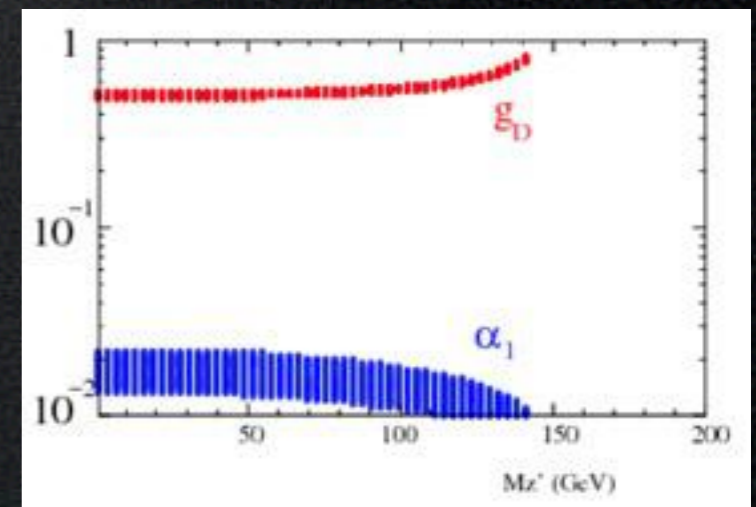


$\rightarrow$  line (b)



$\rightarrow$  relic abundance  
a different diagram wrt to line,  
open thanks to (c), works  
for large gauge coupling  
and small (loop?) CS coeff

$\rightarrow$  Continuum? Under control



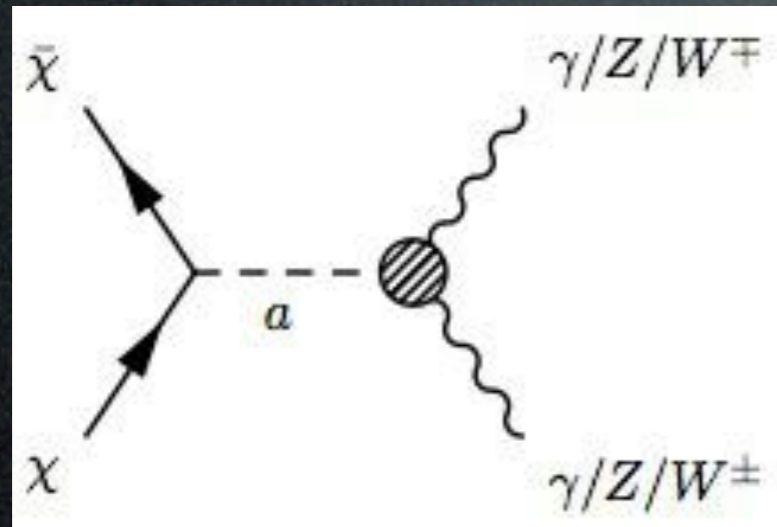
# Model building

not exhaustive!

Ex. 3: 'pseudo-scalar mediation, p- and s-waves'

- (a) DM charged under  $U(1)_{PQ}$
- (b) anomalies  $\rightarrow$  tri-boson terms

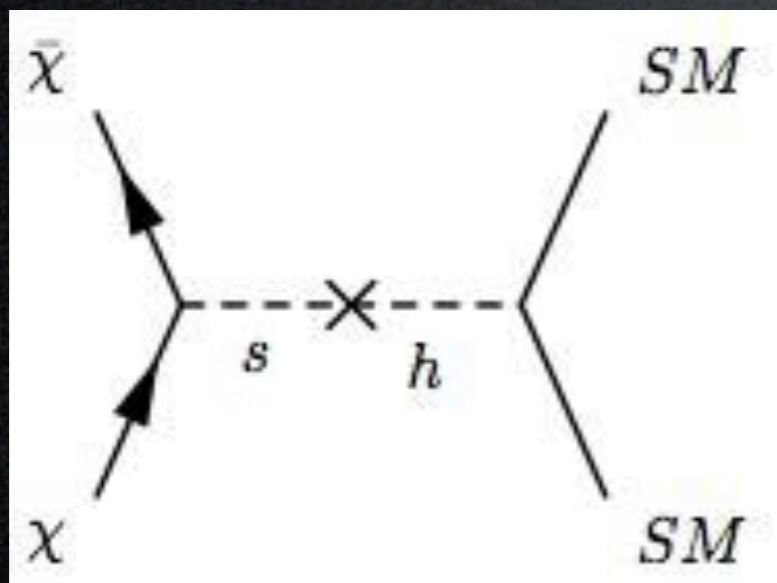
Lee, Park<sup>2</sup>, 1205.4675



$\rightarrow$  line (b)

with large rate  
if on resonance (a)

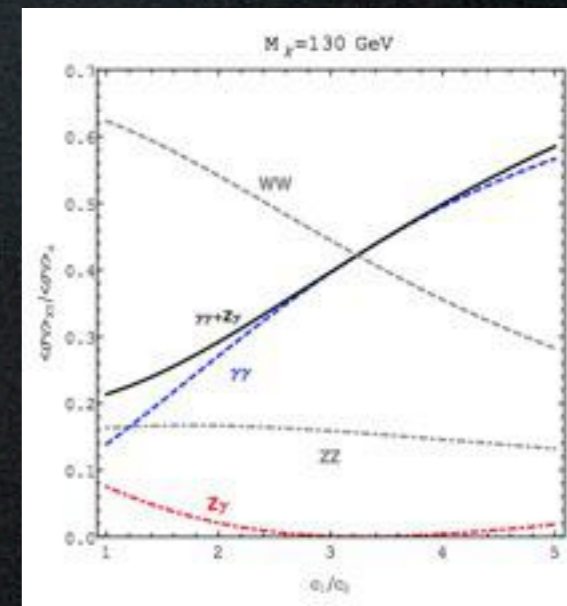
$\rightarrow$  Continuum? Assume couplings  
to W and Z are suppressed



Exchange of s/h is p-wave,  
i.e.  $v$  dependent.

Suppressed today, large in EU.

$\rightarrow$  relic abundance



# Model building

not exhaustive!

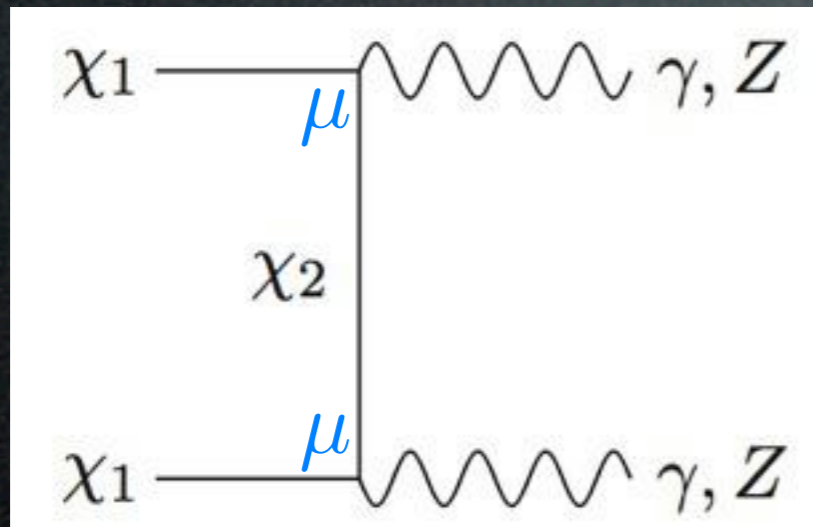
Ex. 4: 'magnetic moments and coannihilations'

(a) DM has a magnetic moment

$$\mu \bar{\chi}_1 \sigma_{\mu\nu} \chi_2 F^{\mu\nu}$$

Tulin, Yu, Zurek 1208.0009  
Cline, Moore, Frey 1208.2685

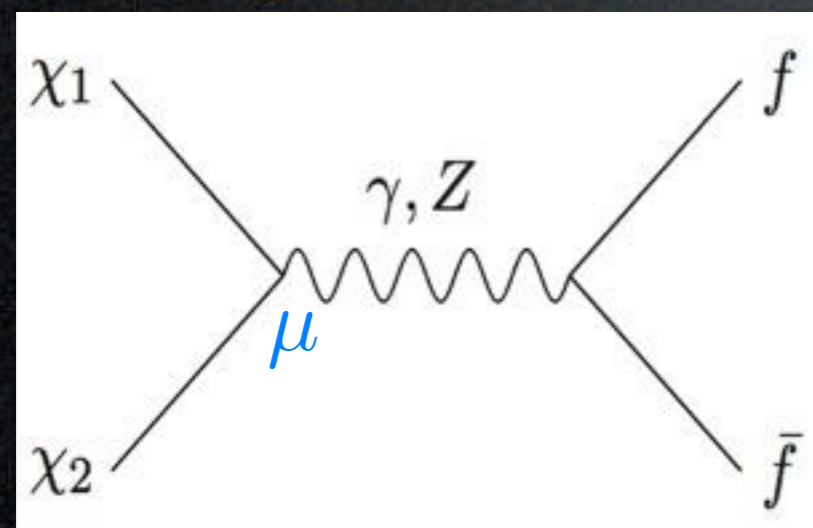
(b) DM sits in a multiplet with  $\sim 10$  GeV splitting



→ line (a)

with large rate  
if  $\mu$  is large

→ Continuum? Under control (it's same order as  $\gamma\gamma$ )



→ relic abundance

is set by coannihilations,  
they would be too effective for large  $\mu$ ,  
but the splitting (b) suppresses.

→ Continuum? Ultra suppressed by the splitting (b)

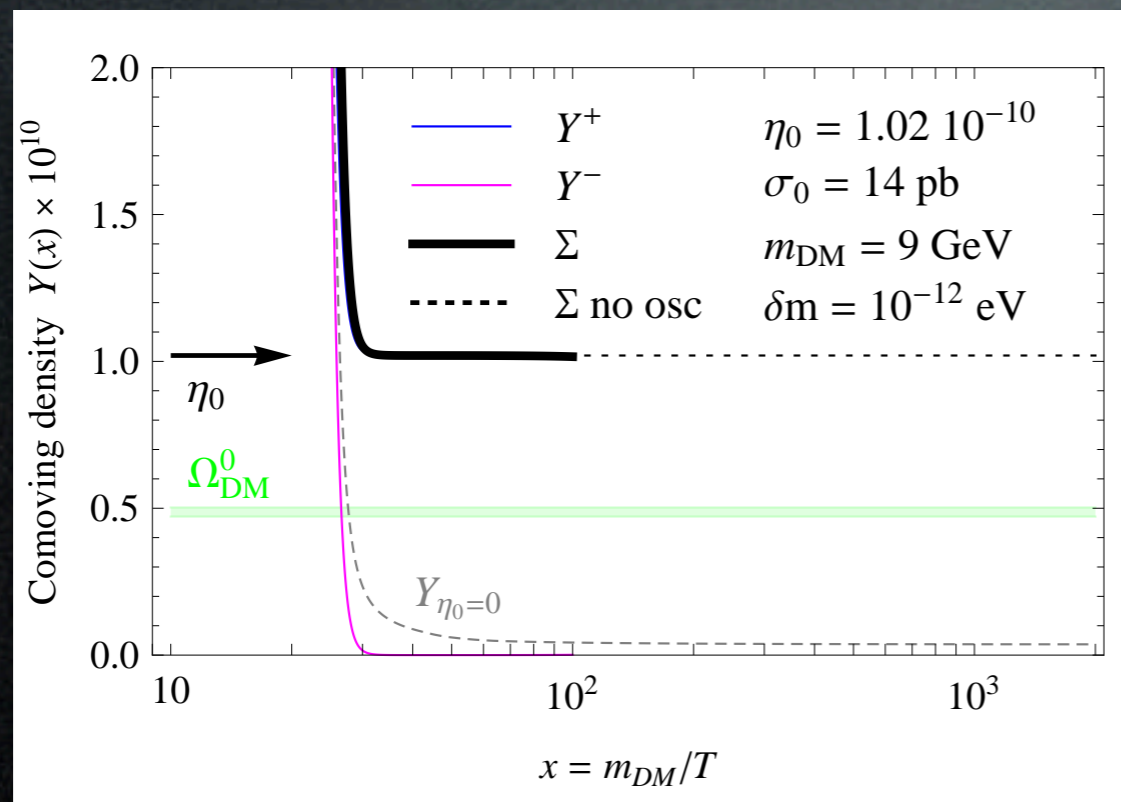
# Model building

not exhaustive!

Nussinov 1985  
Kaplan, Luty, Zurek 2009  
Cirelli, Panci, Servant, Zaharijas 2011  
Tulin, Yu, Zurek 1208.0009

## Ex. 5: 'asymmetric DM'

- (a)  $DM-\overline{DM}$  initial asymmetry
- (b)  $DM-\overline{DM}$  mixing  $\rightarrow$  late time oscillations, re-balance



$\rightarrow$  relic abundance (a)  
is produced via the asymmetry  
is decoupled from the annihilation

# Model building

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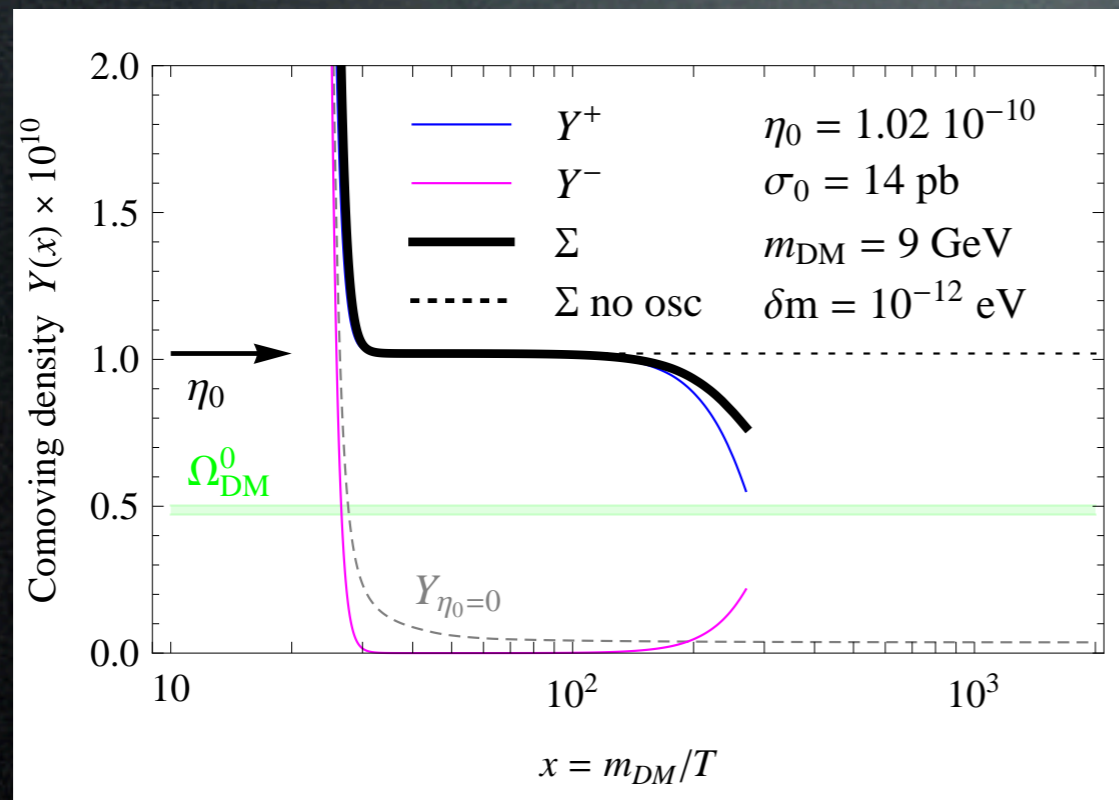
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Annihilations resume (b)

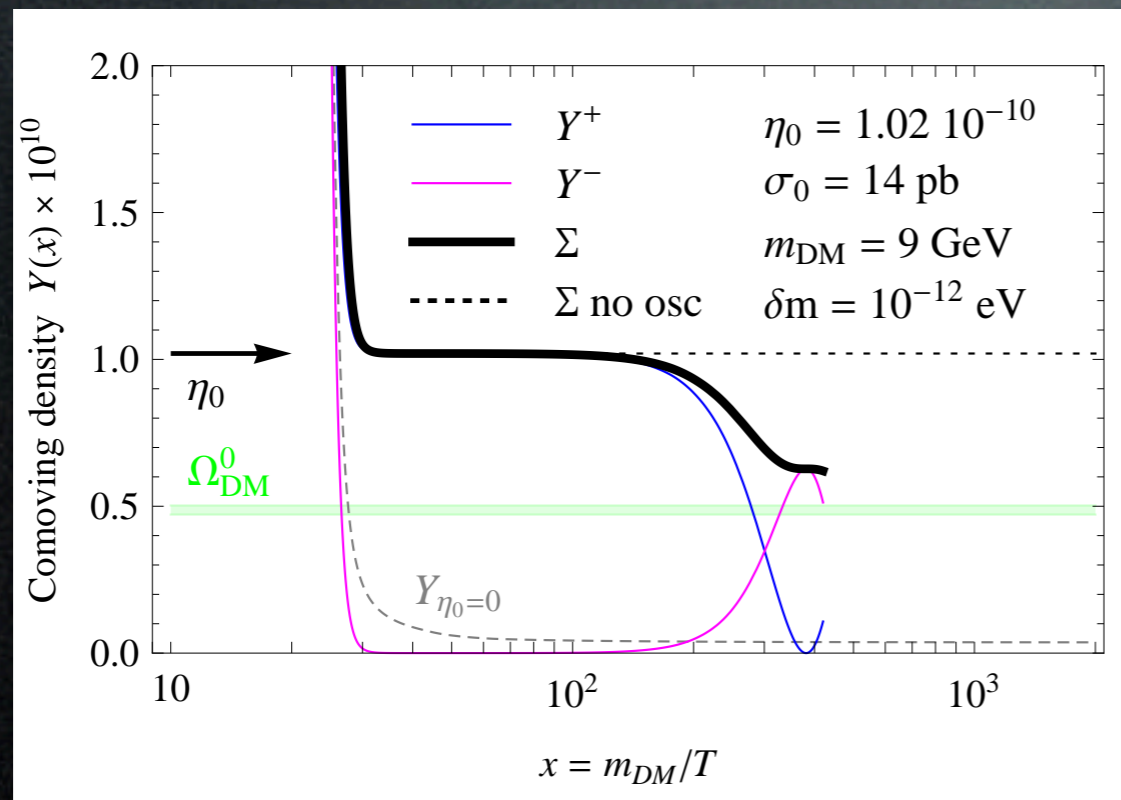
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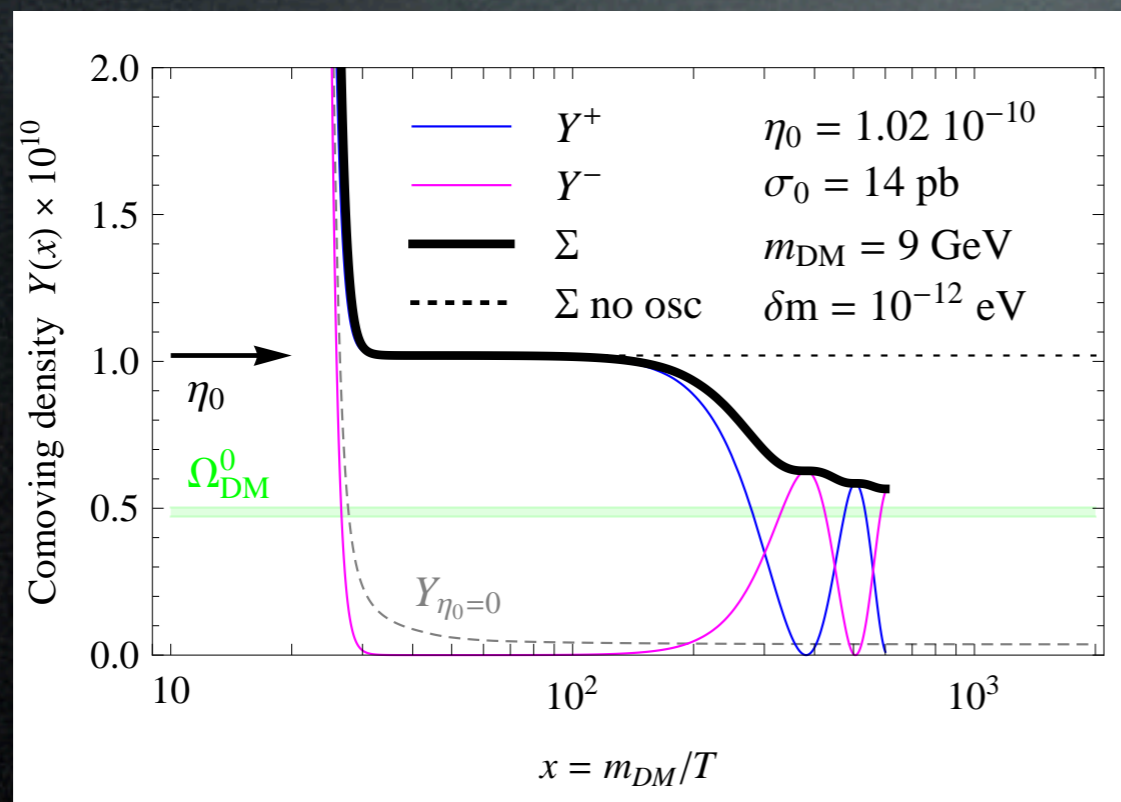
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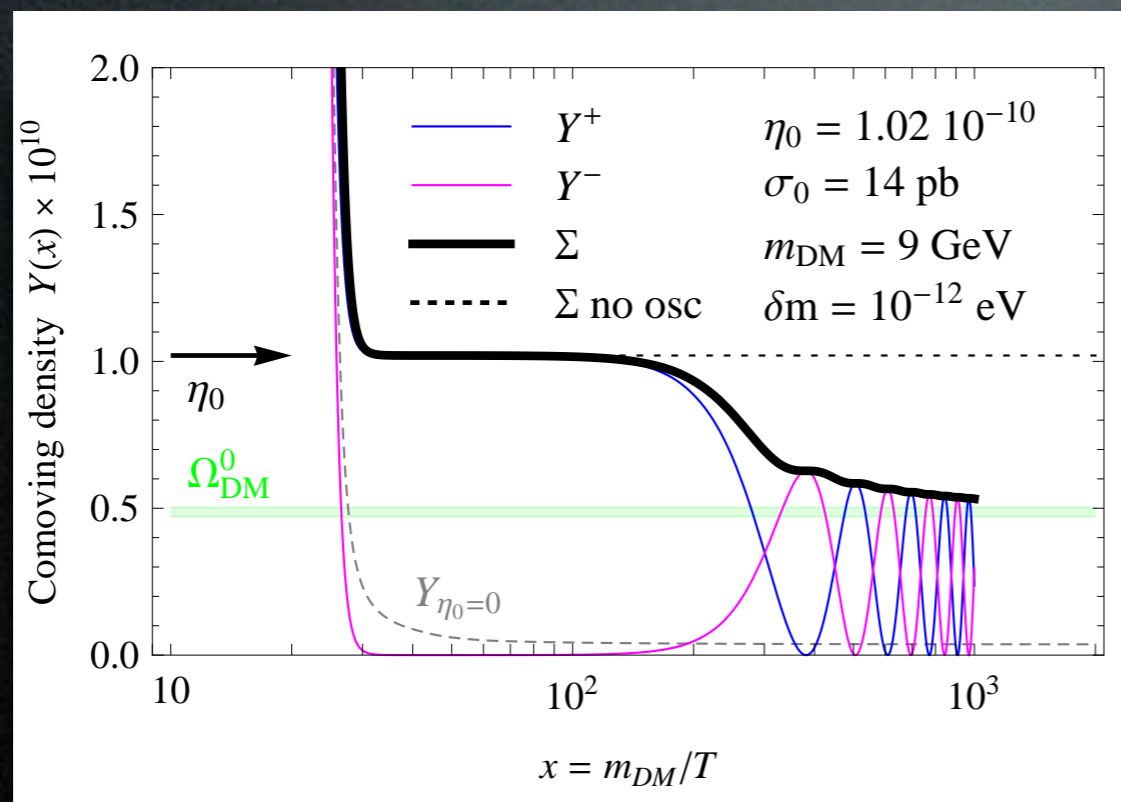
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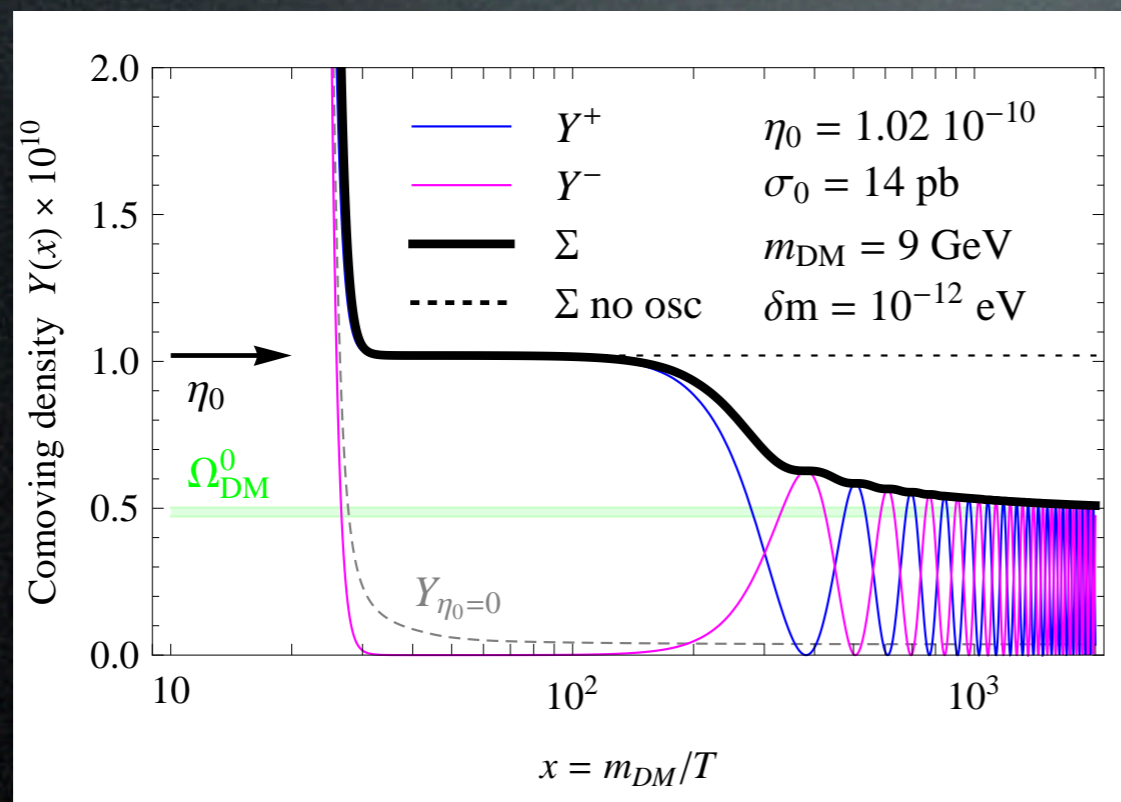
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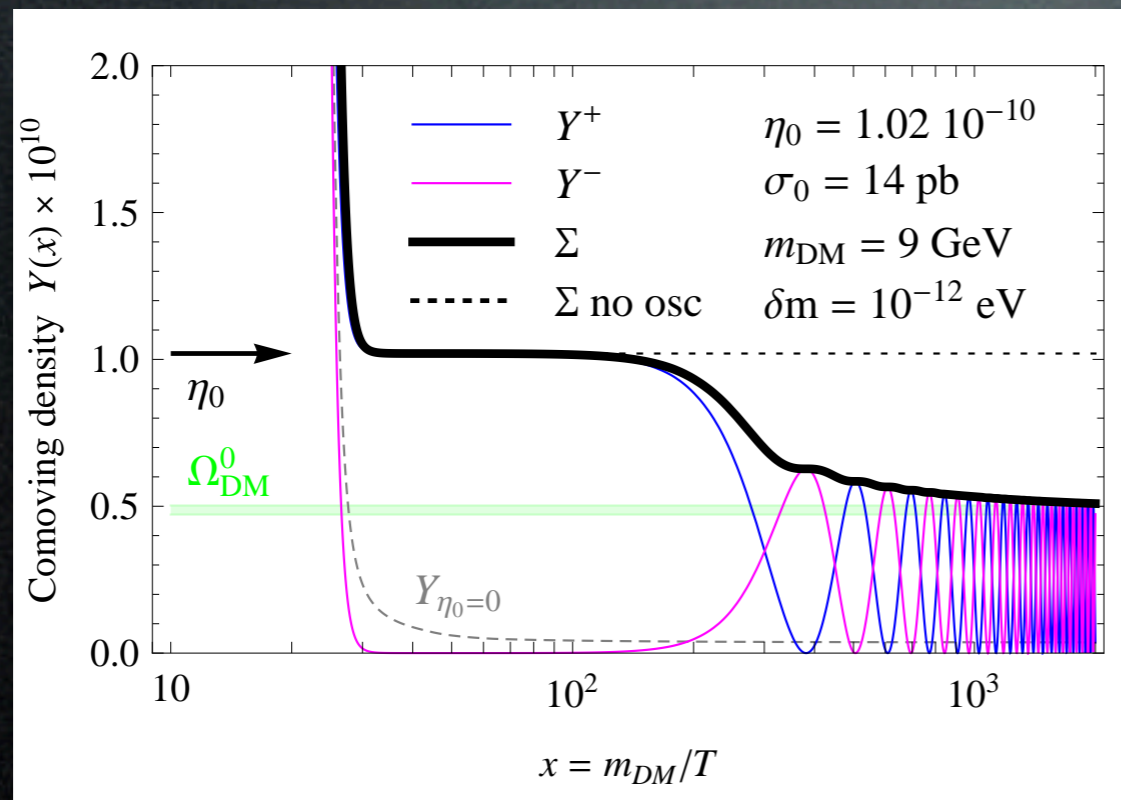
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$\rightarrow$  Continuum? Needs to be suppressed  
in some way today.

# Challenges

DM is neutral: need 'something' to couple to  $\gamma$

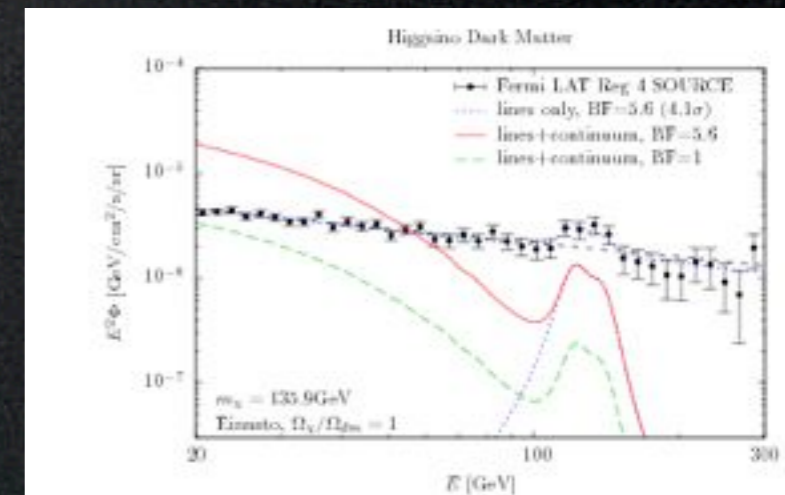


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But solutions exist



# Model building

- may overshoot other observations
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But solutions exist

# Model building

- may overshoot other observations
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But **solutions** exist

In summary:

- kinematically forbidden channel
- different diagrams
- $s$ -wave vs  $p$ -wave
- coannihilations and splitting
- DM production is decoupled from annihilations
- ...

# Gamma rays

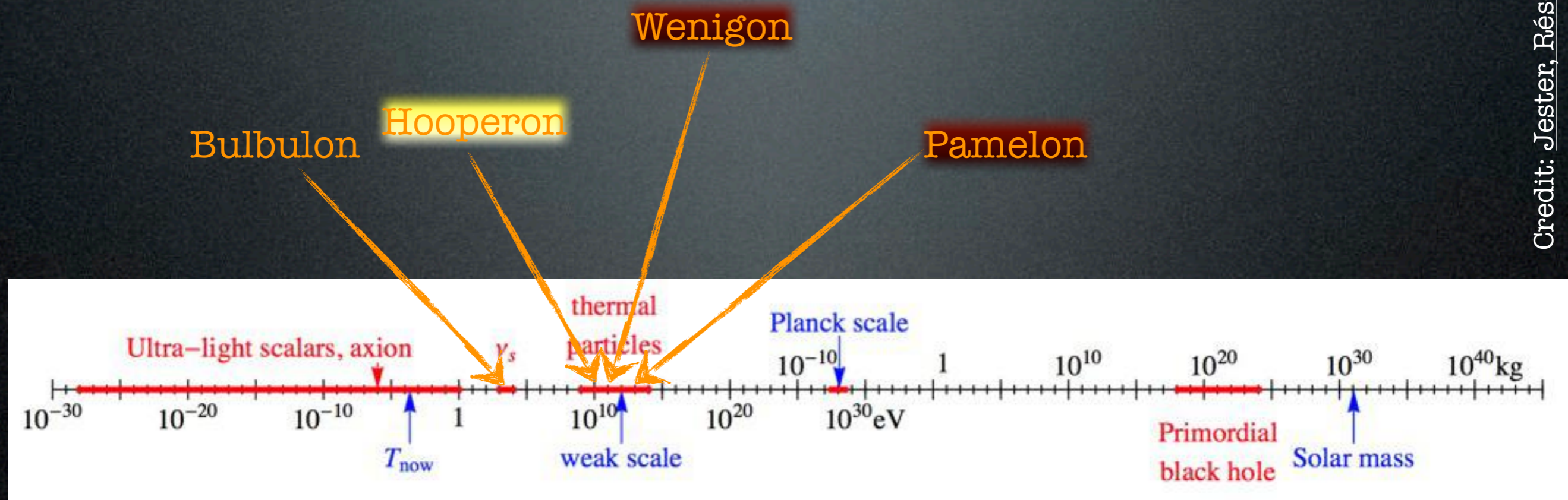


3. the 'Hooperon'



# DM Candidates

A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges



Credit: Jester, Résonances

‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!

# GeV gamma excess?

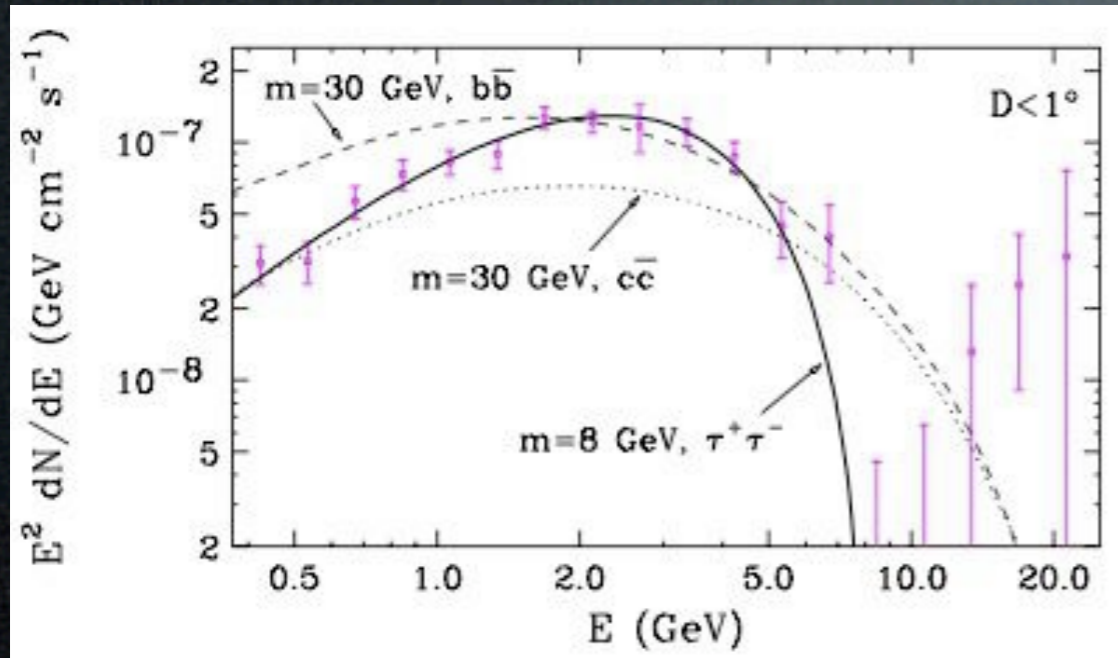
What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden  
in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data from the GC?

A diffuse GeV excess  
from around the GC

Dan Hooper

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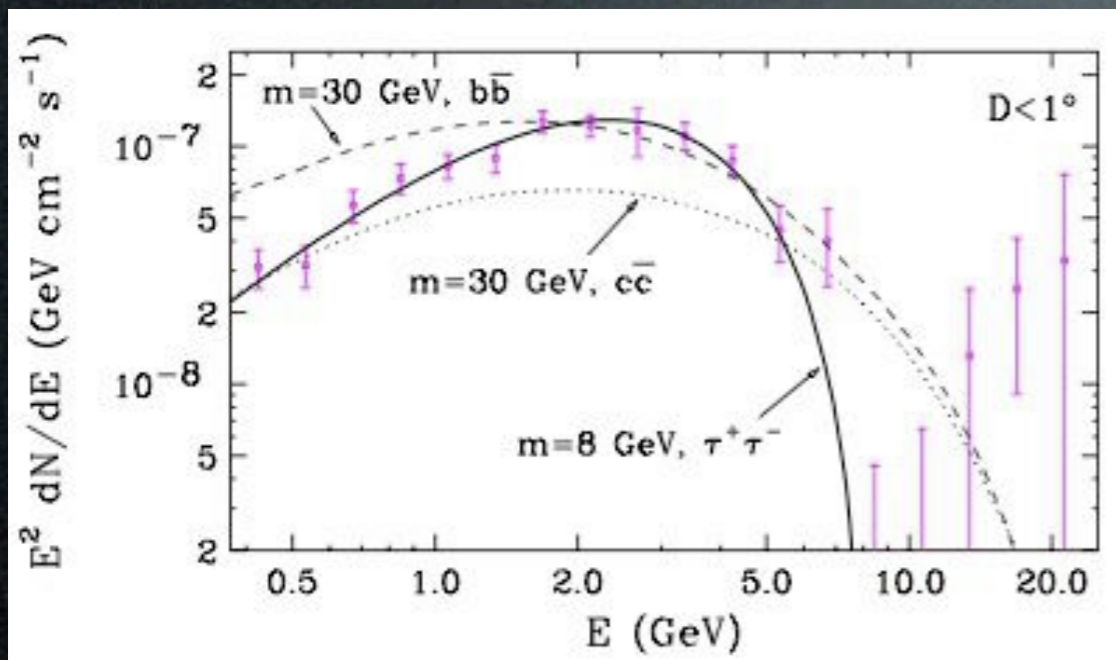
Hooper, Goodenough 1010.2752

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Dan Hooper

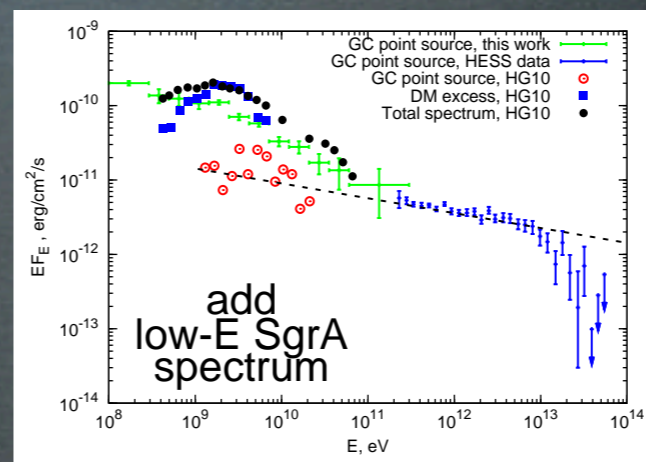
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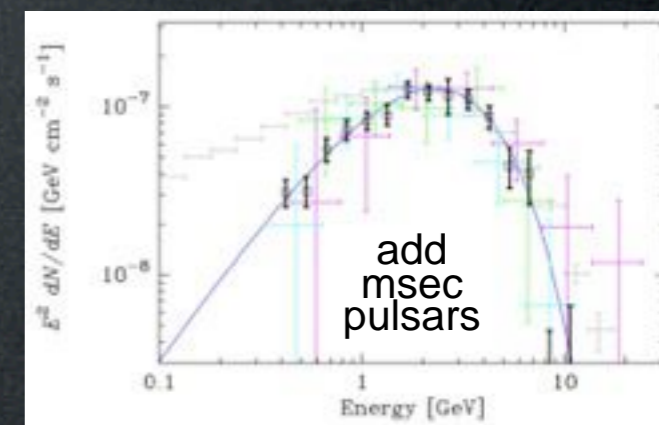


Hooper, Goodenough 1010.2752

Objection: know your backgrounds!



Boyarsky et al., 1012.5839



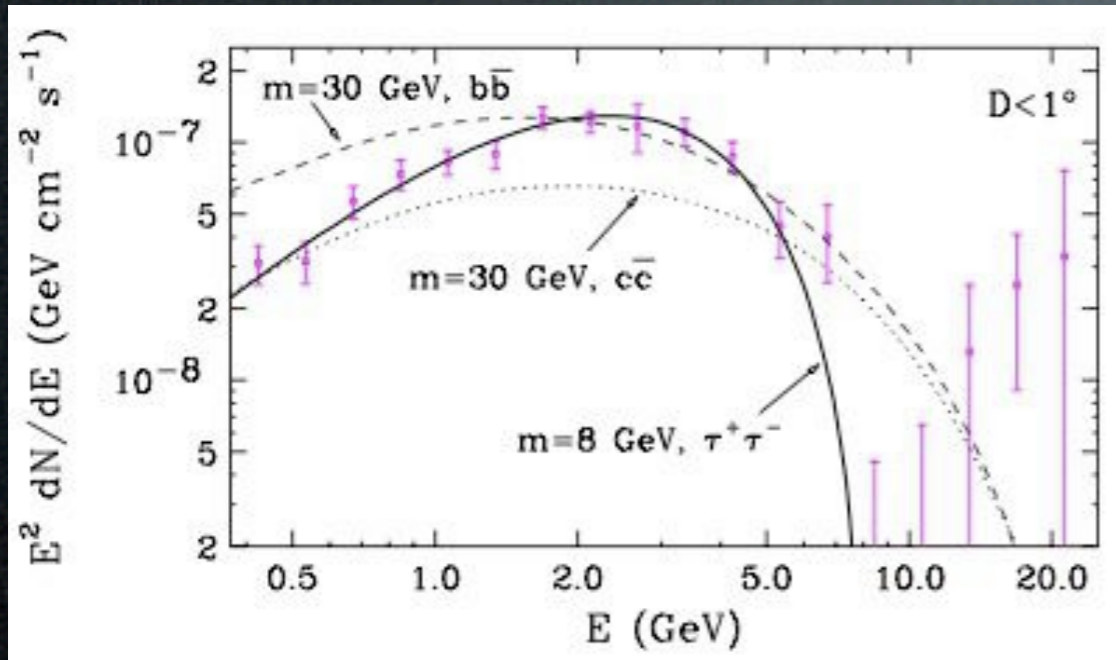
Abazajian 1011.4275

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Dan Hooper

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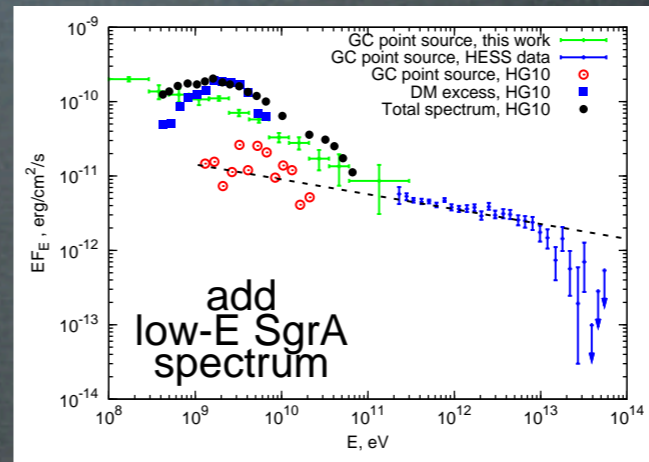


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Best fit: 8 GeV,  $\tau^+ \tau^-$ ,  $\sim$ thermal  $\sigma v$

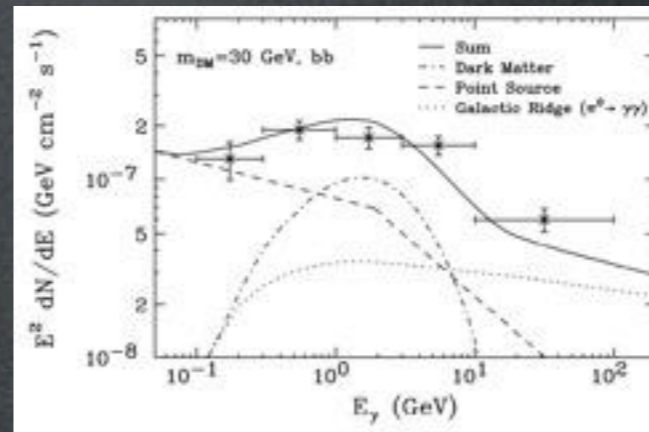
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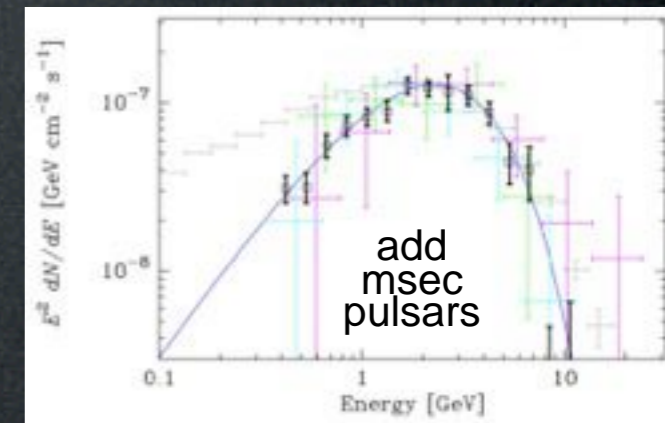


Boyarsky et al., 1012.5839

Still works...



Hooper, Linden 1110.0006



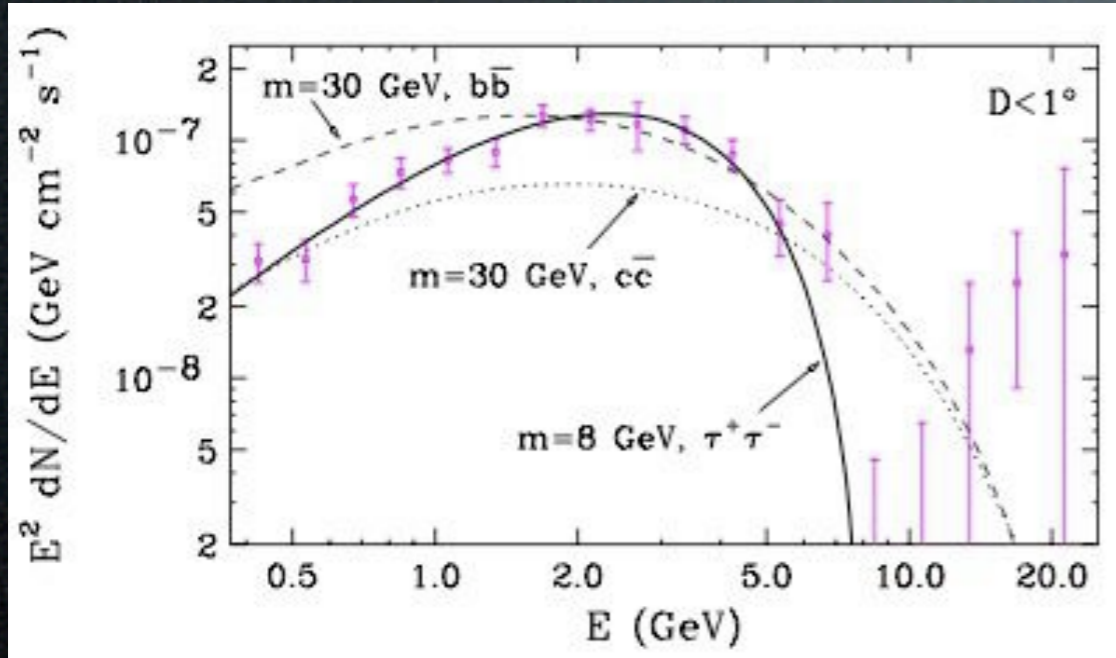
Abazajian 1011.4275

No, too few  
(and we should have seen them elsewhere)  
and wrong spectra

Hooper et al. 1305.0830

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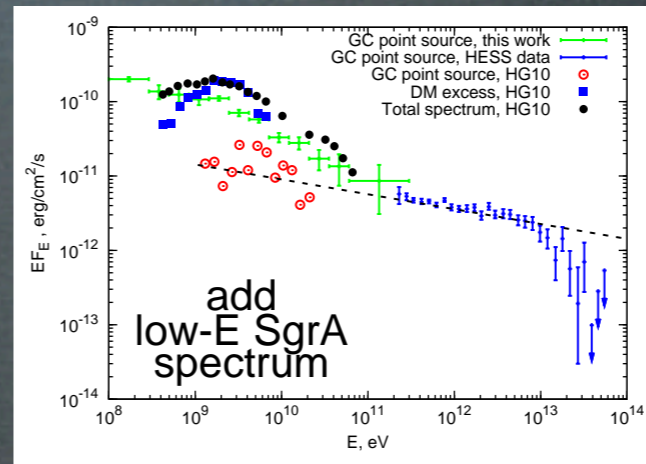
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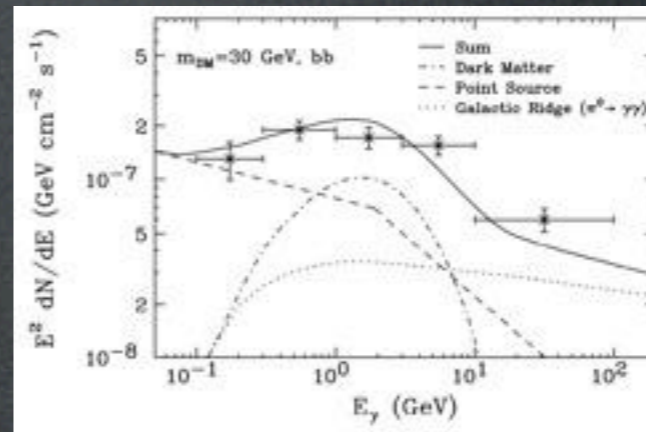
Dan Hooper

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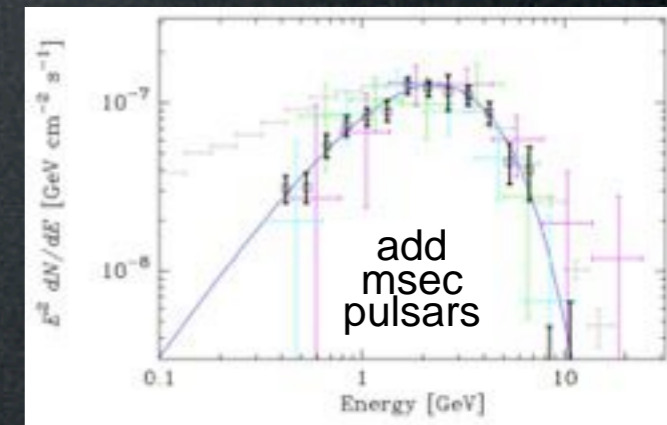


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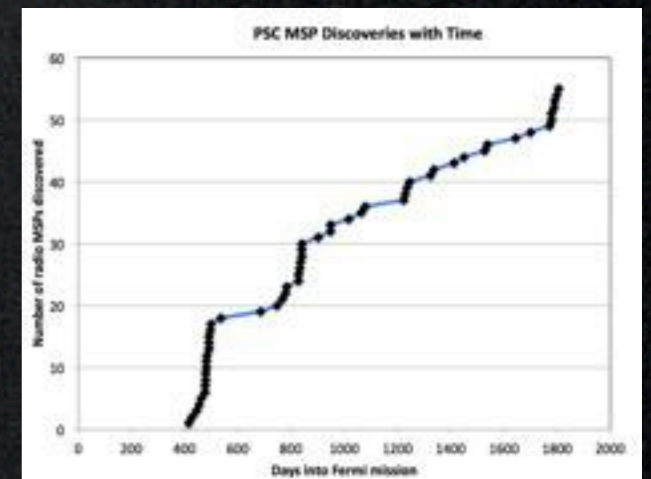


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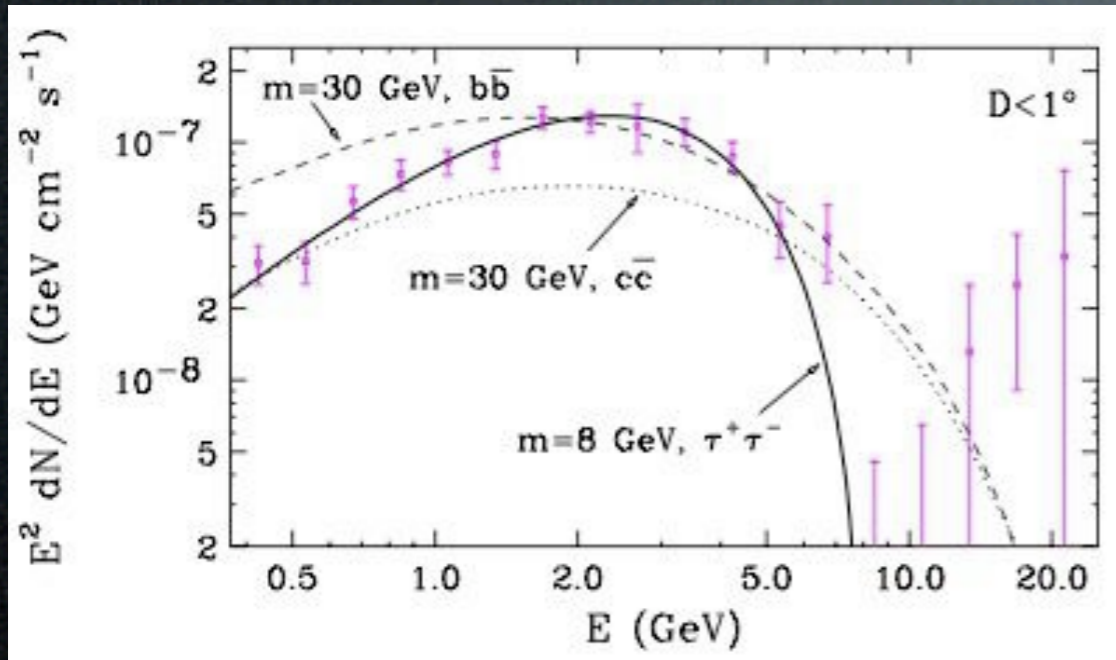
MSPs exist.



Caraveo 1312.2913

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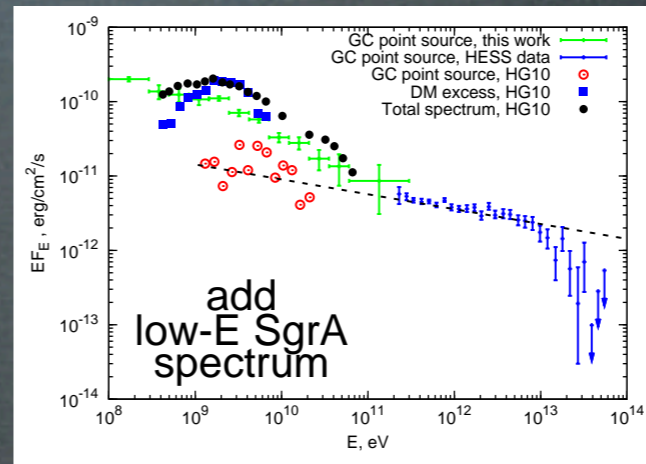


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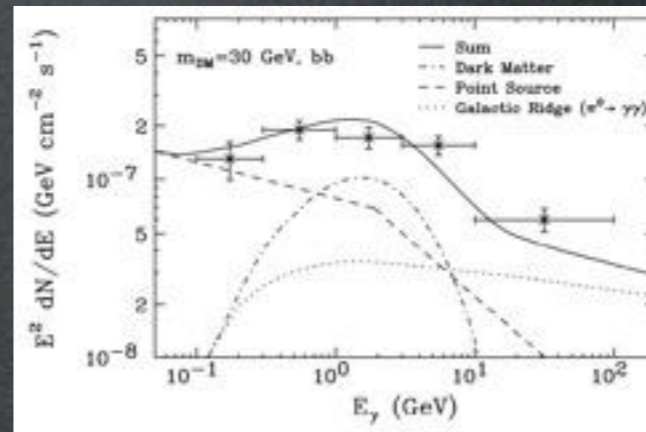
A diffuse GeV excess from around the GC  
Dan Hooper

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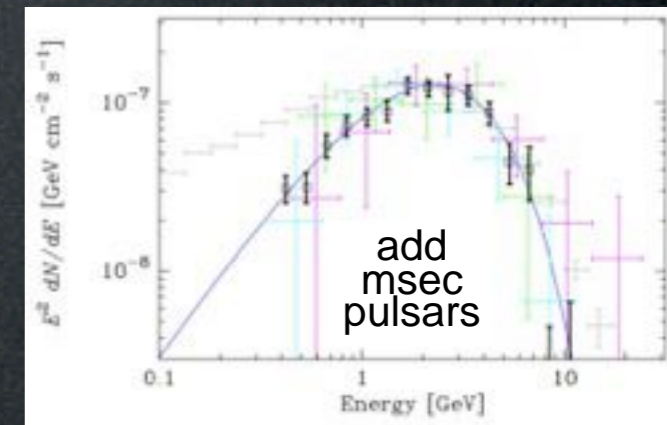


Boyarsky et al., 1012.5839

Still works...



Hooper, Linden 1110.0006



Abazajian 1011.4275

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Hooper et al. 1305.0830

No no, MSPs can do.

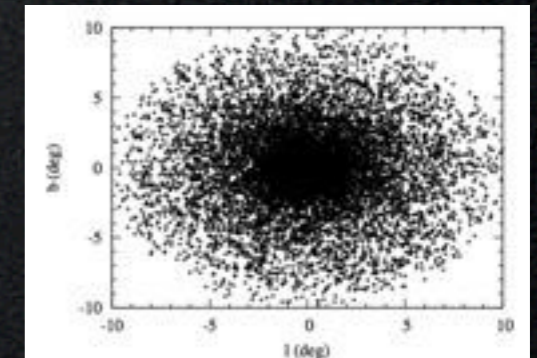


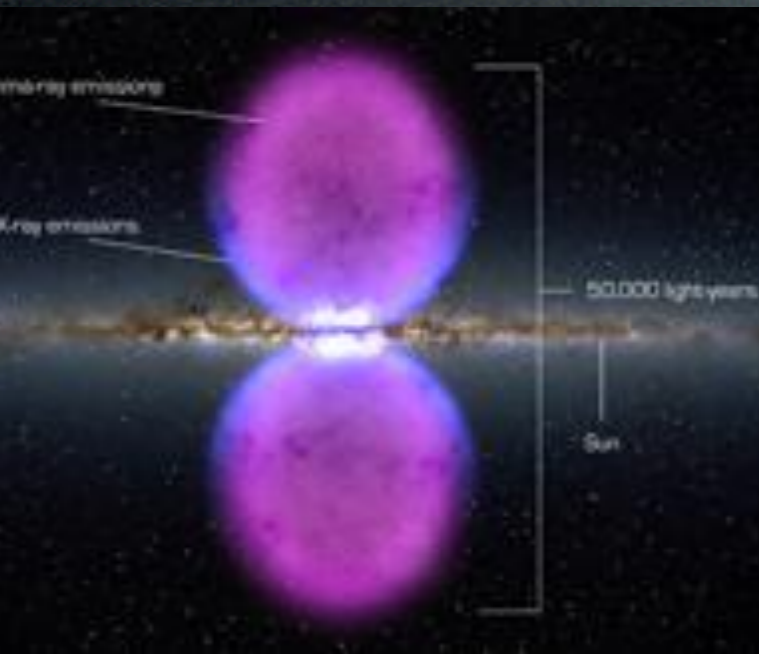
Figure 5: Simulated spatial distribution of the bulge MSPs.

(LMXB (tracers of MSP?)  
seen in M31 with this distribution)

Yuan, Zhang  
1404.2518

# GeV gamma excess?

What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data from the GC?



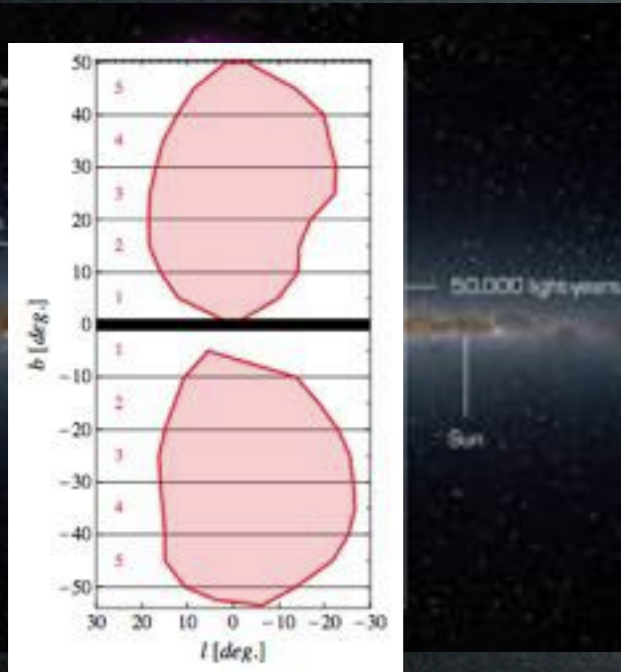
Fermi bubbles

Dan Hooper



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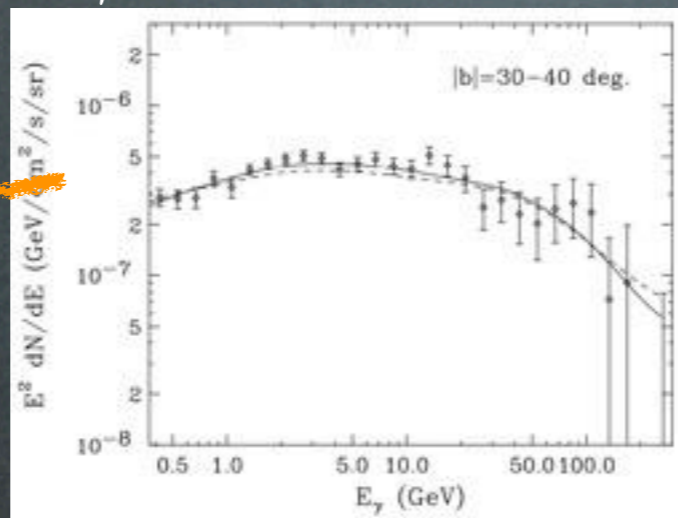
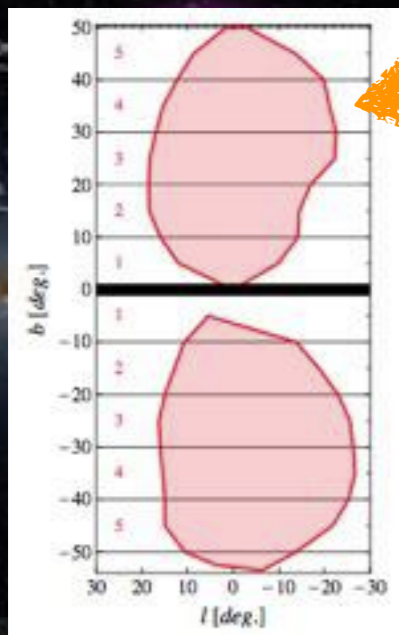
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What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data from the GC?

Here there's **no excess** which cannot be explained in terms of ordinary ICS.



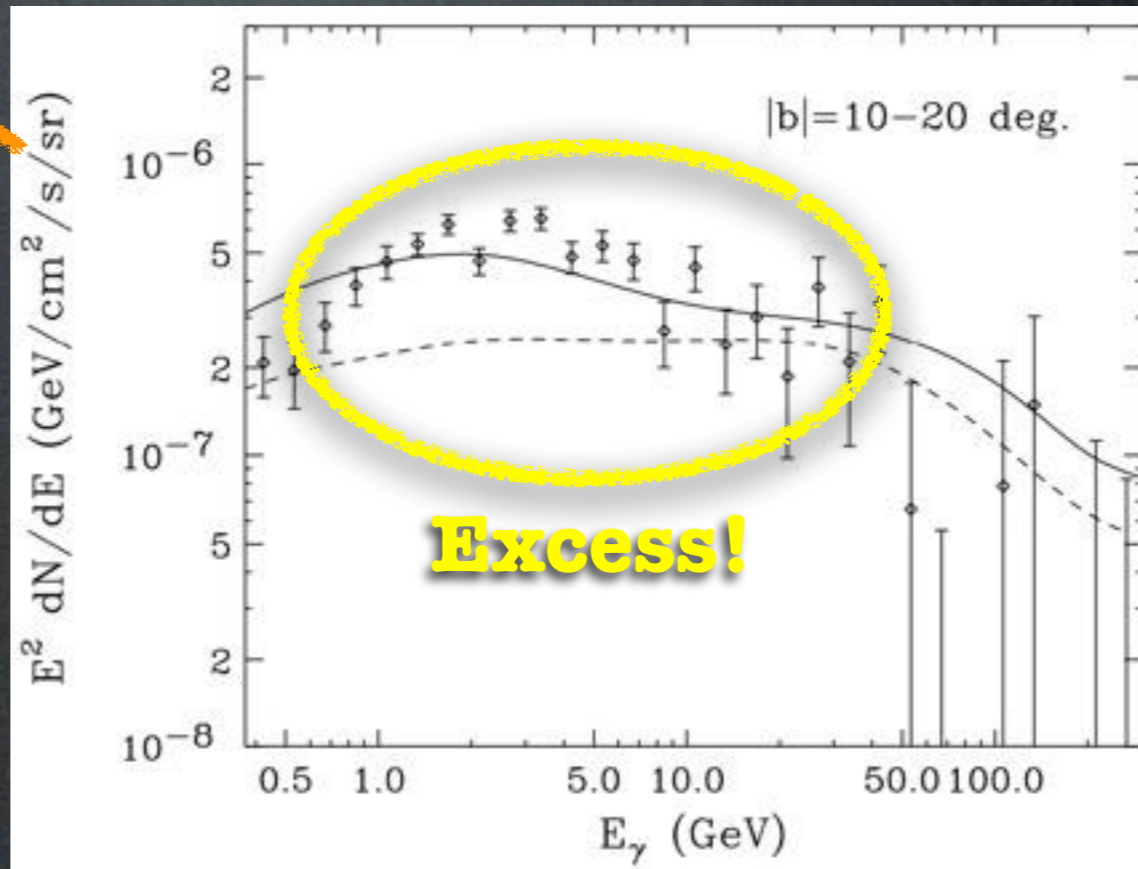
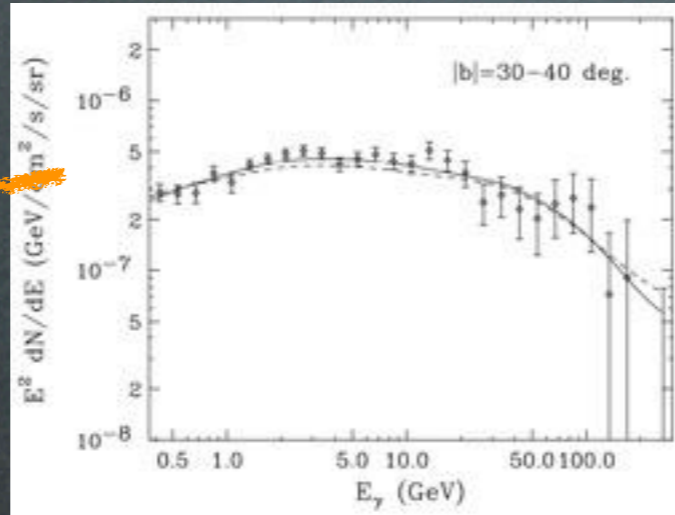
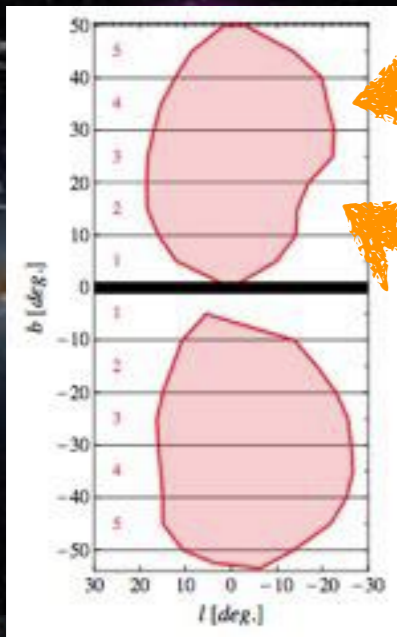
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Best fit:  
~10 GeV, leptons, ~thermal  $\sigma v$

Fermi bubbles

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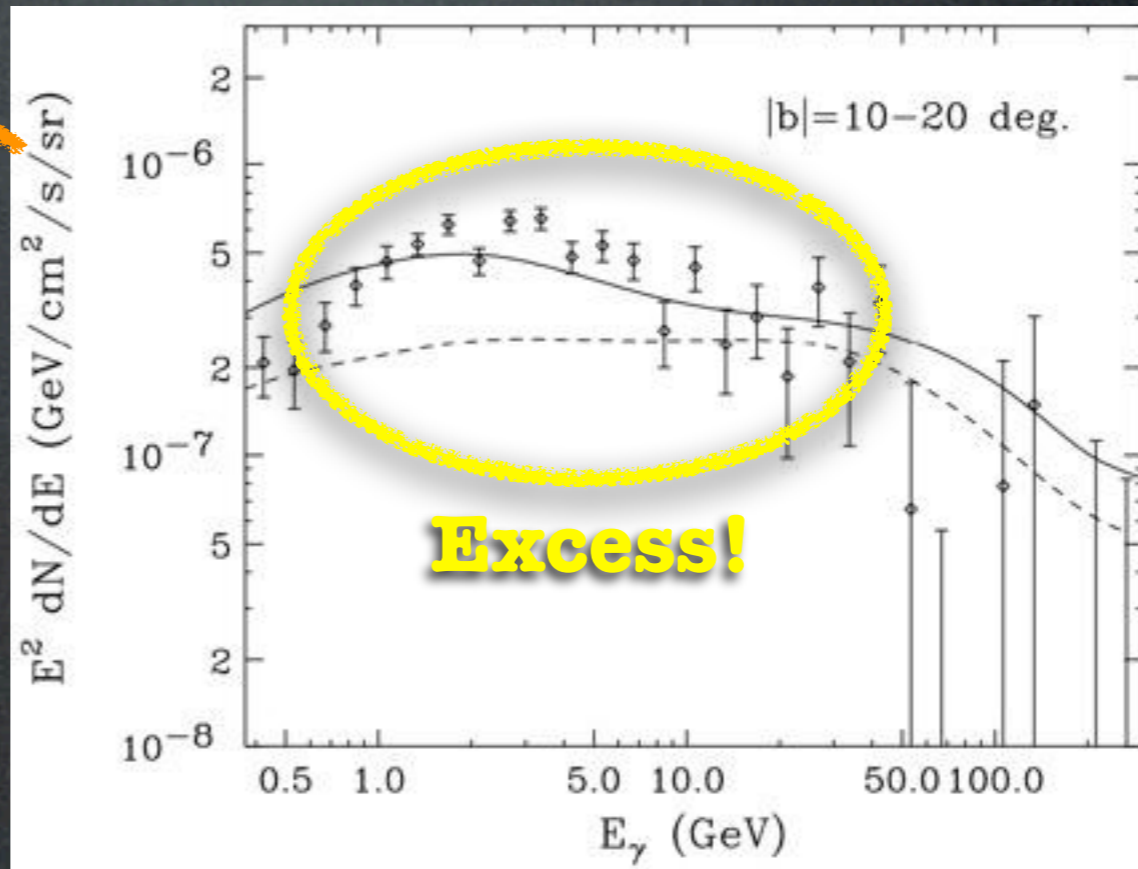
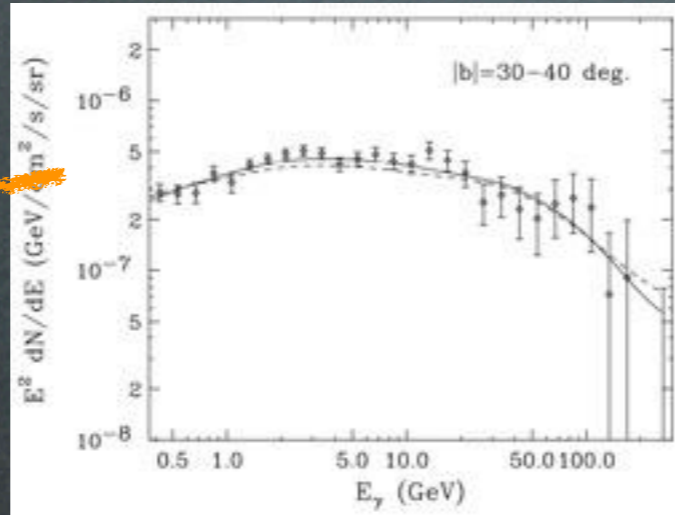
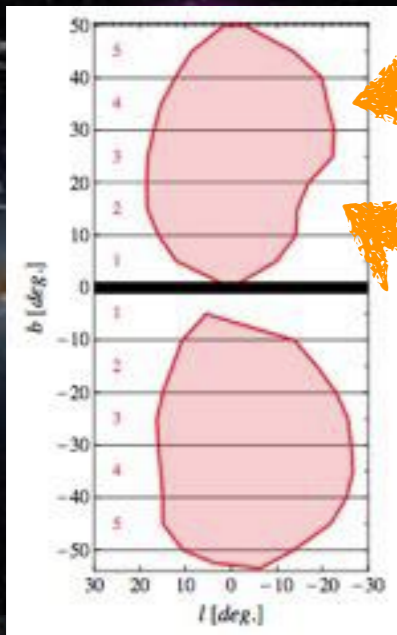
Hooper, Slatyer 1302.6589

Essentially confirmed by: Huang, Urbano, Xue 1307.6862

# GeV gamma excess?

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Objection: nothing tells you that the input  $e^\pm$  spectrum stays the same at high and low latitudes (the ISRF too, but one can better model that)

Best fit:  
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Fermi bubbles

Dan Hooper

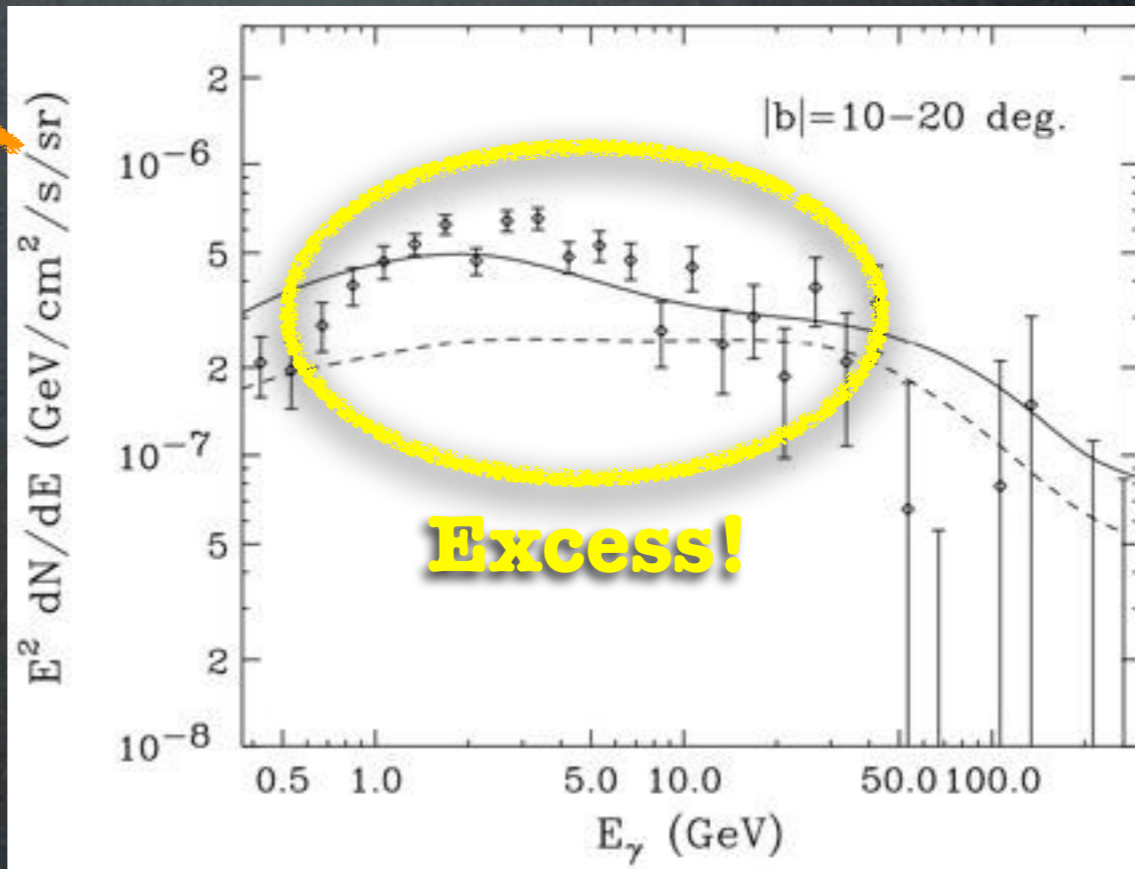
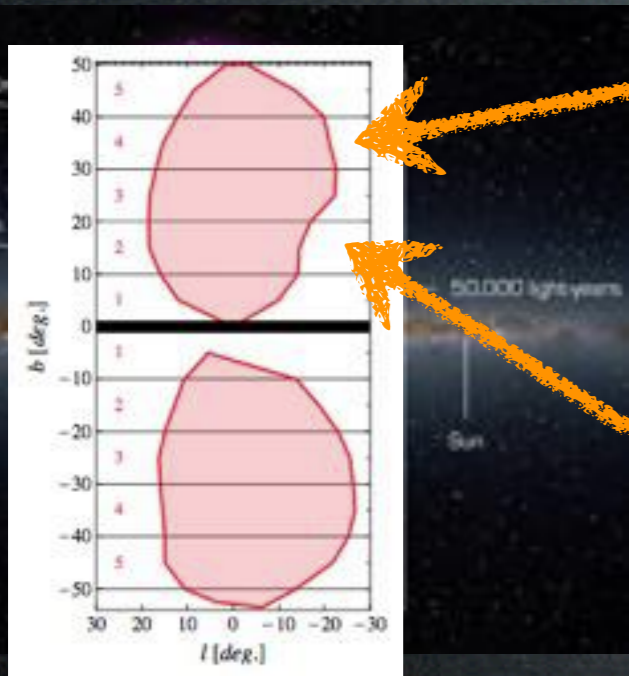
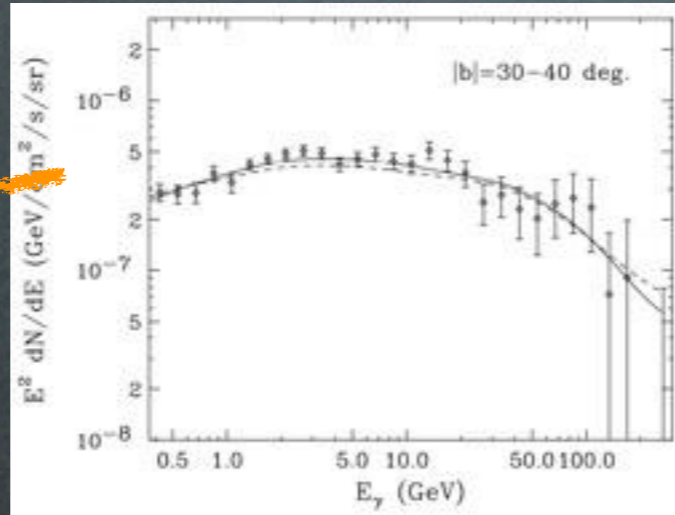
Hooper, Slatyer 1302.6589

Essentially confirmed by: Huang, Urbano, Xue 1307.6862

# GeV gamma excess?

What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data from the GC?

Here there's **no excess** which cannot be explained in terms of ordinary ICS.



Objection: nothing tells you that the input  $e^\pm$  spectrum stays the same at high and low latitudes (the ISRF too, but one can better model that)

Response: even if you try, the input  $e^\pm$  spectrum has to be weird (a  $\delta$  fnct at 16 GeV?!?)

Best fit:  
~10 GeV, leptons, ~thermal  $\sigma v$

Fermi bubbles

Dan Hooper

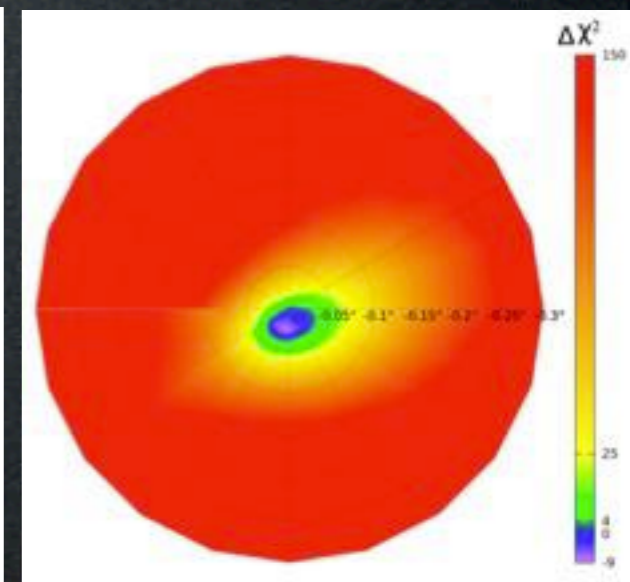
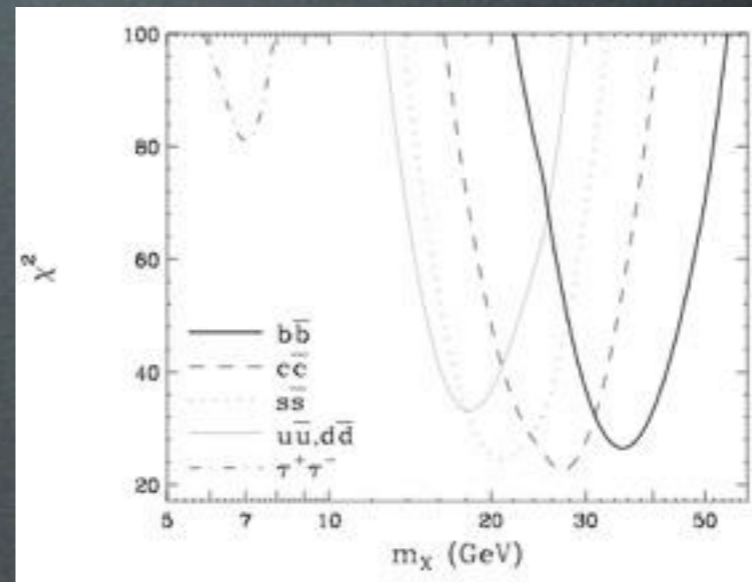
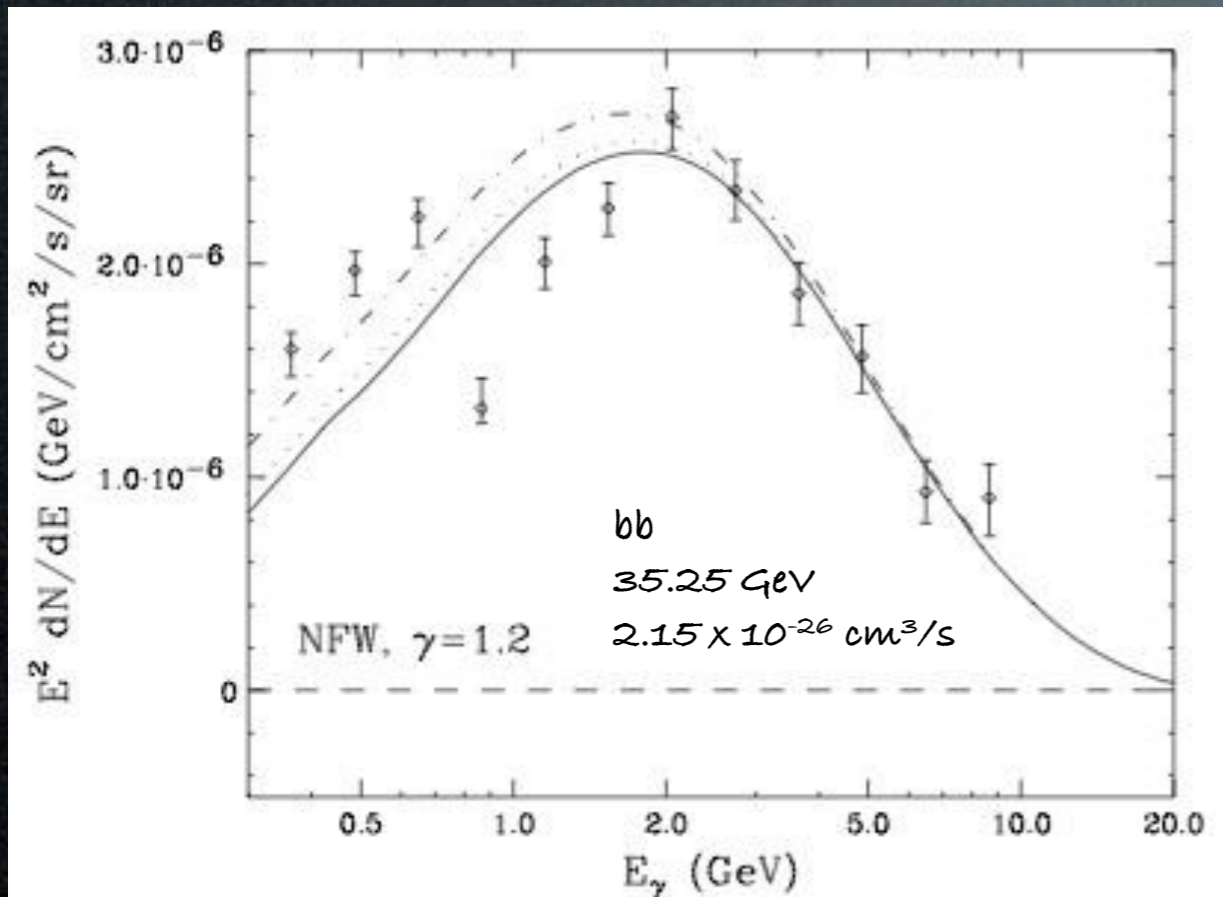
Hooper, Slatyer 1302.6589

Essentially confirmed by: Huang, Urbano, Xue 1307.6862

# GeV gamma excess?

What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data from the GC?

Using events with accurate directional reconstruction



Best fit:

$\sim 35 \text{ GeV}$ , quarks,  $\sim$ thermal  $\sigma v$

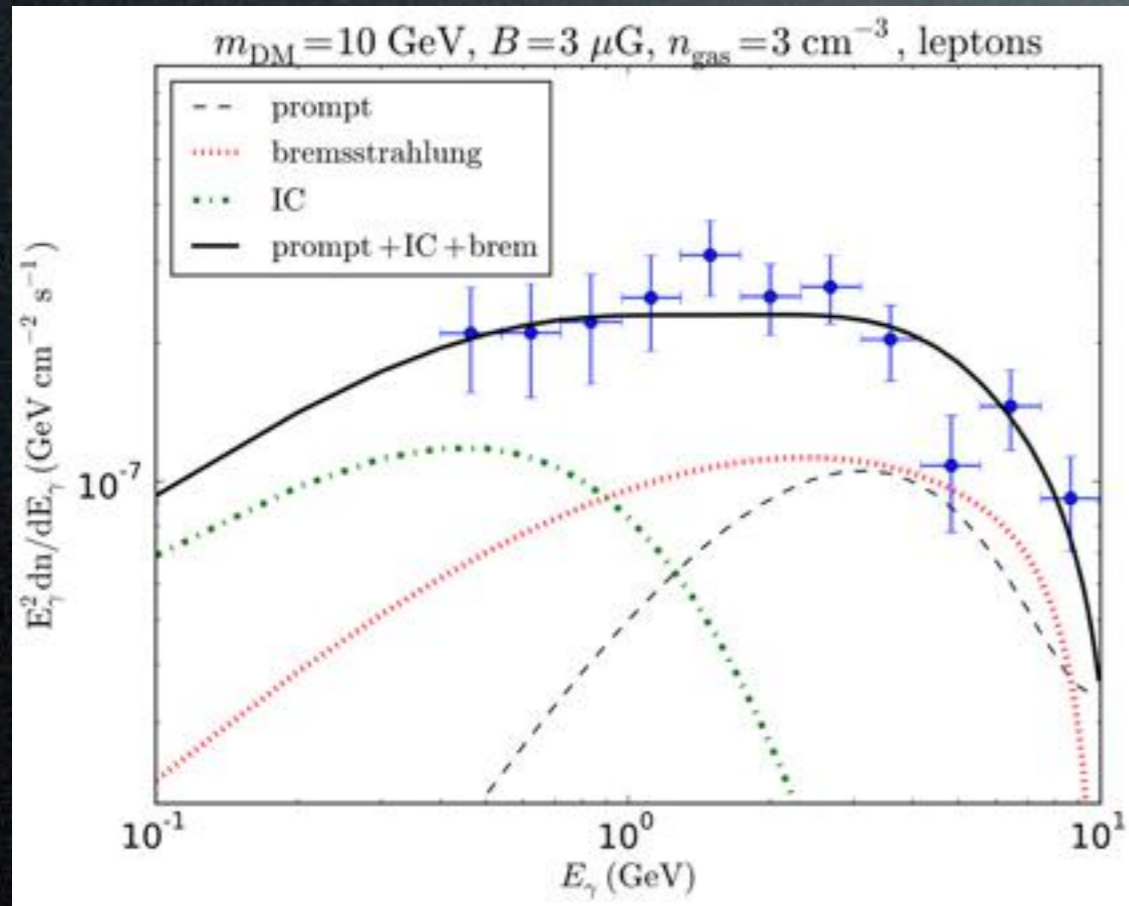
A compelling case for annihilating DM

Daylan, Finkbeiner, Hooper, Linden, Portillo, Rodd, Slatyer 1402.6703

As found in previous studies [8, 9], the inclusion of the dark matter template dramatically improves the quality of the fit to the *Fermi* data. For the best-fit spectrum and halo profile, we find that the inclusion of the dark matter template improves the formal fit by  $\Delta\chi^2 \simeq 1672$ , corresponding to a statistical preference greater than  $40\sigma$ .

# GeV gamma excess?

What if a signal of DM is *already* hidden in Fermi diffuse  $\gamma$  data from the GC?



Lacroix, Boehm, Silk 1403.1987

Including secondary emission changes the conclusions

But: propagation is approximate

Best fit:

$\sim 10 \text{ GeV}$ , leptons,  $\sim$ thermal  $\sigma v$

Fermi-LAT excess

Lacroix, Boehm, Silk 1403.1987

# GeV gamma excess?

An excess with respect to **what**?

Extracting 'data points' is not trivial:

- i. choose a **ROI** (shape, extension, masking...) and harvest Fermi-LAT data
- ii. impose sensible **cuts** (Pass N, angles, CTBCORE...)
- iii. in each energy bin, fit to a sum of spatial **templates**:
  1. Fermi Coll. diffuse
  2. isotropic
  3. unresolved point sources
  4. features (bubbles...)
  5. AOB (molecular gas...)
- iv. repeat the same, adding a template for:
  6. **Dark Matter**, having chosen a certain **profile**!
- v. if iii.  $\rightarrow$  iv. improves  $\chi^2$ , there's evidence for DM
- vi. the component fitted by 6 is the residual excess to be explained

## Note:

Adding 6 will in general change the recipe of 1...5 (you'll need a bit more of x here, a bit less of y there...).  
Changing the profile of 6 too.



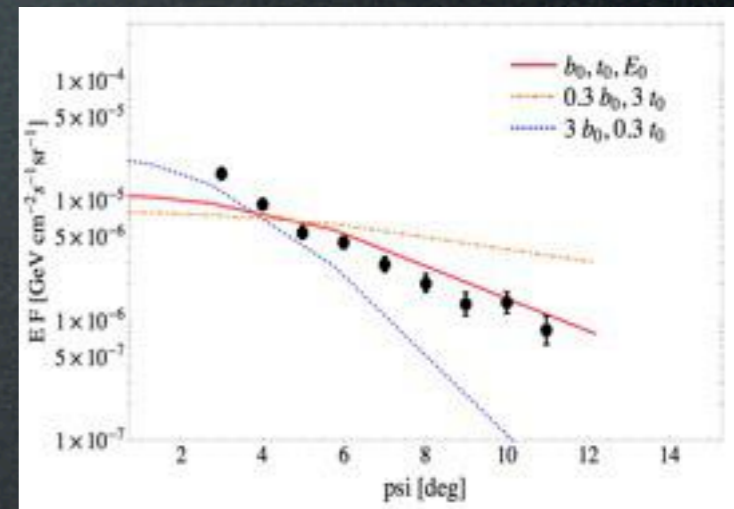
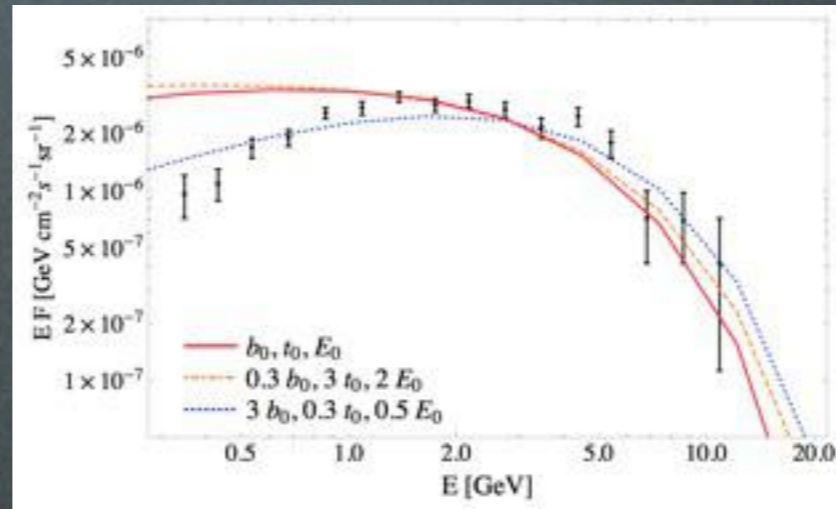
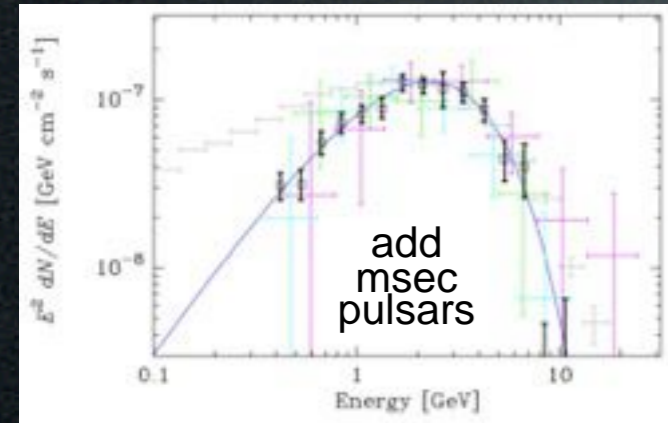
# Astrophysical interpretation

## Millisec pulsars

A transient phenomenon:

the GC spit  $10^{52}$  ergs in  $e^\pm$  1 mln yrs ago and they do ICS on ambient light, 'fits' both spectrum and morphology

Petrović, Serpico, Zaharijas 1405.7928



but: can one really get everything right?

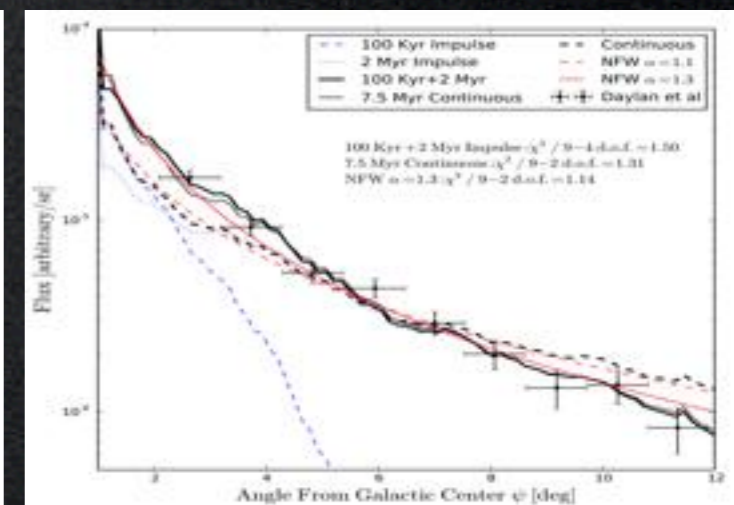
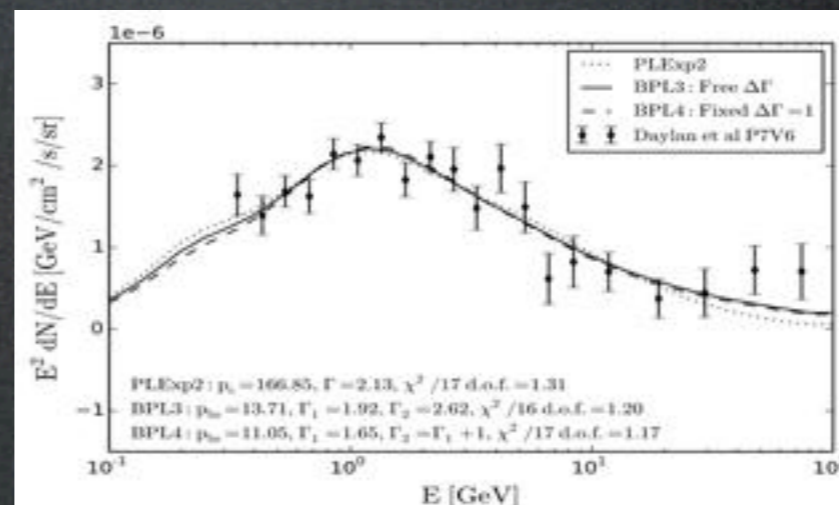
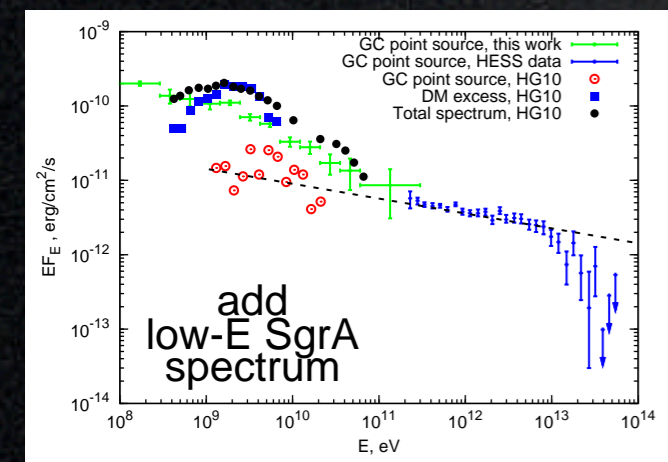
a SN explosion spits protons 5000 yrs ago and they do spallations + bremsstrahlung as well as  $e^\pm$  which do ICS... fits spectrum & morphology

Carlson, Profumo 1405.7685

## Non-trivial SgrA spectrum

a SN explosion spits protons 5000 yrs ago and they do spallations + bremsstrahlung as well as  $e^\pm$  which do ICS... fits spectrum & morphology

Carlson, Profumo 1405.7685



but: why correlation with gas density not seen?

Abazajian 1011.4275  
Hooper et al. 1305.0830  
Yuan, Zhang 1404.2318

Boyarisky et al., 1012.5839

# Theorist's reaction

3. the 'Hooperon'

# Theorist's reaction



3. the 'Hooperon'

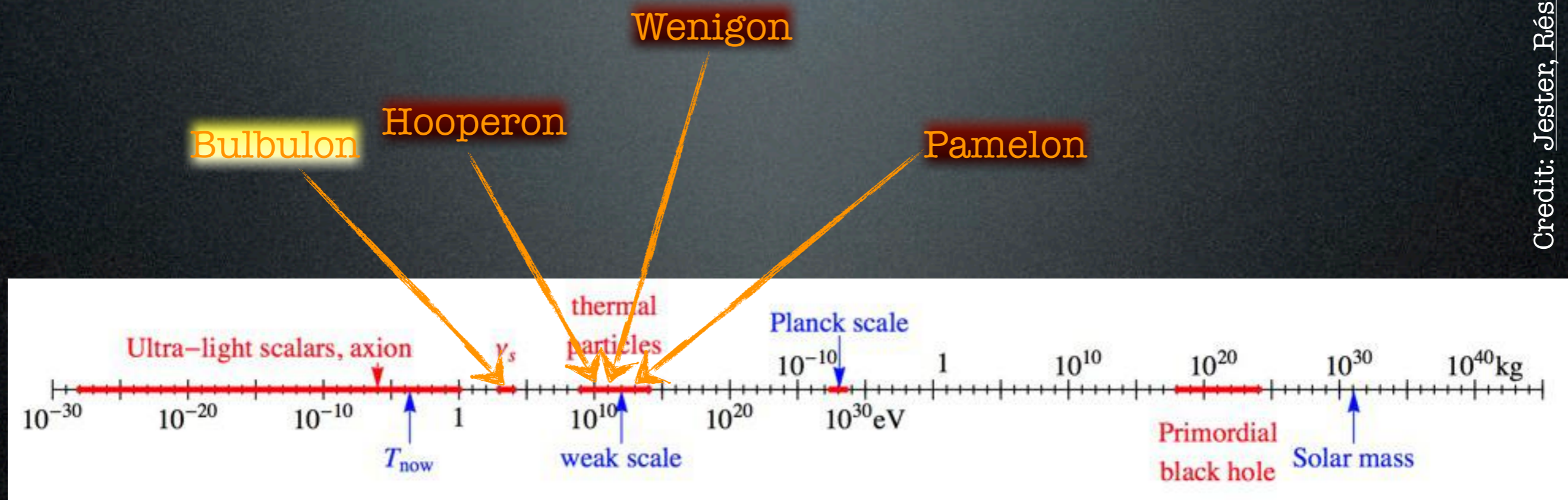
# X-rays



4. the '3.5 KeV line'

# DM Candidates

A matter of perspective: plausible mass ranges



Credit: Jester, Résonances

‘only’ 90 orders of magnitude!

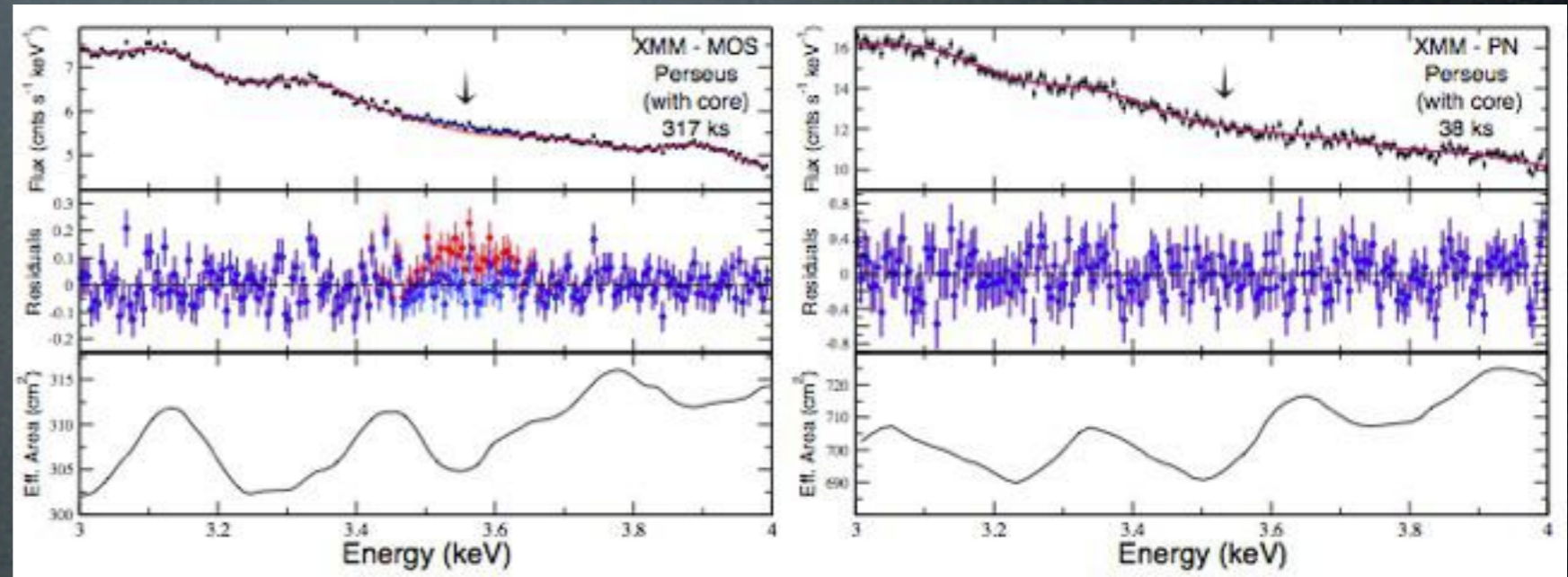
# X-ray line

Bulbul et al., 1402.2301

$3.55 - 3.57 \pm 0.03$  KeV

73 clusters

$z = 0.01 - 0.35$

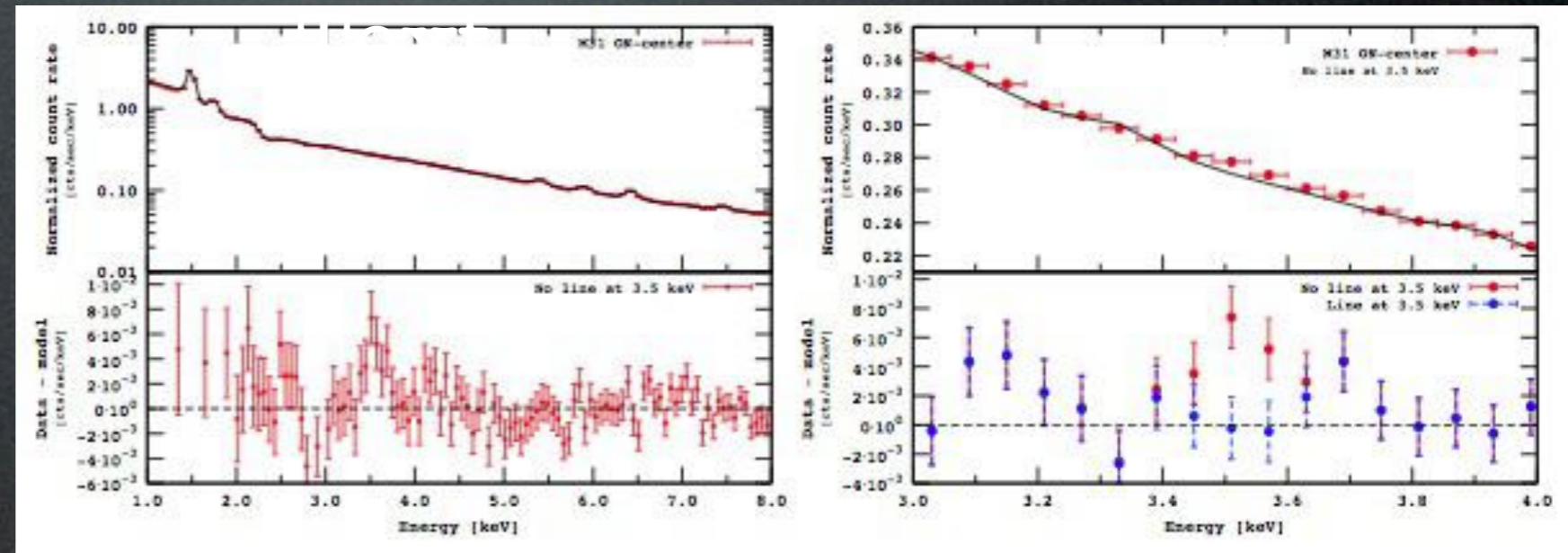


Boyarsky, Ruchayskiy,  
1402.4119

3.5 KeV

Andromeda galaxy  
+ Perseus cluster

$z = 0$  and  $0.0179$



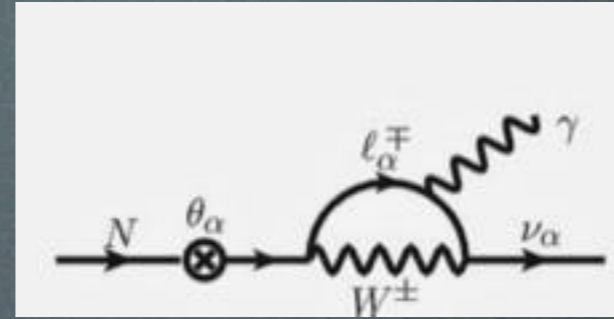
# Theorist's reaction



4. the '3.5 KeV' line

# X-ray line

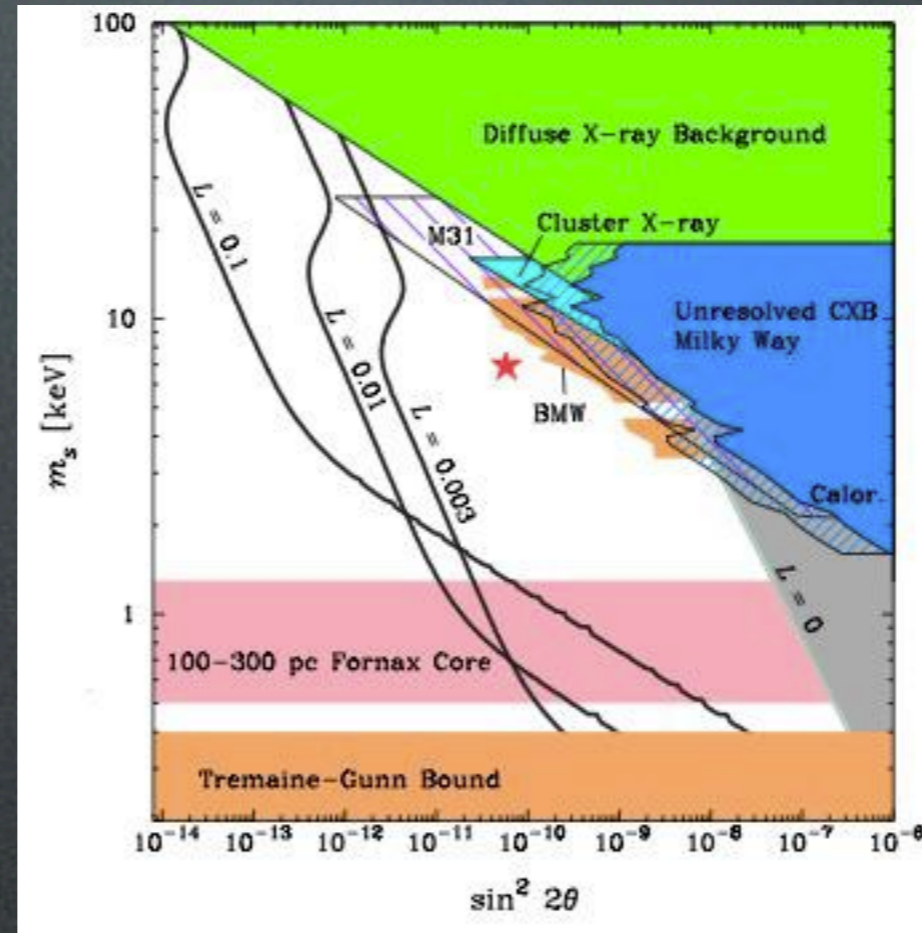
Sterile neutrino decay



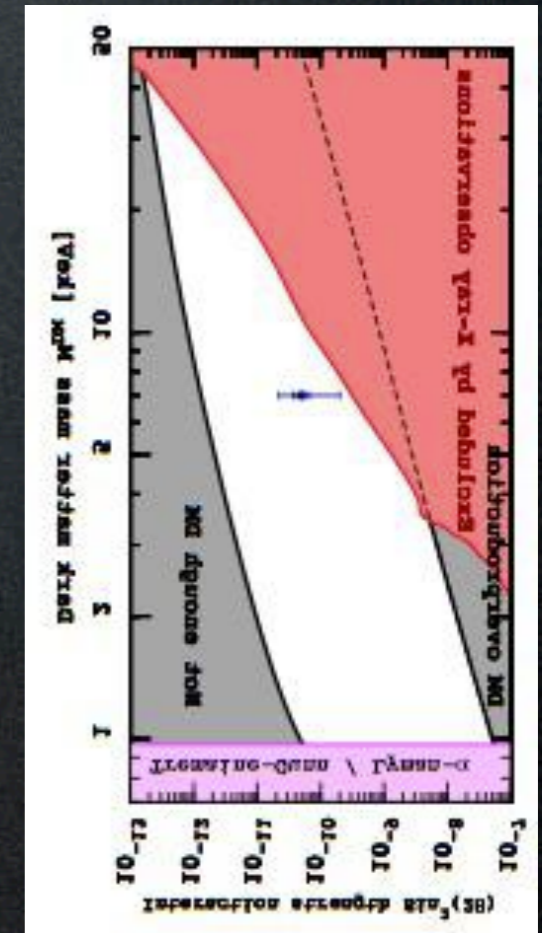
$$m_\nu = 7.1 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\tau \simeq 10^{29} \text{ sec}$$

$$\sin^2 2\theta \sim \text{few } 10^{-11}$$



Bulbul et al., 1402.2301

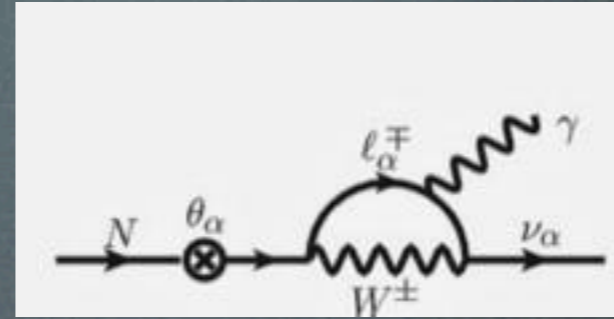


Boyarisky, Ruchayskiy et al.,  
1402.4119



# X-ray line

Sterile neutrino decay



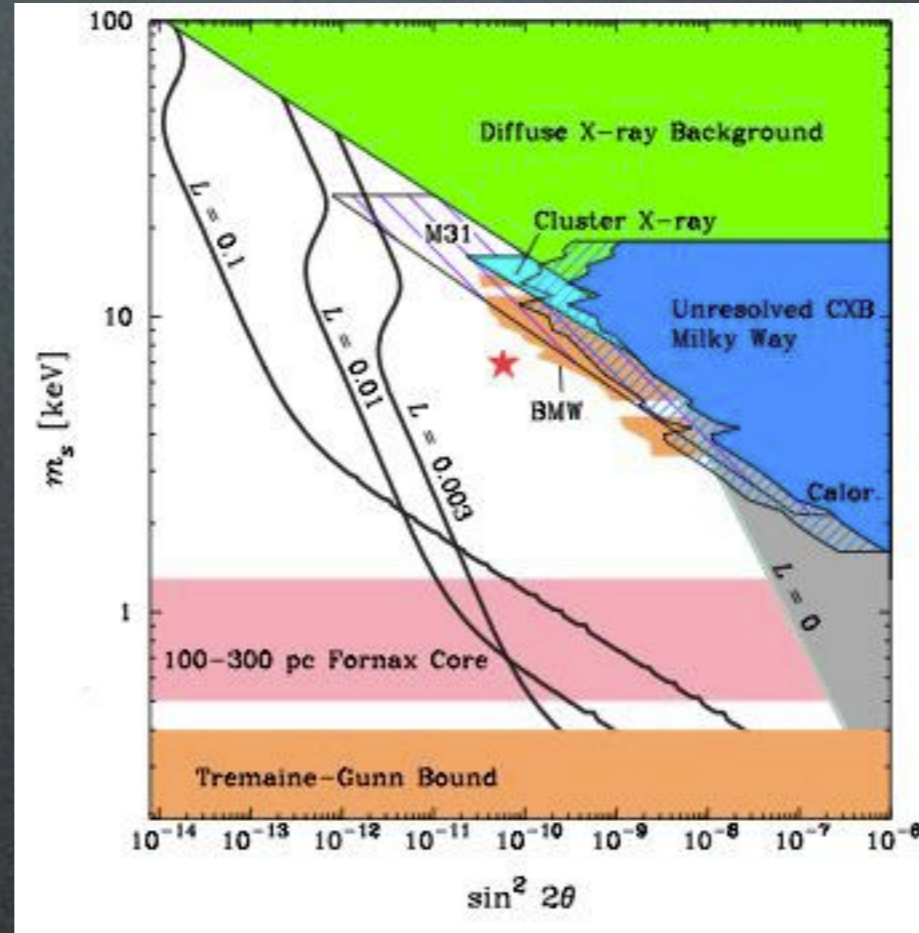
$$m_\nu = 7.1 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\tau \simeq 10^{29} \text{ sec}$$

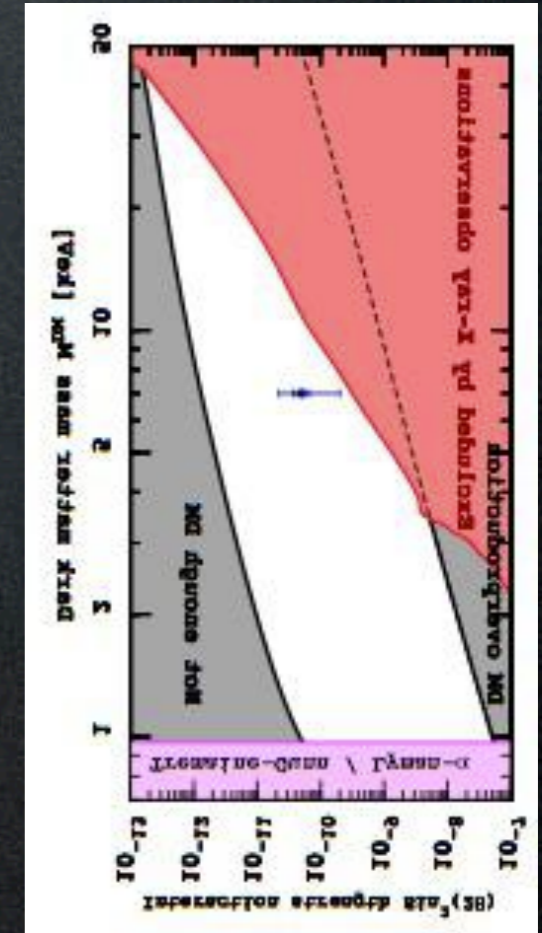
$$\sin^2 2\theta \sim \text{few } 10^{-11}$$

Possible challenges:

- EU production?
- Perseus flux too large?



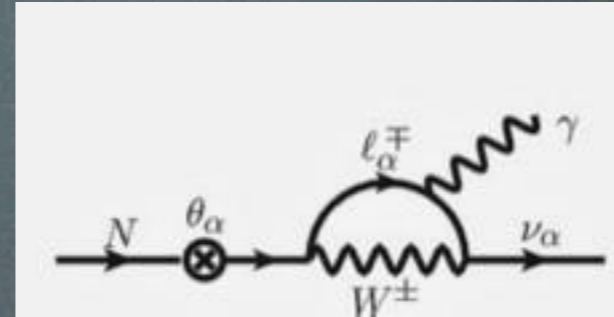
Bulbul et al., 1402.2301



Boyarisky, Ruchayskiy et al.,  
1402.4119

# X-ray line

## Sterile neutrino decay



$$m_\nu = 7.1 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\tau \simeq 10^{29} \text{ sec}$$

$$\sin^2 2\theta \sim \text{few } 10^{-11}$$

## Possible challenges:

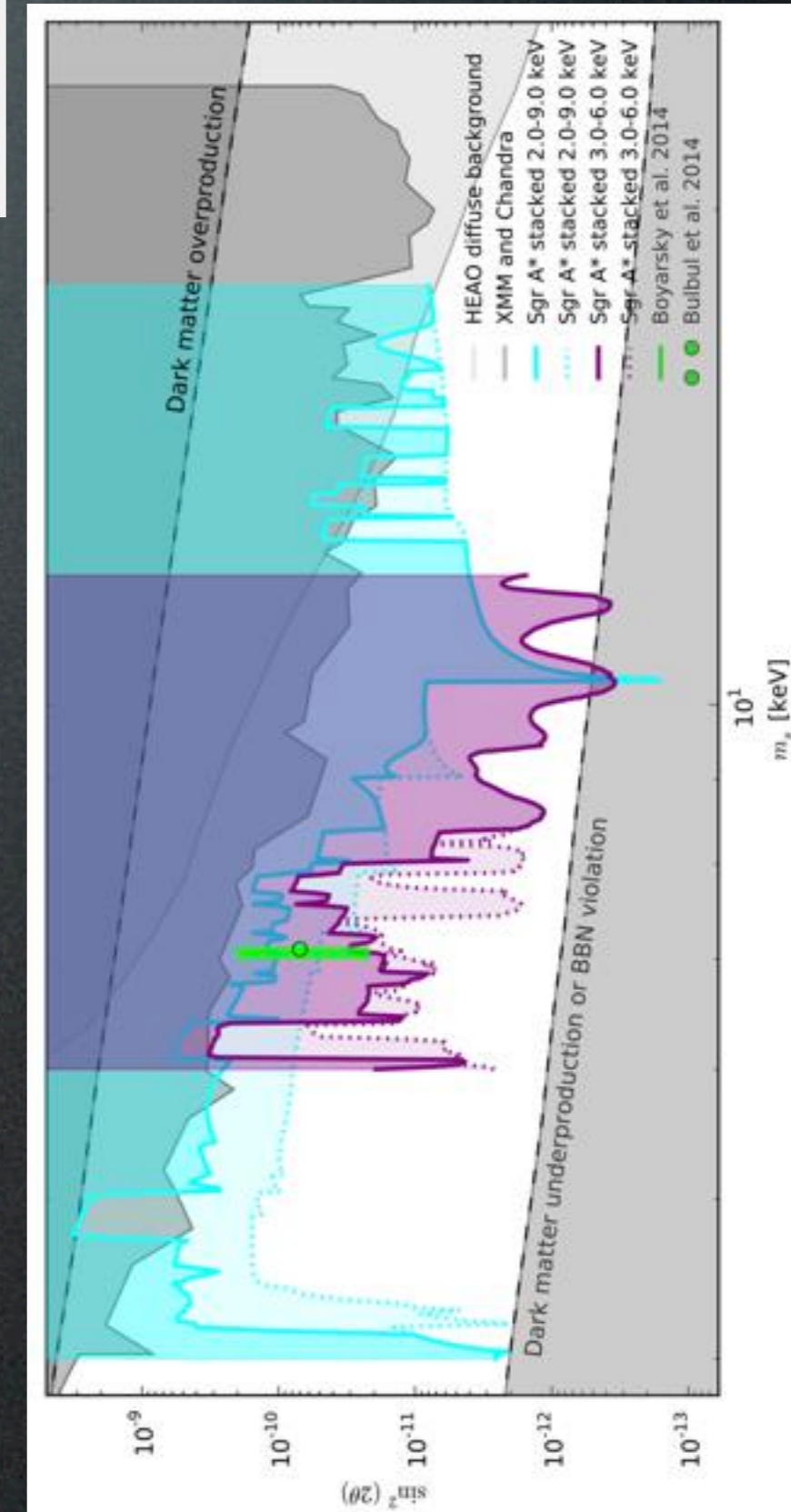
- EU production?
- Perseus flux too large?

## Caveat:

Riemer-Sørensen, 1405.7943

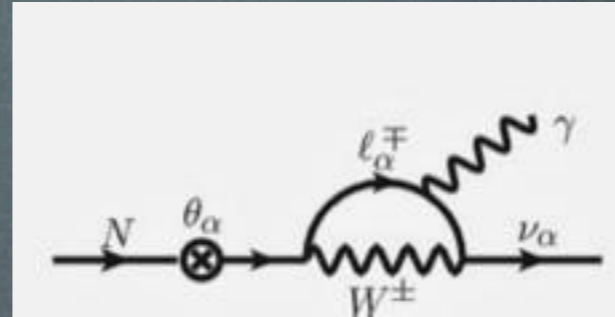
- no line seen with Chandra in the Galactic Center

(but conclusion depends on how one models the local background)



# X-ray line

## Sterile neutrino decay



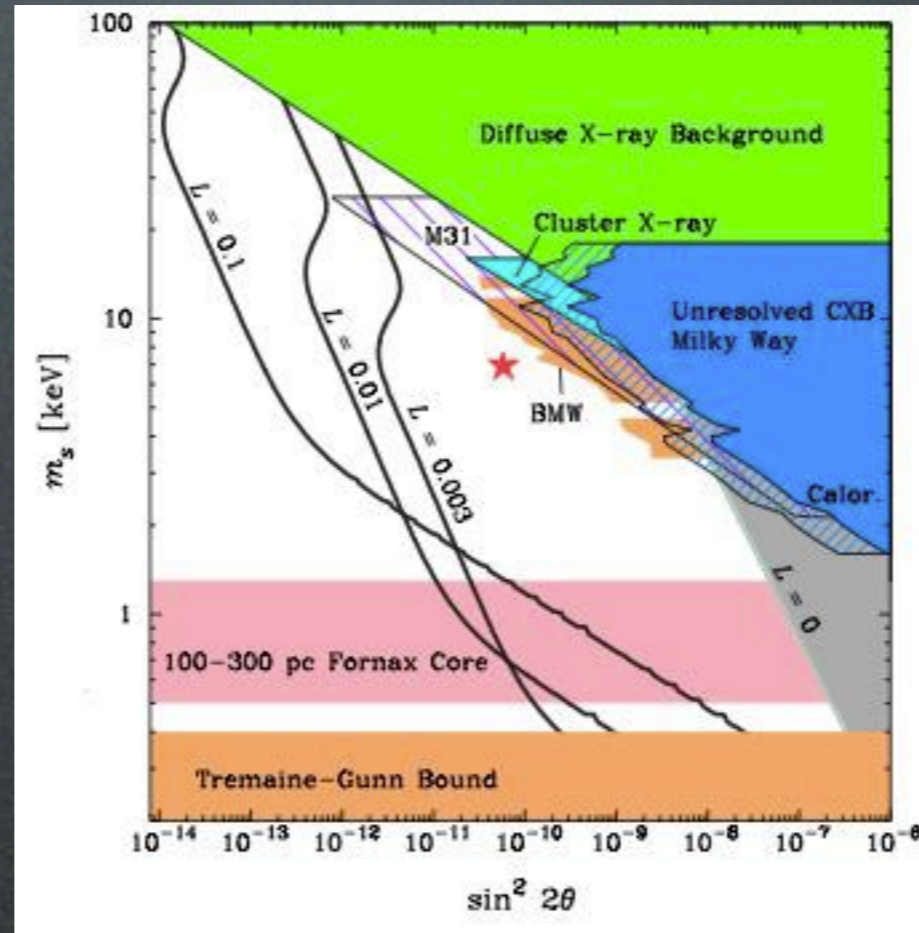
$$m_\nu = 7.1 \text{ KeV}$$

$$\tau \simeq 10^{29} \text{ sec}$$

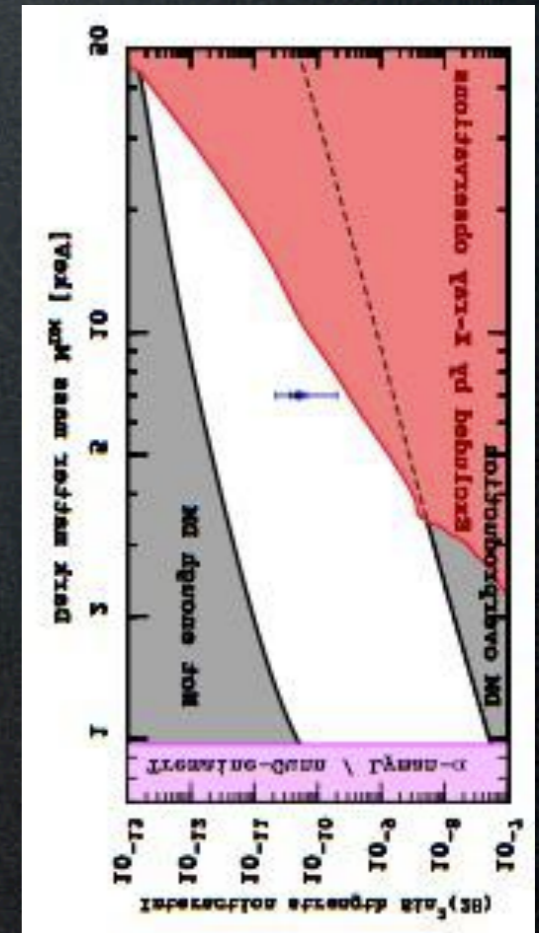
$$\sin^2 2\theta \sim \text{few } 10^{-11}$$

## Possible challenges:

- EU production?
- Perseus flux too large?



Bulbul et al., 1402.2301



Boyarisky, Ruchayskiy et al.,  
1402.4119

## Other possibilities:

axion (1402.7335), axino (1403.1536, 1403.1782, 1403.6621), modulus (1403.1733), ALP (1403.2370), gravitino (1403.6503), excited DM (1404.4795), the good the bad and the unlikely (1403.1570), sgoldstino (1404.1339), magnetic DM (1404.5446), majoron (1404.1400), annihilating effective DM (1404.1927), 7KeV scalar DM (1404.2220)...

# Advertisement

You need a quick **reference** for formulæ and methods to compute indirect detection signals?

You want to compute all **signatures** of your DM model in positrons, electrons, neutrinos, gamma rays...  
but you don't want to mess around with astrophysics?

# Advertisement

You want to compute all **signatures** of your DM model in positrons, electrons, neutrinos, gamma rays...  
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‘The Poor Particle Physicist Cookbook  
for Dark Matter Indirect Direction’

## PPPC 4 DM ID

We provide ingredients and recipes for computing signals of TeV-scale Dark Matter annihilations and decays in the Galaxy and beyond.

Cirelli, Corcella, Hektor,  
Hütsi, Kadastik, Panci,  
Raidal, Sala, Strumia

1012.4515 [hep-ph]

[www.marcocirelli.net/PPPC4DMID.html](http://www.marcocirelli.net/PPPC4DMID.html)



# Advertisement

You want to compute all **signatures** of your DM model in positrons, electrons, neutrinos, gamma rays...  
but you don't want to mess around with astrophysics?

## Propagation functions for electrons and positrons everywhere in the Galaxy:

Energy loss coefficient function  $b[E, r, z]$  for electrons and positrons in the Galaxy: *Mathematica* function `b.m`, refer to the notebook `Sample.nb` for usage.

### Annihilation

Positrons: The file `ElectronHaloFunctGalaxyAnn.m` provides the halo functions  $I(x, E_p, r, z)$  at a point  $(r, z)$  in the Galaxy.  
The notebook `Sample.nb` shows how to load and use it.

### Decay

Positrons: The file `ElectronHaloFunctGalaxyDec.m` provides the halo functions  $I(x, E_p, r, z)$  at a point  $(r, z)$  in the Galaxy.  
The notebook `Sample.nb` shows how to load and use it.

## Propagation functions for charged cosmic rays at the location of the Earth:

### Annihilation

Positrons: The file `ElectronHaloFunctEarthAnn.m` provides the halo functions  $I(x, E_p, r_{Earth})$  at the location of the Earth.  
The notebook `Sample.nb` shows how to load and use it.

[Table](#) of fit coefficients for the reduced halo function  $I(\lambda)$  (in the approximated formalism - see paper).

Antiprotons: [Table](#) of fit coefficients for the propagation function  $R(T)$ .

Antideuterons: [Table](#) of fit coefficients for the propagation function  $R(T)$ .

### Decay

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Antiprotons: [Table](#) of fit coefficients for the propagation function  $R(T)$ .

Antideuterons: [Table](#) of fit coefficients for the propagation function  $R(T)$ .

## Fluxes of charged cosmic rays at the Earth, after propagation:

### Annihilation

Positrons: *Mathematica* function: the file `ElectronFluxAnn.m` provides the

### Decay

Positrons: *Mathematica* function: the file `ElectronFluxDec.m` provides the

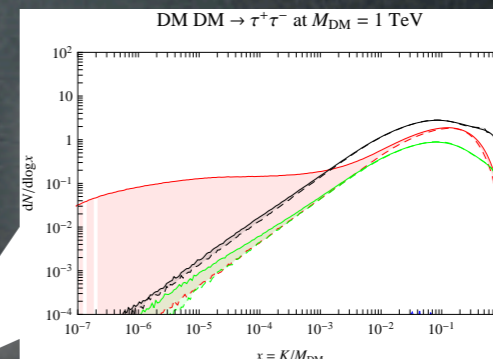
# Advertisement

You want to compute all **signatures** of your DM model in positrons, electrons, neutrinos, gamma rays...  
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Main added value features:

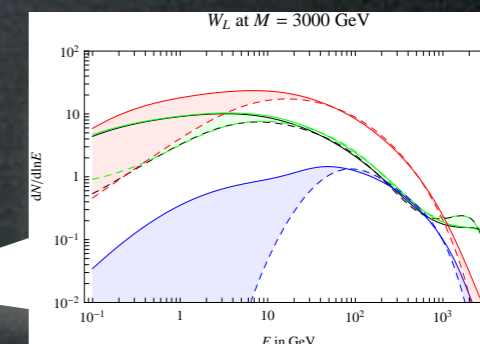


compare different MCs

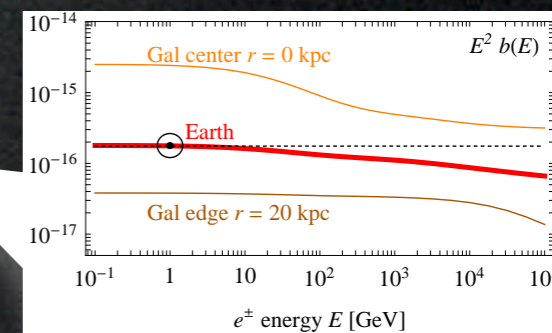


include EW corrections

Ciafaloni, Riotto et al., 1009.0224



improved  $e^\pm$  propagation



improved ICS  $\gamma$ -ray computation

# Conclusions & Outlook

**Hints**

**Constraints**

**Hopes**



# Conclusions & Outlook

## Hints

$e^{\pm}$

PAMELA

FERMI

HESS

$\gamma$

FERMI

$X$

XMM-Newton

## Constraints

## Hopes

# Conclusions & Outlook

## Hints

$e^{\pm}$  PAMELA  
FERMI  
HESS

$\gamma$  FERMI

$X$  XMM-Newton

## Constraints

$\gamma$  FERMI, HESS,  
VERITAS etc

$\bar{p}$  PAMELA

$\nu$  SK, ICECUBE

Cosmology

## Hopes

# Conclusions & Outlook

## Hints

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FERMI  
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Cosmology

## Hopes

$\bar{d}$

GAPS, AMS-02

$\gamma$

$\nu$

$\bar{p}$

AMS-02

- 'enhancements'

- new theory  
directions

# Conclusions & Outlook

## Hints

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FERMI  
HESS

$\gamma$  FERMI

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## Constraints

$\gamma$  FERMI, HESS,  
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Old wise remarks:

# Conclusions & Outlook

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Old wise remarks:

- any convincing result must be **multimessenger**

# Conclusions & Outlook

## Hints

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Cosmology

## Hopes

$\bar{d}$  GAPS, AMS-02

$\gamma$   $\nu$

$\bar{p}$

AMS-02

- 'enhancements'

- new theory  
directions

Old wise remarks:

- any convincing result must be **multimessenger**
- beware of **uncertainties**, beware of **astrophysics**